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**TRACE CONTAMINANT CONTROL SIMULATION  
COMPUTER PROGRAM—VERSION 8.1**

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Structures and Dynamics Laboratory  
Science and Engineering Directorate

May 1994



National Aeronautics and  
Space Administration

**George C. Marshall Space Flight Center**



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## TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

### **TRACE CONTAMINANT CONTROL SIMULATION COMPUTER PROGRAM—VERSION 8.1**

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The Trace Contaminant Control Simulation (TCCS) computer program development began with the efforts of Olcott which were documented in 1972. Since then, improvements in the user interface and more up-to-date information on activated charcoal loading characteristics and high temperature oxidation catalysts have become available. The progression of the program from version 1.0 through 8.0 and acknowledgments for its development are documented by reference 1. The descriptive material on the computer program subroutines has been extracted in its entirety from reference 1; however, some modifications have been made where necessary.

#### **VERSION 8.0 MODIFICATIONS**

The TCCS computer program version 8.0 which is documented in reference 1 has been modified as part of the International Space Station (ISS) design process. These modifications were made initially by personnel at Lockheed Missiles and Space Co. in Sunnyvale, CA, as part of the design activities for the ISS trace contaminant control subassembly. During these activities, new information on activated charcoal loading capacity, influence of relative humidity on charcoal loading capacity, and preliminary information on poisoning characteristics of high temperature oxidation catalysts was obtained. This information was assessed by both Lockheed and NASA Marshall Space Flight Center personnel and integrated into the TCCS computer program as version 8.1. These modifications were officially accepted by NASA in March 1994. Specific details on the modifications can be found in reference 2. A listing of the source files for version 8.1 is contained in appendix A. Version 8.1 supersedes all other versions of the program.

A brief summary of changes to version 8.0 which have resulted in the new version 8.1 are the following:

1. The main program, MAIN.FOR, was modified in the following ways:
  - (a) Matrix TT was increased from 300 by 7 to 750 by 7 to accommodate larger time-dependent data files
  - (b) Code which sets the time increment size was moved to precede the code which checks for changes in the basic time increment
  - (c) The code was modified to accept changes in the basic time increment size as long as the change occurs between the beginning and end of the current time step rather than at the beginning of the time step only

- (d) Changes to the cabin volume now result in a recalculation of all contaminant concentrations
  - (e) Mission duration output formats have been changed to accommodate number sizes up to five digits.
2. Testing of Barnebey-Sutcliffe types AC and 3032 activated carbon with and without 10 weight percent phosphoric acid impregnation has resulted in new charcoal capacity equations. The programs ACHBD.FOR and RCHBD.FOR were modified in the following ways:
- (a) Capacity for water soluble contaminants, those with a Henry's Law constant between 0 and 5, was determined to be a function of the adsorption potential factor,  $A$ , only and not a function of relative humidity. Activated carbon capacity for this case is expressed by the following equations:
- $$q = 2.1e^{-0.31A} \quad \text{for } A > 8 , \quad (1)$$
- $$q = 0.5 - 0.0405A \quad \text{for } A \leq 8 . \quad (2)$$
- (b) Insoluble contaminants were found to be a function of adsorption potential factor,  $A$ , and relative humidity,  $H_R$ . Activated carbon capacity for this case is expressed by the following equations:
- $$q = (-1.28 \times 10^{-6})H_R^2 - (2.64 \times 10^{-3})H_R + 0.5 + [(1.12 \times 10^{-6})H_R^2 + (2.08 \times 10^{-4})H_R - 0.0405]A \quad \text{for } A \leq 8 , \quad (3)$$
- $$q = [(-9.6 \times 10^{-5})H_R^2 - (1.88 \times 10^{-2})H_R - 2.11]e^{-0.31A} \quad \text{for } A > 8; H_R \leq 50 \text{ percent} , \quad (4)$$
- $$q = [(9.6 \times 10^{-5})H_R^2 - (1.88 \times 10^{-2})H_R - 2.11]e^{-(0.25 + 0.0012H_R)A} \quad \text{for } A > 8; H_R > 50 \text{ percent} . \quad (5)$$
- (c) The programs were modified to read cabin percent relative humidity from the device definition matrix, DD, row 1 column 14
  - (d) Carbon chemisorption capacity for ammonia at its spacecraft maximum allowable concentration (SMAC) was changed to 0.0061 grams of ammonia per gram of carbon to reflect the latest phosphoric acid impregnated charcoal performance data. The previous number was based on theoretical estimates rather than experimental results.
3. Subprogram CATBNR.FOR was modified to reflect poisoning of 0.5-percent palladium on alumina catalyst by halocarbons and sulfide compounds. The result of this poisoning is a decrease in the removal efficiency,  $\eta$ , for methane. The efficiency calculation was modified to account for the total mass of halocarbon and sulfide compounds,  $P$ , in milligrams by using the following equations:

$$\eta = 97.506 \times 10^{-0.00010507} P \quad \text{for } P \leq 5,500 \text{ mg} , \quad (6)$$

$$\eta = 31.453 - (1.151 \times 10^{-3})P + (1.9045 \times 10^{-8})P^2 - (1.0389 \times 10^{-13})P^3 \quad \text{for } P > 5,500 \text{ mg} . \quad (7)$$

4. The following changes were made to subprogram CNRSUB.FOR:
  - (a) Modifications were made to allow transferring the relative humidity value to ACHBD.FOR and RCHBD.FOR
  - (b) Partial catalytic oxidizer efficiency restoration for methane removal is set to coincide with axial and radial charcoal bed regeneration
  - (c) Cumulative masses of halocarbons and sulfides removed by the catalytic oxidizer are transferred to CATBNR.FOR. The cumulative mass is reinitialized at charcoal bed regeneration.
  - (d) Code was added to allow for reinitialization of methane oxidation efficiency in CATBNR.FOR if an upstream adsorption device is regenerated.

## **DETAILED COMPUTER PROGRAM DESCRIPTION**

A detailed description of the TCCS computer program source files is provided to acquaint the user with the main program and each significant subroutine. Flow charts of these routines are provided and discussion of the theoretical basis for some routines is provided where appropriate. A listing of the program source files is provided in appendix A. This description is paraphrased from a description produced by Lockheed Missiles and Space Co, Inc., under contract NAS8-36406. This work served as the primary reference for this section, and all block flow diagrams were adapted from this document.<sup>3</sup>

### **Program Editing, Compiling, and Linking**

This program was edited, compiled, and linked using the Ryan-McFarland RM/FORTRAN™ version 2.42 which include the RM/FORTE™ project manager. This FORTRAN compiler is recommended for making changes to the source files.

### **Main Program**

The main program, MAIN, is a simple program with no branching and two loops. A flow diagram is shown in figure 1. Each subroutine required for the particular program run is called during each pass of the main calculation loop until the end of the simulation.

Subroutines CAFILL and RAFILL, which write zeros into all the calculation matrices are called initially to initialize each calculation matrix. Next, CRIN and PRIN are called to read the contaminant, device definition, and time-dependent input data into matrices NN, CDI, DD, and TT. The input data are printed line by line, if desired, by calling subroutines CROUT2 and RROUT2. All initial variables such as time increment beginning time, time increment ending time, and the increment counter are zeroed.

The precalculation setup routine, PCSET, is called next. This routine calculates the initial removal efficiency for each removal device, the equilibrium cabin concentration, and the final cabin concentration for a cabin concentration of  $1 \times 10^{-20}$  mg/m<sup>3</sup> for all contaminants. Intermediate and final calculation results are stored in matrices CC and DD.

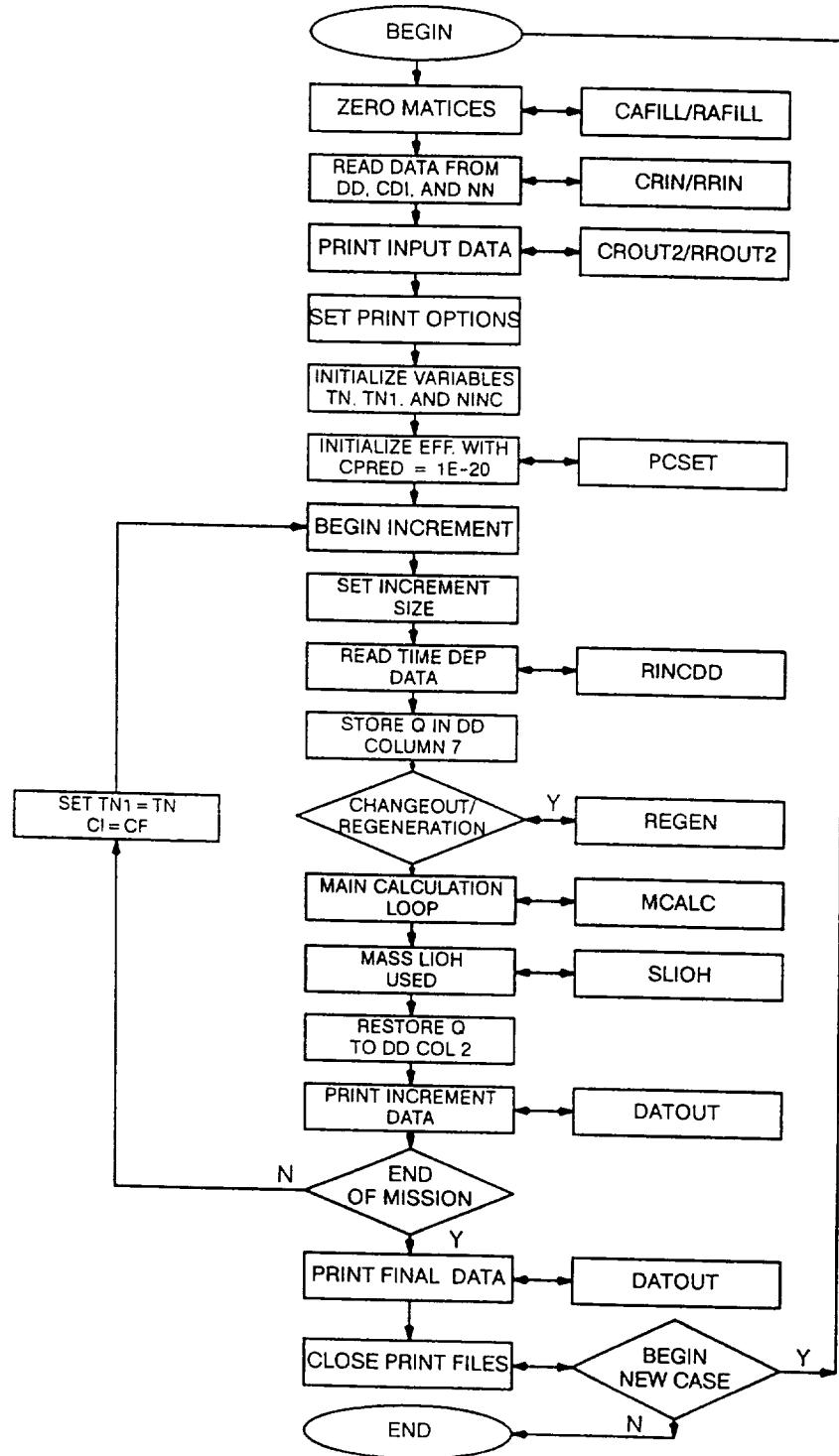


Figure 1. Main program block flow diagram.

The calculation loop is now entered, and the iterative process of determining the cabin concentration for each contaminant at the end of a time increment is begun. Since cabin concentration is a function of the contaminant mass removed and the contaminant mass removed is a function of the cabin concentration, it is important that the same value be used in the mass balance and removal efficiency

calculation routines. A solution is achieved by assuming an increment concentration, calculating an average contaminant concentration, and comparing the two concentrations. This procedure continues until the assumed and calculated concentrations are equal.

Calculation for each time increment is initiated by increasing the increment counter, setting the increment size, and listing the increment number, starting time, and ending time to the computer screen. Subroutine RINCDD is called to read time-dependent data from matrix TT at this time, and subroutine REGEN is called to check for regeneration of any devices during the time increment and to set the adsorbed contaminant masses and device flow rates to zero if necessary. The main calculation loop subroutine, MCALC, is called next to calculate the removal efficiencies, average calculated concentration, and final concentration for each contaminant based on the sum of the mass removed during the previous time increment. Subroutine SLIOH then calculates the amount of lithium hydroxide (LiOH) used during the time increment if a LiOH bed is specified in the device definition file. Next, the original device flow rate is restored for any device that was being regenerated during the increment. Subroutine DATOUT is called to print the calculated data at the end of a time increment, if necessary, to both the standard formatted and plot data output devices. The simulation and mission duration times are then compared to determine whether the mission simulation has ended. If the mission simulation has not ended, another pass through the calculation loop begins by setting the new increment beginning time and initial cabin concentration equal to the previous increment ending time and concentration. If the mission simulation has ended, subroutine DATOUT is called to write the final answers to the appropriate output devices as specified by the user. The output files are closed, and the program loops to the beginning to begin another run if the user wishes. If the user has no other runs to make, the program execution is terminated, otherwise, the calculation matrices are zeroed and new input data is supplied to the program for the next run.

Brief descriptions for each major TCCS computer program subroutine are provided in the order that they are called by MAIN. Table 1 lists the subroutines as they are called and provides a brief description each subroutine's purpose. Block flow diagrams are provided for the most significant subroutines.

### **Calculation Loop Subroutines**

The following subroutines comprise the principal calculation framework for the TCCS Computer Program.

#### **Subroutine CAFILL**

The subroutine CAFILL is called by MAIN and fills the matrix NN with blanks. Matrix NN contains the contaminant names during the simulation run.

#### **Subroutine RAFILL**

The subroutine RAFILL is called by MAIN and fills the matrices CC, TT, CDI, and DD with zeros. Matrices CDI and CC contains contaminant input and calculation data, matrix DD contains device calculation data, and matrix TT contains time-dependent data. This routine is used at the beginning of a computer simulation to initialize these matrices in the event a previous run has been made.

Table 1. TCCS computer program subroutine listing and description.

Subrouting Level					Description
1	2	3	4	5	
MAIN	CAFILL	PRAFIL CNRSUB	ACHBD RCHBD ALIOH COOXID CATBNR CONDHX  MASBAL  PREDCT  CONVRG  SLIOH DATOUT	CALCM LDIGEN PCAVCF  PRAFIL LODEFF MASBAL  PRAFIL CNRSUB  MASBAL	MAIN PROGRAM ZERO MATRIX NN ZERO MATRICES CDI, CC, DD, TT INPUT DATA INTO NN AND CDI INPUT FROM FILE TO DD AND TT PRINT DATA FROM NN AND CDI PRINT DATA FROM DD AND TT PRECALCULATION SETUP FOR ALL CONT ZERO MATRIX DD COLUMNS 17-21 CALCULATE REMOVAL EFFICIENCY AXIAL CHARCOAL BED EFFICIENCY RADIAL CHARCOAL BED EFFICIENCY AXIAL LiOH BED EFFICIENCY CO OXIDIZER EFFICIENCY CATALYTIC OXIDIZER EFFICIENCY CONDENSATE EFFICIENCY CONTAMINANT MATERIAL BALANCE SUM OF MASS REMOVED BY DEVICES LOAD GENERATION INTO DD COL 19 CALCULATE FINAL AND AVERAGE CONC READ INCREMENT DEPENDENT DATA CALCULATE REGENERATION/CHANGEOUT MAIN CALCULATION ROUTINE CALCULATE PREDICTED AVERAGE CONC ZERO MATRIX DD COLUMNS 17-21 PUT LAST INCREMENT EFFICIENCY IN DD MASS BALANCE ROUTINE SUM OF MASS REMOVED BY DEVICES LOAD GENERATION INTO DD COL 19 CALCULATE FINAL AND AVERAGE CONC SOLVE FOR NEW REMOVAL EFFICIENCY ZERO MATRIX DD COLUMNS 17-21 CALCULATE REMOVAL EFFICIENCIES AXIAL CHARCOAL BED EFFICIENCY RADIAL CHARCOAL BED EFFICIENCY AXIAL LiOH BED EFFICIENCY CO OXIDIZER EFFICIENCY CATALYTIC OXIDIZER EFFICIENCY CONDENSATE EFFICIENCY CONTAMINANT MATERIAL BALANCE SUM OF MASS REMOVED BY DEVICES LOAD GENERATION INTO DD COL 19 CALCULATE FINAL AND AVERAGE CONC CALCULATE LiOH USED IN INCREMENT PRINT DATA TO THE SPECIFIED DEVICE(S) PRINT CONCENTRATION DATA ANSWERS PRINT DATA HEADINGS PRINT TOXIC HAZARD INDEX ANSWERS
	RAFILL				
	CRIN				
	RRIN				
	CROUT2				
	RROUT2				
	PCSET				
	RINCDD				
	REGEN				
	MCALC				
PRFANS	HEADGS	ACHBD RCHBD ALIOH COOXID CATBNR CONDHX  MASBAL  GROUP	CALCM LDIGEN PCAVCF		

## Subroutine PCSET

The subroutine PCSET is the precalculation setup routine. PCSET gets calculations started by assuming an initial cabin concentration before the program enters the time calculation loop. Figure 2 shows a flow diagram of PCSET. PCSET sets the initial time increment ending time to  $1/240$  of the basic time increment specified in the device definition input file. Subroutine PRAFIL is then called and columns 17 to 21 are zeroed. These columns are used to store the results of subsequent calculations. CNRSUB is called to calculate each device removal efficiency for an assumed initial contaminant concentration of  $1 \times 10^{-20}$  mg/m<sup>3</sup>. Contaminant removal rates and predicted, equilibrium, and final cabin concentrations are calculated by subroutine MASBAL. These calculated values are copied from matrix DD to the calculation matrix, CC, and printed out by subroutines CROUT and RROUT if required.

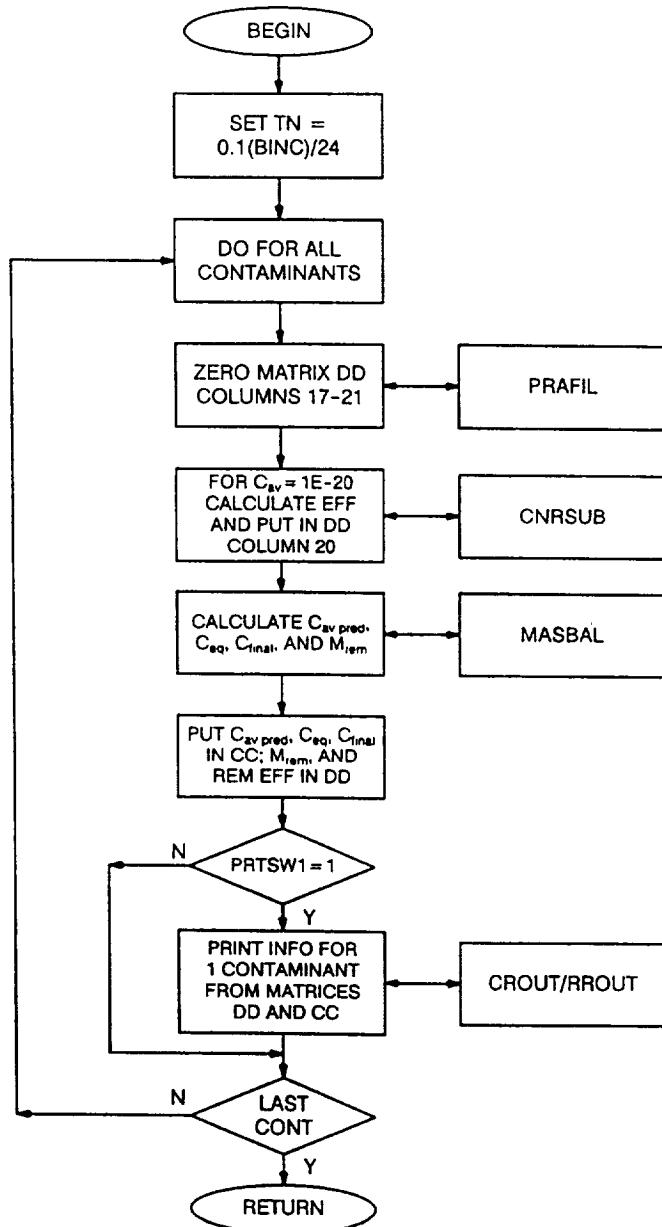


Figure 2. Subroutine PCSET block flow diagram.

## Subroutine PRAFIL

Subroutine PRAFIL is called by PCSET and places zeros in matrix DD columns 17 through 21.

## Subroutine CNRSUB

The subroutine CNRSUB calculates the removal efficiency of each device for each contaminant in the simulation during every time increment. This calculation is based on the average calculated cabin concentration. Figure 3 shows a block flow diagram for CNRSUB. These calculations are conducted by device type rather than the relative positions of each device with respect to each other.

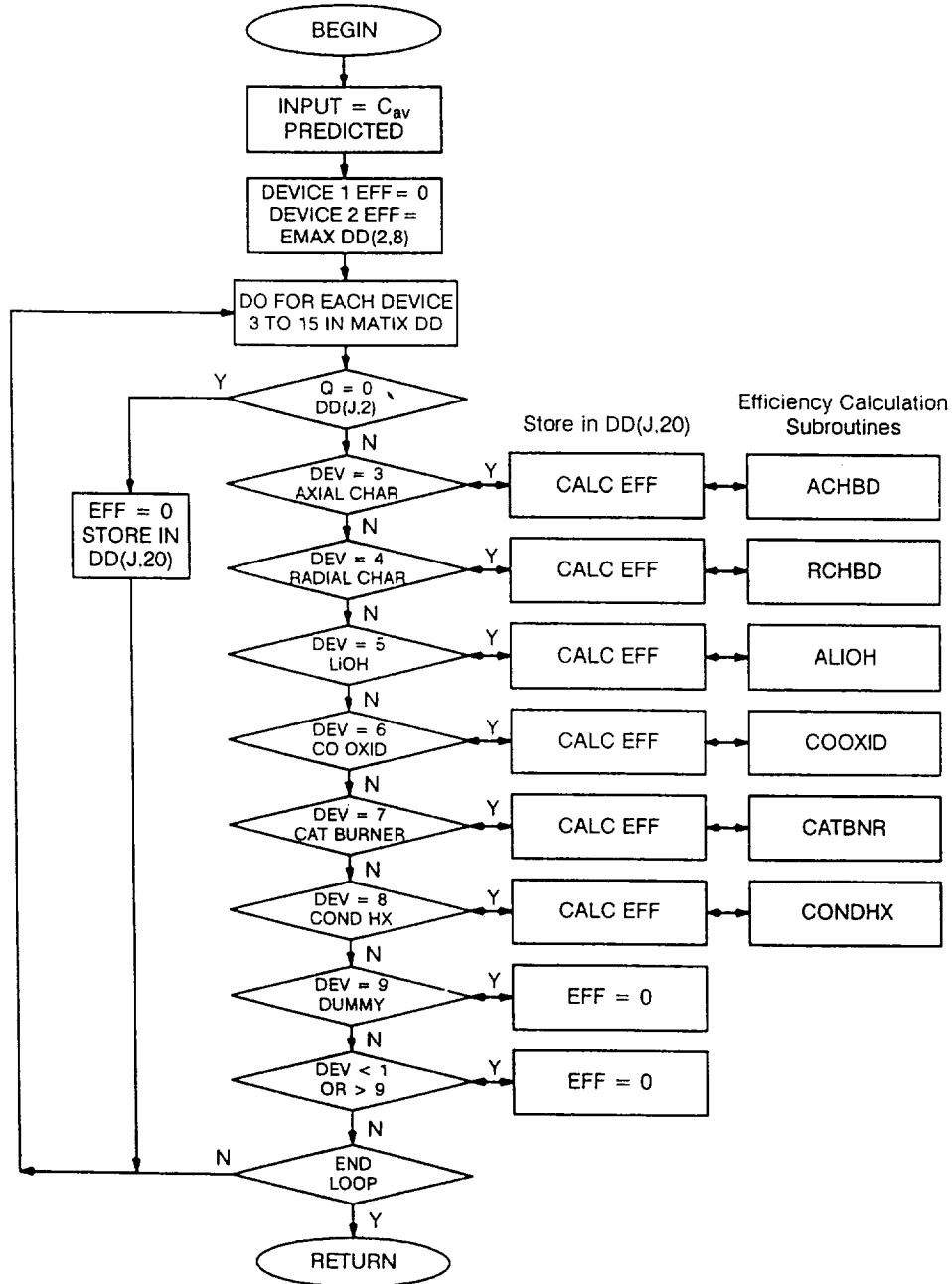


Figure 3. Subroutine CNRSUB block flow diagram.

This routine sets the cabin removal efficiency to zero and the leakage efficiency to the maximum of 1.0. Removal efficiencies for all devices with no flow are also set to zero. The remaining device efficiencies are calculated by calling the subroutines ACHBD, RCHBC, ALIOH, COOXID, CATBNR, and CONDHX. These calculated efficiencies are stored in matrix DD.

### **Subroutine MASBAL**

Using the device efficiencies calculated by CNRSUB, MASBAL determines the mass removed, the calculated cabin concentration, the equilibrium cabin concentration, and final cabin concentration for each contaminant during a time increment. This calculation is conducted for all removal devices in parallel and in series. Figure 4 shows a block flow diagram for MASBAL.

MASBAL uses the mass of contaminant removed and the net mass to the cabin to determine the final cabin concentration for each contaminant. The mass of the contaminant removed is defined as the product of the removal device flow rate, contaminant concentration, and device removal efficiency. The net mass of contaminant to the cabin is defined as the difference between the mass generated and mass removed. At steady state or equilibrium, the mass removed equals the mass generated. The mass generated is the sum of all generation sources which includes the cabin generation rate and the generation rate in each device. The steady-state concentration is defined according to the following equation:

$$C_{ss} = (m_{\text{net-to-cabin}}) / (\eta_r \times Q) , \quad (8)$$

where  $m_{\text{net-to-cabin}}$  is the mass of contaminant,  $\eta_r$  is the overall removal efficiency for all devices, and  $Q$  is the atmospheric flow rate through the removal devices.

MASBAL is composed of two parts to determine the steady-state concentration. The first part of MASBAL determines the product of the overall efficiency and flow rate by setting the device generation rates to zero, assuming an arbitrary value for average cabin concentration ( $100 \text{ mg/m}^3$ ) and cabin generation rate ( $50 \text{ mg/h}$ ), and calling CALCM to determine the sum of mass removed for all the removal devices. The second part of MASBAL evaluates the net mass to the cabin by setting the average cabin concentration equal to zero, restoring the contaminant and device generation rates to the values specified in the contaminant data matrix, and calculating the mass removed using CALCM. The  $m_{\text{net-to-cabin}}$  equals the difference between the masses generated in the cabin and removal devices and the mass removed. From these values,  $C_{ss}$  is calculated according to equation (8). After calculating the steady-state concentration, the final and average cabin concentrations are calculated by calling PCAVCF, and CALCM is called to calculate the mass removed by the cabin and each device using the average calculated cabin concentration.

### **Subroutine CALCM**

The removal device inlet and outlet concentrations and the total mass removed by the cabin and the specified removal devices is calculated CALCM by using the removal efficiencies, generation rates, and average cabin concentration. This calculation is sequential from one device to another and uses the outlet concentration of an upstream device as the inlet concentration for a downstream device. This calculation requires the device definition input data to be arranged to allow calculations for all upstream devices to be completed before calculations for the downstream devices. Figure 5 shows a block flow diagram for CALCM.

The subroutine sets the cabin and leakage device inlet and outlet concentrations equal to the average cabin concentration. All other devices are tested for zero flow. Devices with zero flow have

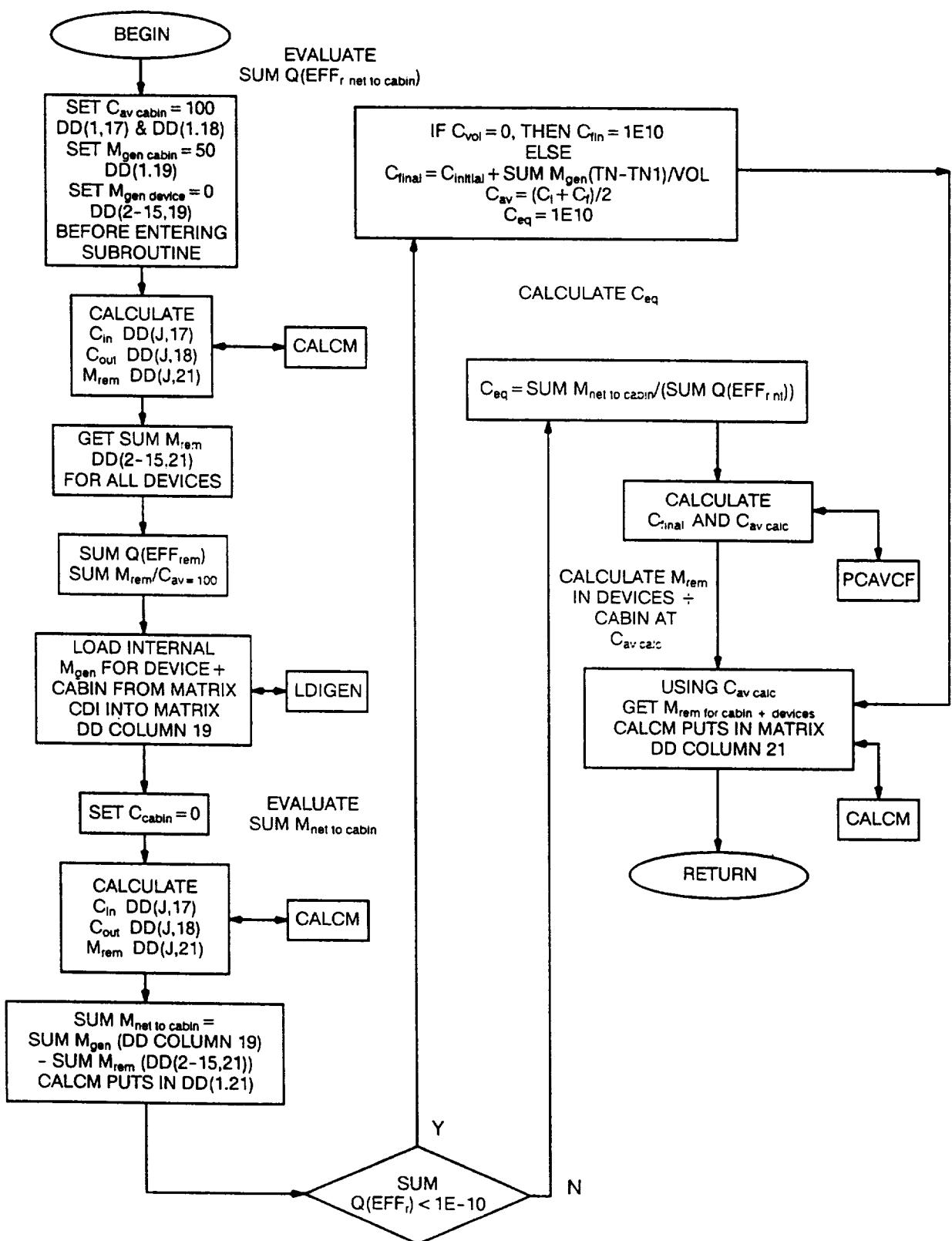


Figure 4. Subroutine MASBAL block flow diagram.

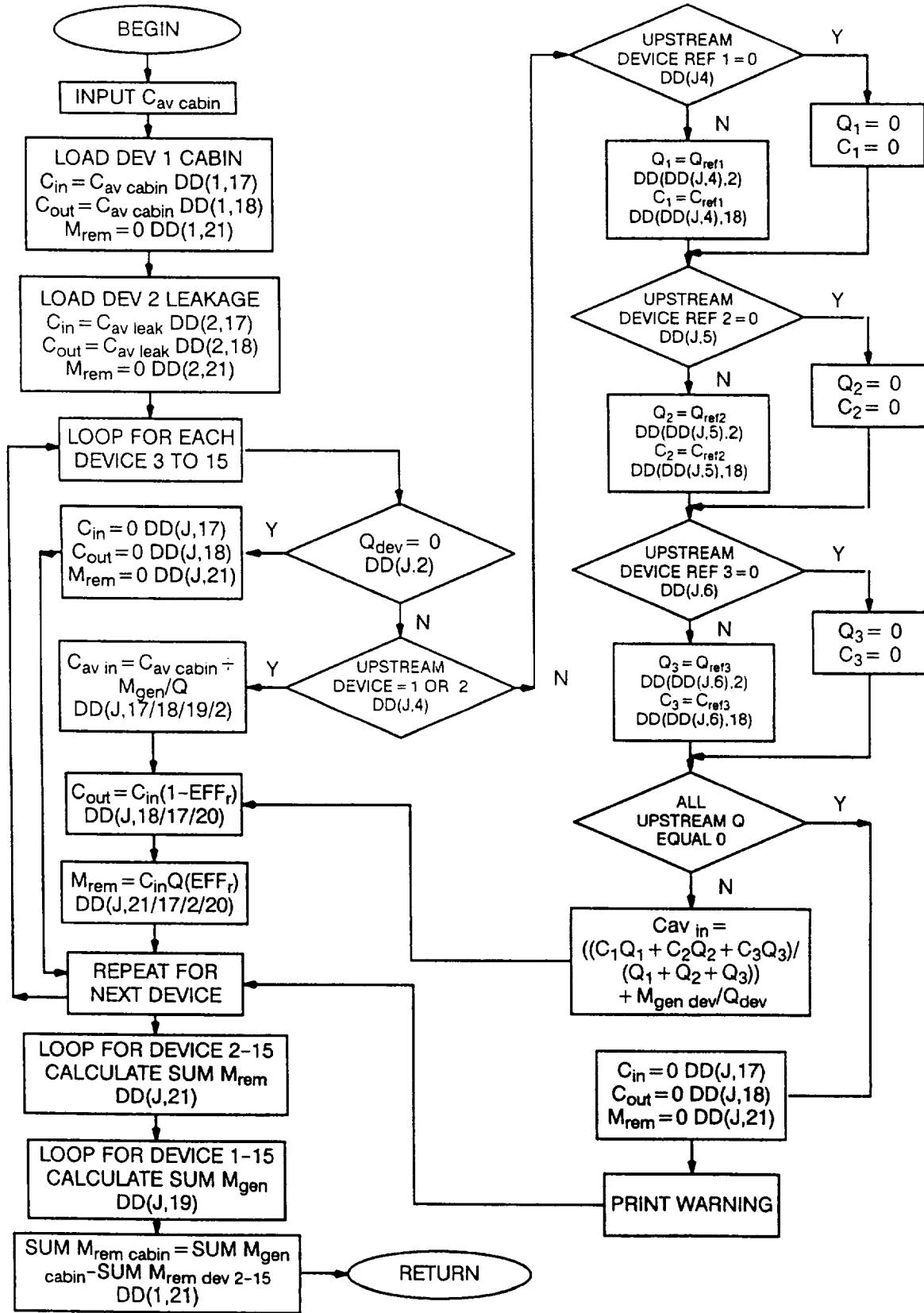


Figure 5. Subroutine CALCM block flow diagram.

their inlet concentration, outlet concentration, and mass removed set equal to zero. Upstream devices for each removal device are identified. If the upstream device type is 1 or 2, the inlet concentration is set equal to the average cabin concentration plus any internal device generation rate divided by the device flow rate. Upstream device types other than 1 or 2 cause the device inlet concentration to be based on the flow rates and outlet concentrations of all the upstream devices.

Outlet concentration and the mass removed by the devices are calculated according to the following equations:

$$C_{\text{out}} = C_{\text{in}}(1-\eta_r), \quad (9)$$

$$m_{\text{rem}} = C_{\text{in}}(Q)(\eta_r). \quad (10)$$

The inlet concentration for a device with an upstream device is set equal to the outlet concentration for the upstream device. A device with multiple upstream devices requires the mixing of streams with varying concentrations to be considered. For example, the inlet concentration for a device with three upstream devices must be calculated according to the following equation:

$$C_4 = (C_1 Q_1 + C_2 Q_2 + C_3 Q_3) / Q_4. \quad (11)$$

The sum of the mass removed and mass generated is calculated by adding the masses removed and masses generated by all the devices. The difference between the sum of the mass generated and the sum of the mass removed gives the mass removed by the cabin.

### **Subroutine LDIGEN**

Subroutine LDIGEN is called by MASBAL to load the generation rates from matrix CDI column 1 and columns 10 through 22 into matrix DD column 19.

### **Subroutine PCAVCF**

Subroutine PCAVCF is called by MASBAL to calculate the increment final and average cabin concentrations for each contaminant.

### **Subroutine RINCDD**

Subroutine RINCDD is used at the beginning of each time increment to input and operate on the time-dependent data. A flow diagram of RINCDD is shown by figure 6. This subroutine checks the time-dependent data to determine whether any changes occur during the current time increment. Variables in matrix TT are identified. If a contaminant generation rate is indicated, the new rate is placed in the calculation matrix, CDI. Likewise, if a change in removal device flow rate or any other device change is indicated, the new information is placed in the appropriate device definition matrix, DD, location.

### **Subroutine REGEN**

Figure 7 shows a block flow diagram for subroutine REGEN. This subroutine determines whether any charcoal or LiOH beds will be regenerated during the current time increment. If regeneration occurs, the mass of contaminants stored in the beds is set equal to zero. Similarly, if the regeneration duration lasts for the entire time increment, the device flow rate is set equal to zero.

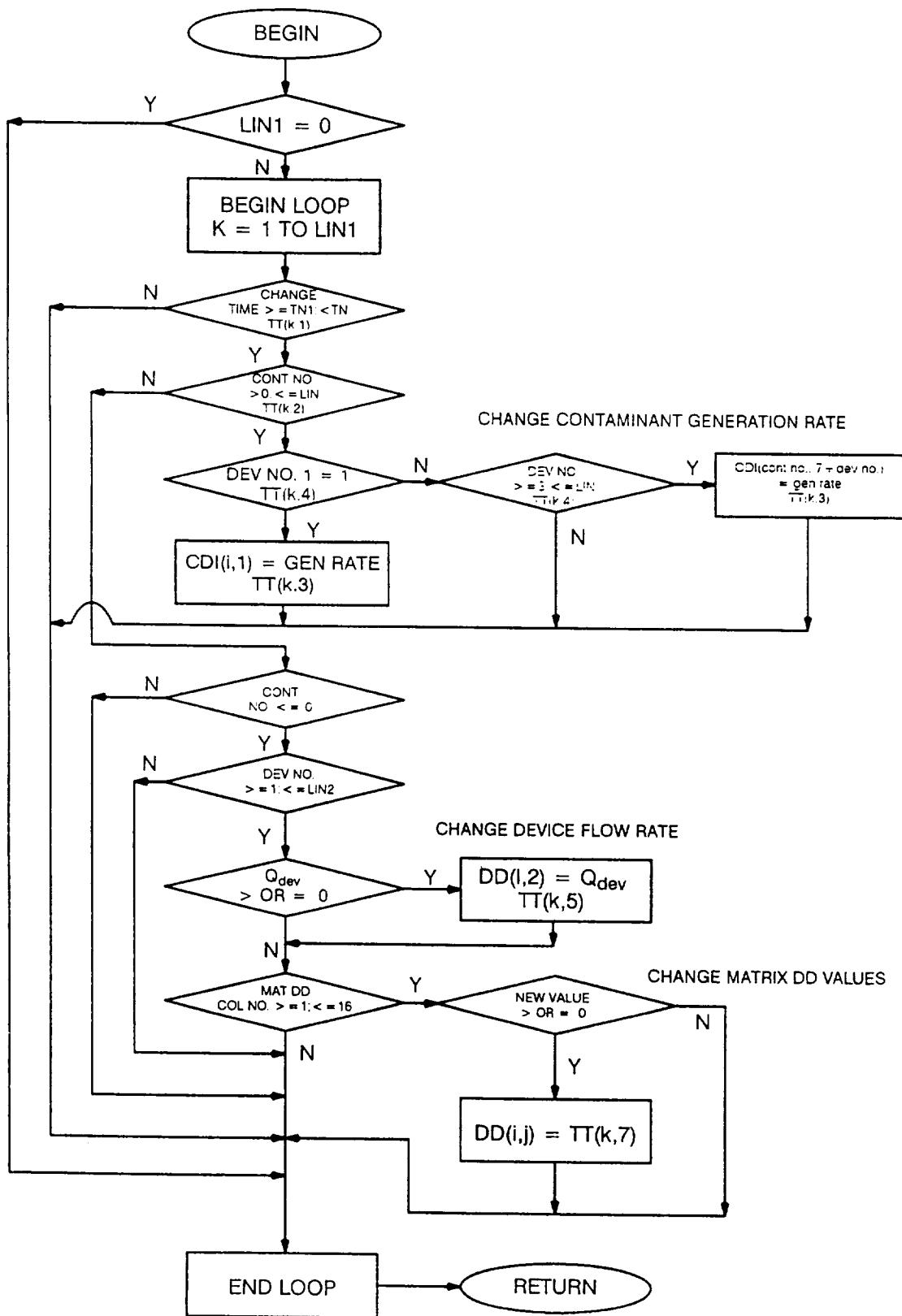


Figure 6. Subroutine RINCDD block flow diagram.

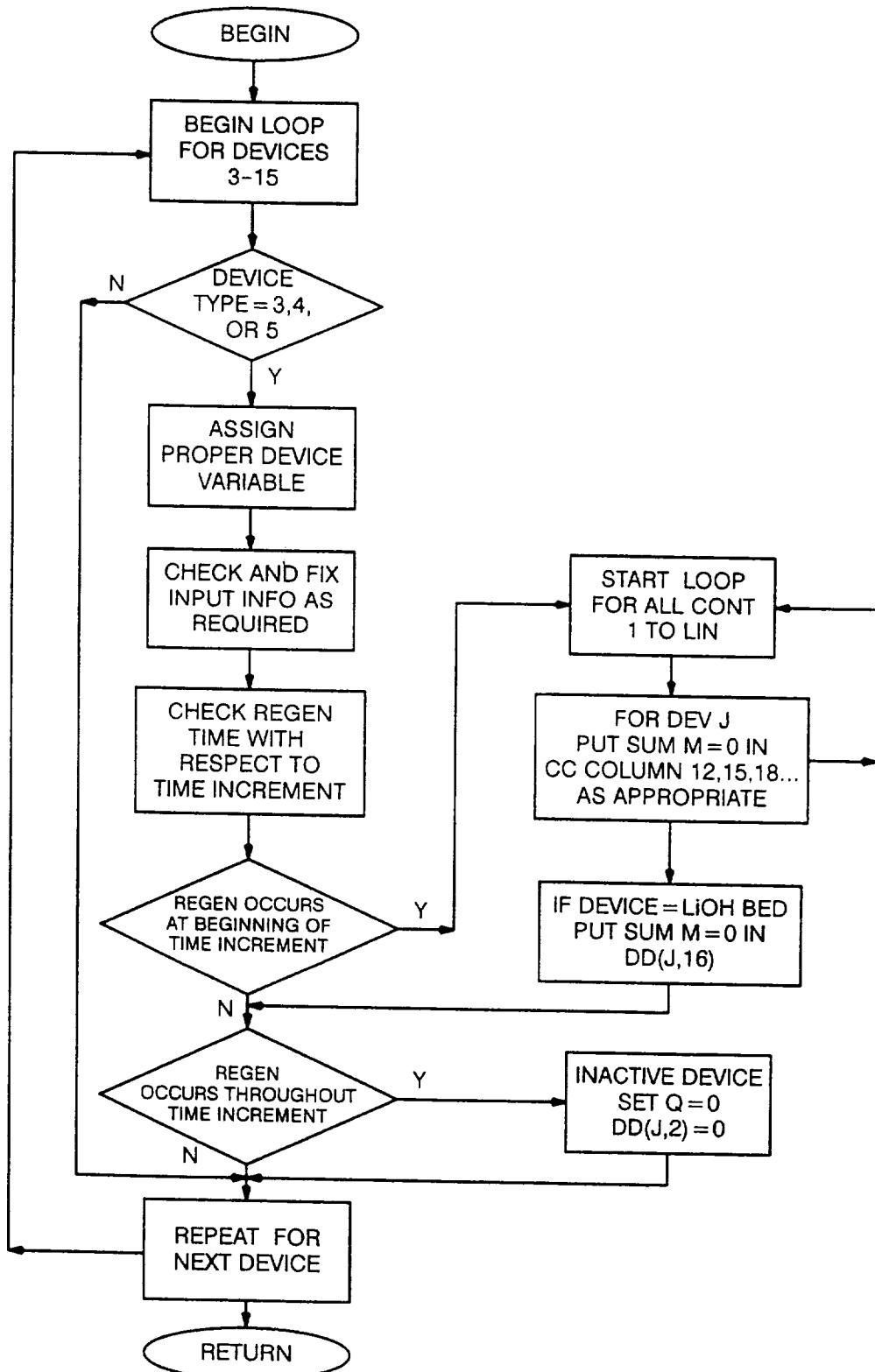


Figure 7. Subroutine REGEN block flow diagram.

The first check conducted by the subroutine is for device type. Only charcoal and LiOH beds may be regenerated. Only regeneration cases which begin at the time increment beginning or regeneration cases which last for one or more complete time increments are treated. Data concerning the regeneration interval, duration, and first regeneration time are obtained from matrix DD. For the LiOH bed regeneration, the duration is set equal to zero since bed changeout is assumed to occur quickly. The initial time, regeneration time, and regeneration duration are then checked to determine whether they are exact multiples of the basic time increment. If they are not, they are rounded to the next lowest multiple of the time increment and a warning is written to the screen.

The next checks conducted by the routine determine whether regeneration occurs at the beginning of a time increment and whether the regeneration lasts for the entire increment. Regeneration for the entire increment causes the program to deactivate this device for that increment by setting the device flow rate equal to zero. Regeneration at the beginning of an increment causes the sum of the mass removed by that device to be set equal to zero. For an LiOH bed, the total mass of LiOH used is also set equal to zero.

### **Subroutine MCALC**

Calculation of the removal efficiency, mass removed, and calculated, equilibrium, and final cabin concentrations for each contaminant and each removal device is controlled by MCALC. These calculations are based on the cumulative mass removed for each contaminant during the previous time increment. Figure 8 shows a block flow diagram for MCALC.

MCALC calls the subroutine PREDCT to calculate the average predicted cabin concentration based on the removal efficiency and the cumulative mass of contaminant removed during the previous time increment and the generation rate during the present time increment. The average predicted concentration is used by the subroutine CONVRG to calculate a new removal efficiency, mass removed, and average calculated, equilibrium, and final cabin concentrations. The predicted and calculated concentrations are compared in CONVRG and recalculated until the difference between them is less than the convergence error specified in the device definition data file, matrix DD. This recalculation and comparison continues for 20 iterations with the full time increment or until the difference is less than the convergence error.

If the convergence error is still exceeded after 20 iterations, another loop with a maximum of 20 iterations is entered which uses one-twentieth the basic time increment for the calculation. This loop ends as soon as the difference between the predicted and calculated values is less than the convergence error or 20 iterations have been completed. If convergence is not attained after this loop, the program writes a warning to the screen indicating that the calculation for the contaminant did not converge. The loop using the one-twentieth time increment is used only for a contaminant that does not converge during the first 20 iterations. This is more efficient than reducing the time increment for all the contaminant calculations.

### **Subroutine PREDCT**

MCALC calls the subroutine PREDCT to calculate the average predicted cabin concentration for each contaminant during each time increment. This calculation is based on the removal efficiency and sum of contaminant mass removed in the previous increment and the generation rate during the present increment. Figure 9 shows a block flow diagram for PREDCT.

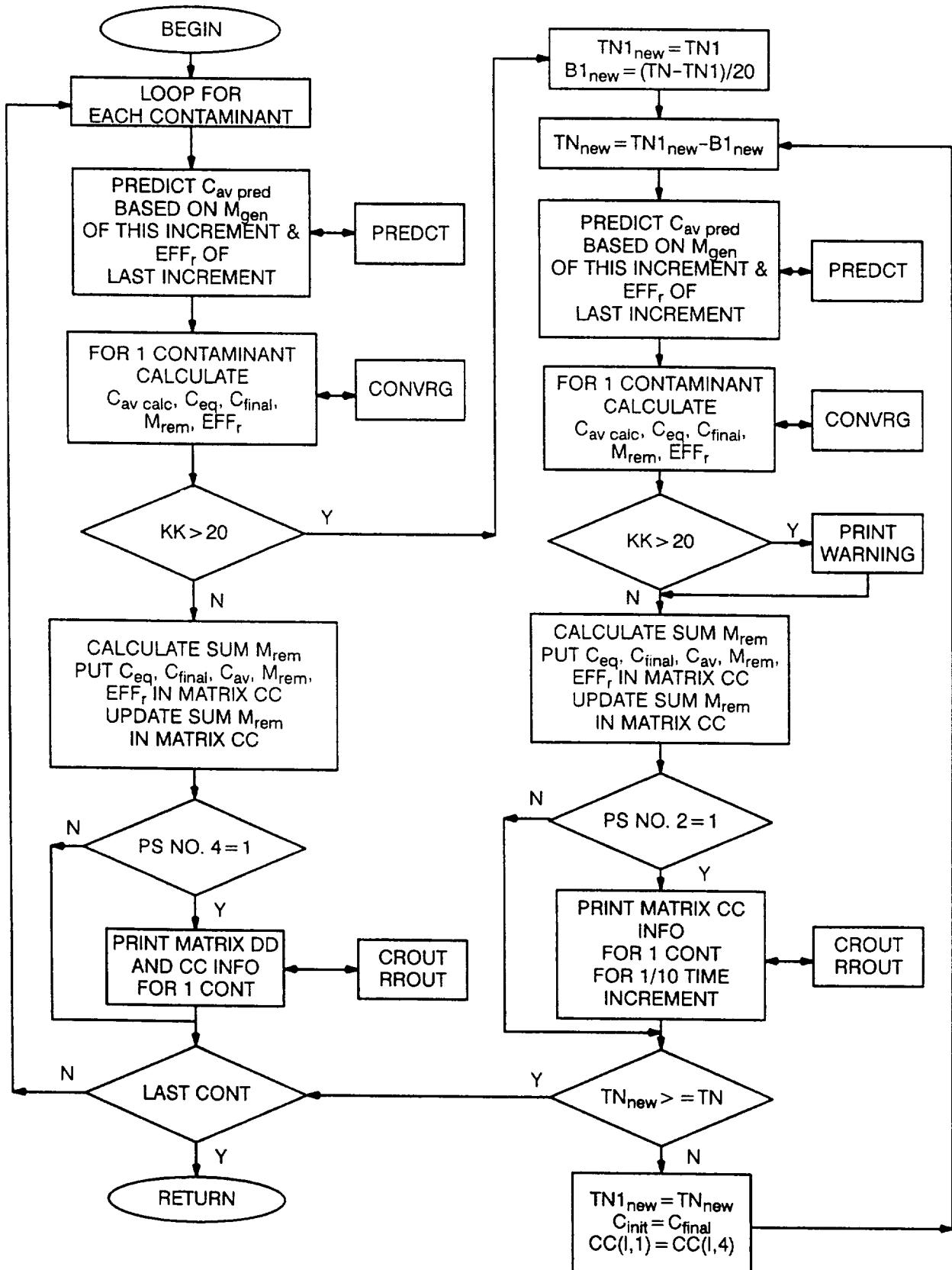


Figure 8. Subroutine MCALC block flow diagram.

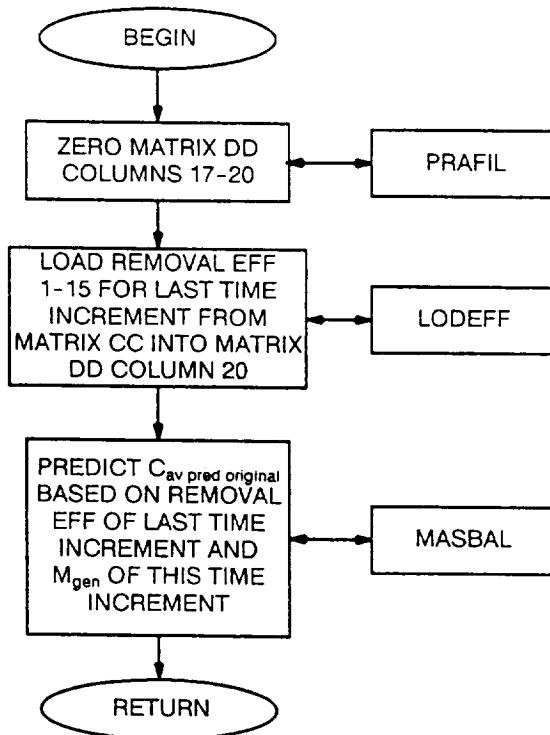


Figure 9. Subroutine PREDCT block flow diagram.

PREDCT calls the subroutine PRAFIL to zero the part of matrix DD required for storing the calculation results. Data from the previous time increment are obtained by LODEFF, and MASBAL is called to calculate the efficiency and concentration.

### **Subroutine LODEFF**

Subroutine LODEFF loads the efficiency calculated in the preceding increment from matrix CC to matrix DD.

### **Subroutine CONVRG**

CONVRG is the main convergence loop subroutine. This subroutine calculates the average cabin concentration and compares it with the predicted cabin concentration for each contaminant during every time increment. Figure 10 shows a block flow diagram for CONVRG.

CNRSUB is called by CONVRG to calculate the removal efficiency for each device using the predicted cabin concentration. Based on this removal efficiency, MASBAL calculates the average, final, and equilibrium cabin concentrations and the mass of contaminant removed by each device. The predicted and calculated cabin concentrations are compared by calculating the absolute value of the difference of the predicted and calculated concentration divided by the predicted concentration and comparing that value to the convergence error. If the absolute value of the comparison is less than the convergence error, convergence has been achieved and the iteration stops for that contaminant. If convergence has not been achieved, a new cabin concentration is calculated using a bisection technique after the first iteration and a Newton-Raphson technique for each additional increment. The loop counter value passes back to MCALC which determines whether convergence has been reached within 20 iterations.

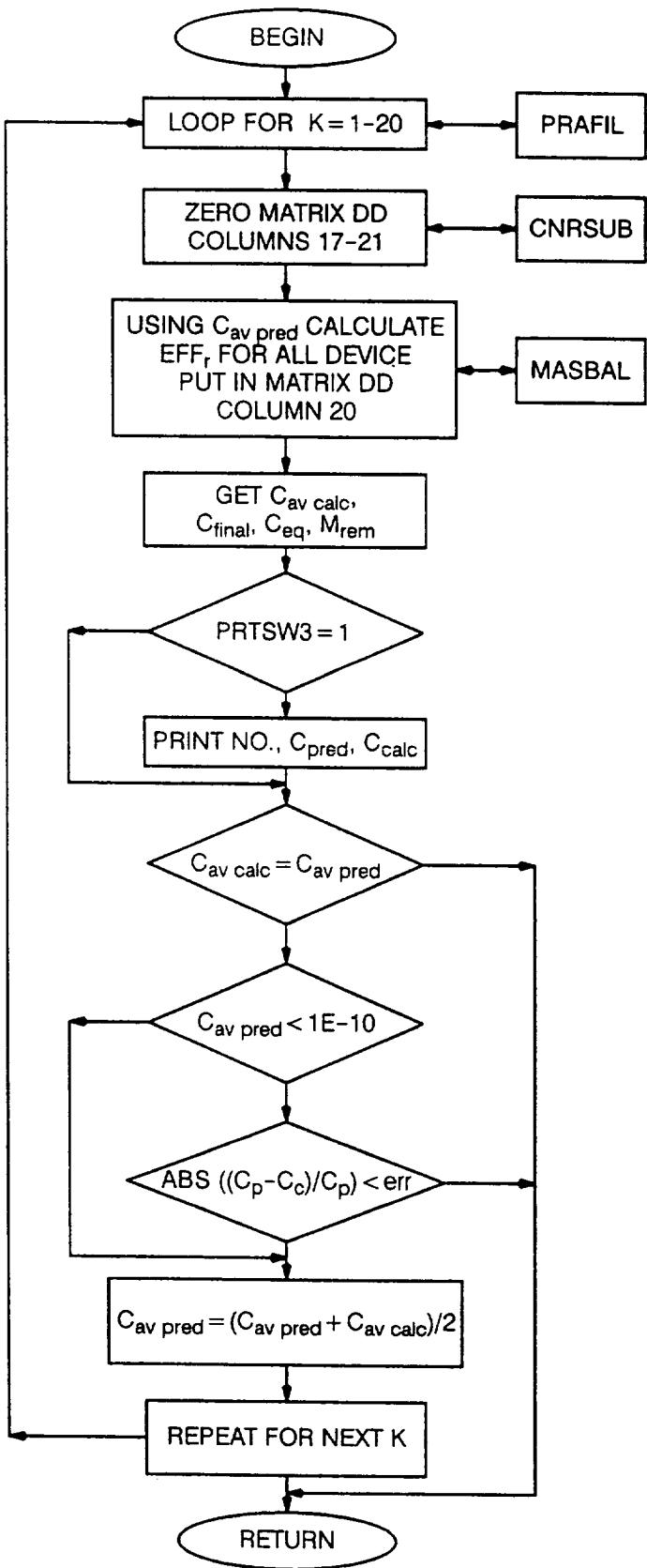


Figure 10. Subroutine CONVRG block flow diagram.

## **Subroutine SLIOH**

SLIOH is the subroutine which calculates the cumulative mass of LiOH used during the simulation run. This calculation is cumulative since the mass of LiOH consumed during the present increment is added to the mass consumed in all the previous increments.

## **Contaminant Removal Device Calculation Subroutines**

The contaminant removal device subroutines are supported by a substantial amount of theoretical and experimental data. A brief description of each subroutine is provided in addition to a discussion of the supporting theory and experimental data.

### **Subroutine ACHBD**

Subroutine ACHBD calculates the removal device efficiency for an axial flow charcoal bed. This routine simulates the physical adsorption of contaminants onto the surface of the charcoal. Specially treated charcoals are also considered which include chemical reaction between the surface treatment and the contaminant in addition to adsorption.

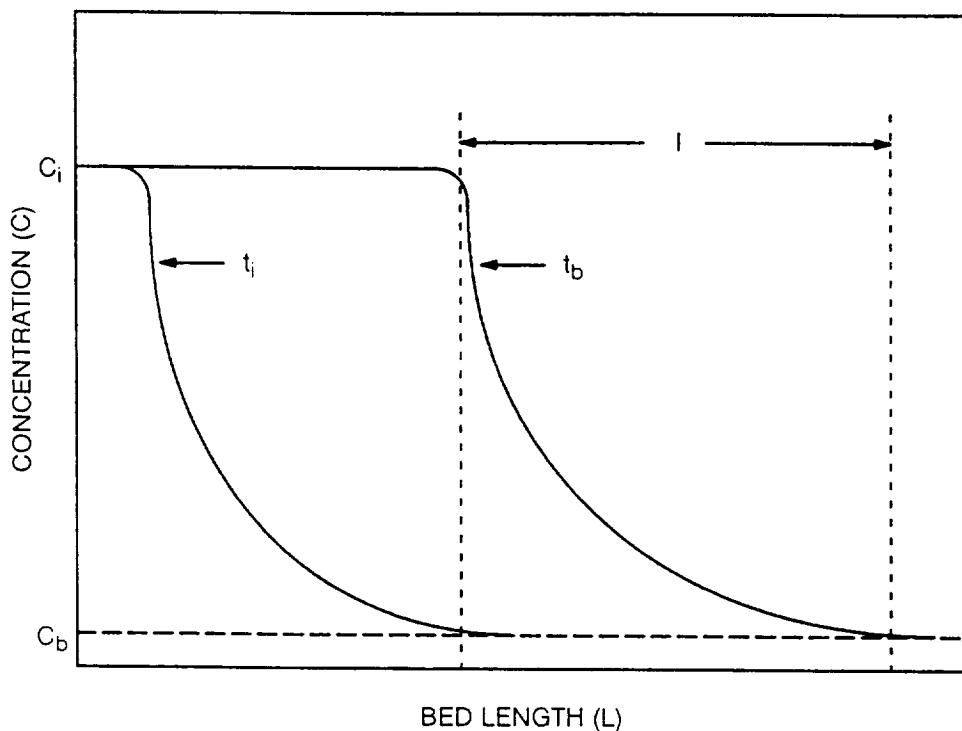
A charcoal bed is composed of two zones during the adsorption process. These zones are designated as the saturated zone and the adsorption zone. All contaminant removal takes place in the adsorption zone. The saturated zone provides no net removal since it is in equilibrium with the vapor phase contaminant composition. Figure 11 illustrates the zones simulated by the program graphically. Physical adsorption is an equilibrium process which depends on variables such as the contaminant vapor pressure, inlet concentration, molar volume, and cabin temperature. Studies conducted by Robell investigated the thermodynamics of adsorption dynamics and developed a correlation between the physical properties of a contaminant and the charcoal saturation capacity. This correlation is based on the Polanyi Potential Theory and the Gibbs equation. From this study, a correlation factor, called the adsorption potential factor was developed. This factor is defined according to the following equation:

$$A = (T/V_m) \log_{10}(p_v/p_c), \quad (12)$$

where  $T$  is the cabin temperature in Kelvin,  $V_m$  is the contaminant liquid molar volume in  $\text{cm}^3/\text{gram-mole}$ ,  $p_v$  is the contaminant vapor pressure at the cabin temperature expressed in concentration units of  $\text{mg}/\text{m}^3$ , and  $p_c$  is the cabin contaminant partial pressure expressed in concentration units of  $\text{mg}/\text{m}^3$ . This factor was plotted as a function of experimentally determined charcoal saturation capacities to obtain the plot shown by figure 12.<sup>4</sup> The plot in this figure was constructed for Barnebey-Sutcliffe type BD granular activated charcoal. This correlation is not only sensitive to charcoal impregnation and contaminant solubility, but also to relative humidity as shown by figure 13.<sup>5</sup> Additional information may be obtained on charcoal capacity and performance from references 6 and 7. Based on potential plots, empirical equations are obtained which relate the potential factor to the charcoal saturation capacity. The equations used in this program are functions of the adsorption potential factor, contaminant solubility, and cabin relative humidity. Specific equations used are found in subroutine FQI in the ACHBD.FOR listing found in appendix A. The general form of the equations is the following:

$$q = \alpha e^{-\beta A}, \quad (13)$$

where  $q$  is the charcoal saturation capacity in  $\text{cm}^3$  of liquid contaminant per gram of charcoal and  $A$  is the adsorption potential factor in  $\text{Kelvin-gmol}/\text{cm}^3$ . As new information concerning adsorption capacity



#### LEGEND

- $t_i$  = Bed profile at the time when a bed segment reaches steady state
- $t_b$  = Bed profile at the service time when the bed outlet concentration equals  $C_b$
- $l$  = Active adsorption zone length
- $C_i$  = Bed inlet concentration
- $C_b$  = Bed penetration concentration

Figure 11. Charcoal saturation and adsorption zone distribution.

is obtained, these equations can be modified accordingly. In addition, this technique can be applied to other adsorbent materials to simulate other packing materials besides charcoal.

The adsorption zone length for ninety percent removal is determined from experimental data obtained by Olcott at a 0.0066 m/s (1.3 ft/min) flow rate.<sup>8</sup> This data is plotted in figure 14 and the computer program uses the following equation to calculate the adsorption zone length:

$$L_{\text{ads}} = (L_{\text{ads at } 1.3 \text{ ft/min}})(V/1.3)^{0.8} . \quad (14)$$

The adsorption zone length study conducted by Olcott shows that the adsorption zone length increases with velocity to the 0.8 power as indicated in the equation. The saturated zone length is based on the charcoal capacity at the prevailing cabin conditions and the amount of contaminant already adsorbed. For a given contaminant mass retained in the bed, the saturation zone length equals the mass of contaminant adsorbed divided by the saturation capacity,  $q$ . The total bed length minus the saturated zone length equals the adsorption zone length. The adsorption zone length is the length of the bed actually available for contaminant removal. The program calculates the saturation zone length as calculated based on the bed geometry, the amount of contaminant removed by the bed, and the saturation capacity,  $q$ .

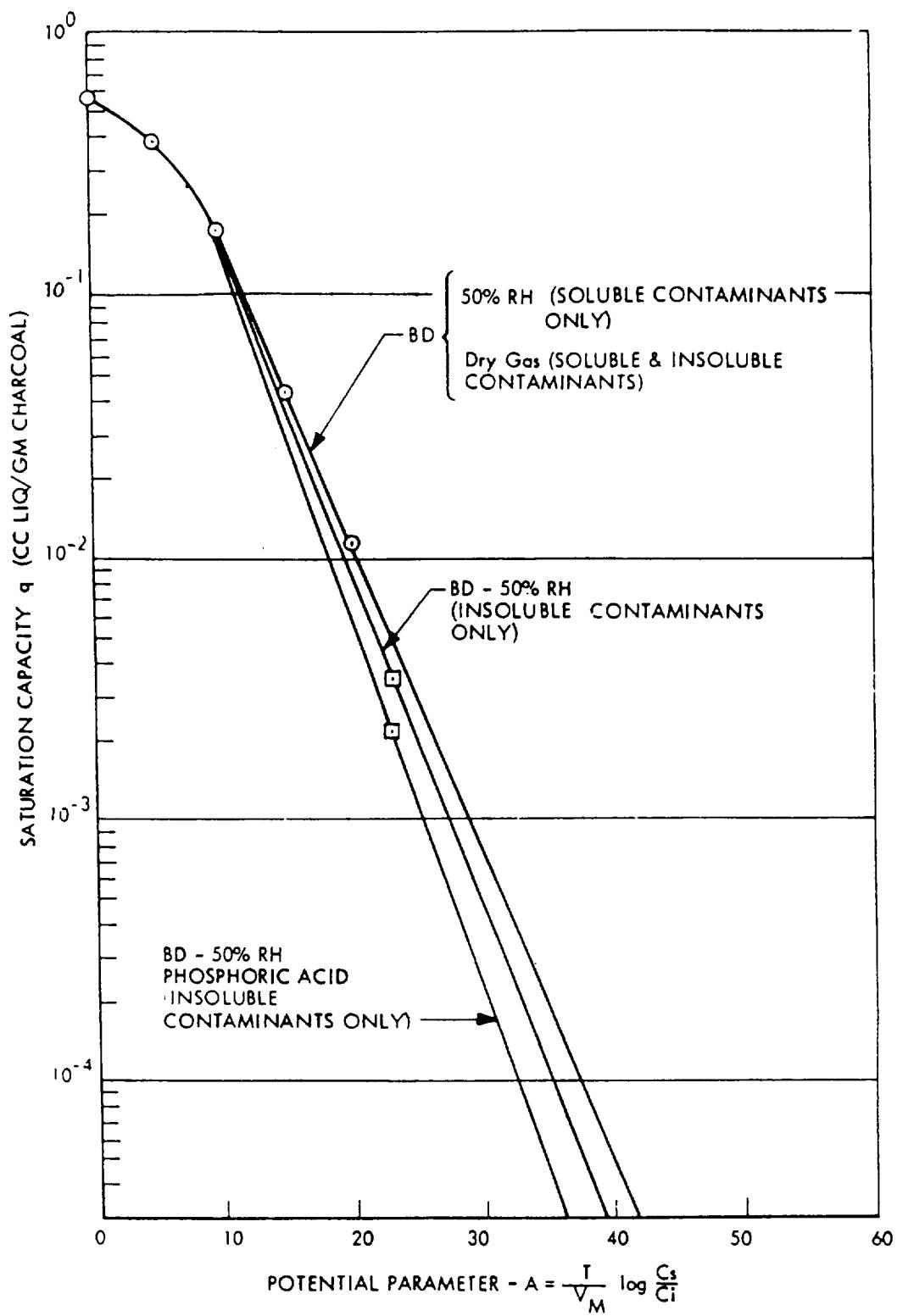


Figure 12. Potential plot for type BD granular activated charcoal.

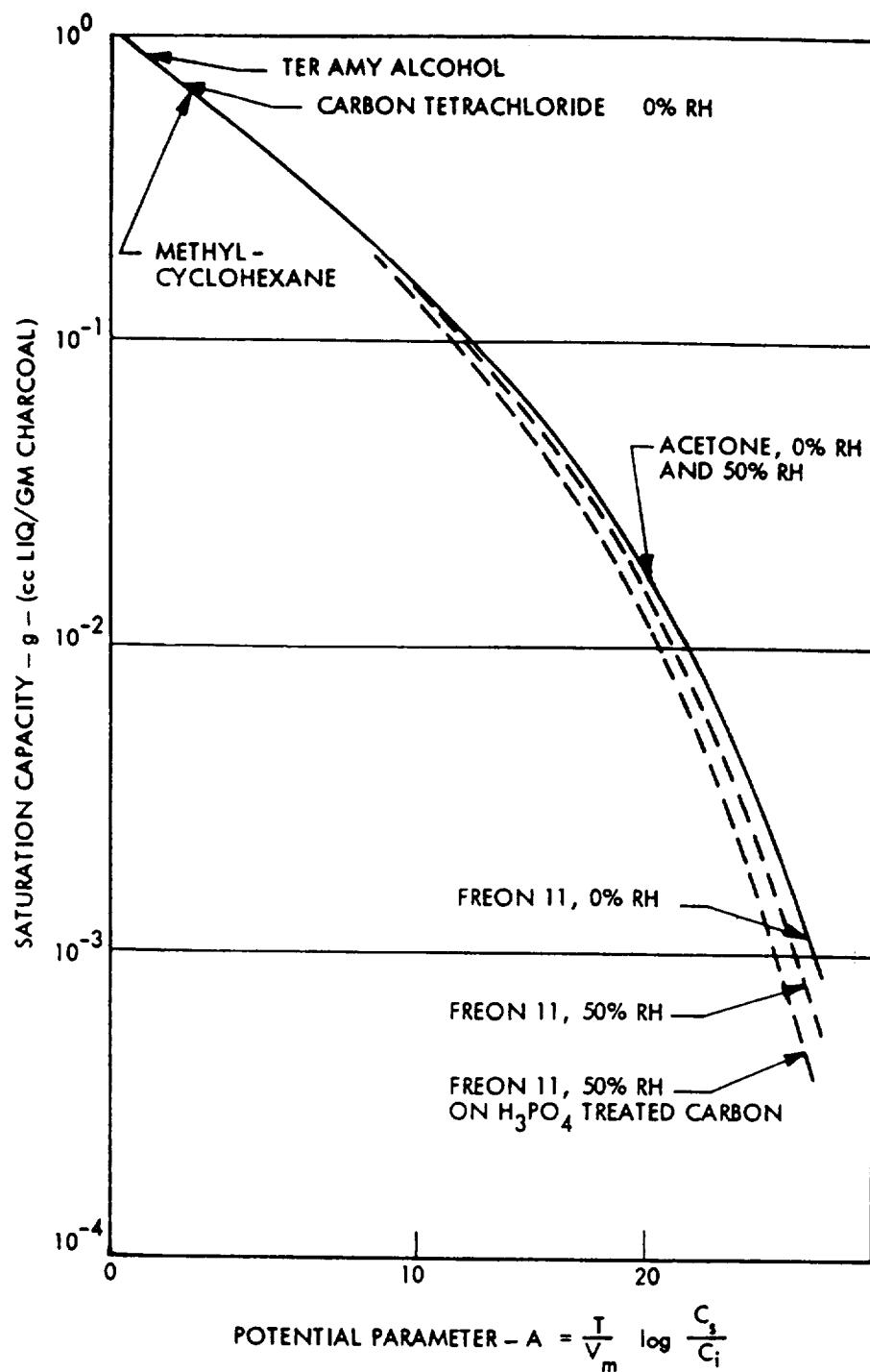


Figure 13. Potential plot showing relative humidity effects.

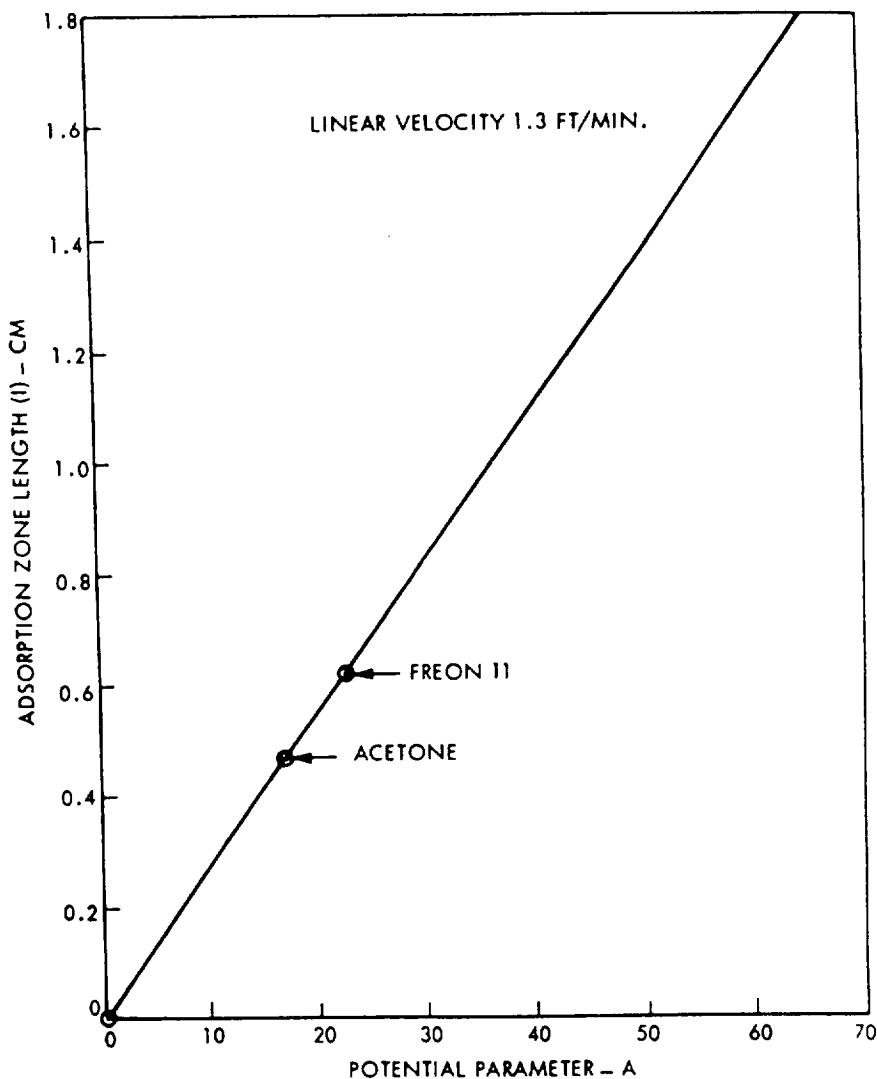


Figure 14. Adsorption zone length as a function of the potential factor.

Adsorption of multiple contaminants by charcoal involves some interaction between the contaminants. This interaction, called blockage or coexistence, reduces the capacity of the charcoal to hold other contaminants. Although the theory for coexistence is complex, experimental data indicates that an additional twenty percent can be added to the saturation zone when the calculation for the adsorption zone is conducted.

**Reaction With Specially Treated Charcoals.** Some contaminants are not readily removed by granular activated charcoal but can be removed by charcoal which has been specially treated with chemicals that react with the contaminant after adsorption onto the charcoal surface. Two commonly used treated charcoals target ammonia and formaldehyde.

**Ammonia Removal.** Ammonia is removed by treating granular activated charcoal with phosphoric acid. Usually, phosphoric acid loading is 1.22 mmol/g of charcoal. This results in a requirement of 0.0061 g of charcoal per gram of ammonia to be removed if the reaction goes to completion. The bed removal efficiency is typically 90 to 99 percent per pass for a fresh bed. As the phosphoric acid is

depleted, the efficiency drops, eventually reaching zero. This routine assumes that the removal efficiency is 100 percent if the bed is less than 80 percent utilized. The efficiency for last 20 percent of the bed is calculated using the following sine relationship:

$$\eta_r = \sin (m_{\text{charcoal}} - m_{\text{treated charcoal used}}) / (0.2)m_{\text{charcoal}}, \quad (15)$$

where  $m_{\text{charcoal}}$  is the mass of charcoal in the bed and  $m_{\text{treated charcoal used}}$  is the mass of treated charcoal used.

**Formaldehyde Removal.** Formaldehyde is removed most efficiently by chromate impregnated charcoal. Manufacturer's data indicates that this charcoal can chemisorb a total amount of formaldehyde equivalent to 5 percent of its weight.<sup>9</sup> Testing at Lockheed Missiles and Space Company, Inc., showed this material's efficiency to drop linearly from 100 to 90 percent for an amount of formaldehyde chemisorbed from 0 to 0.12 percent of the bed weight. Also, if the bed residence time is less than 0.25 s, the removal efficiency drops linearly.

### **Subroutine RCHBD**

The subroutine RCHBD uses the same logic as ACHBD for simulating charcoal adsorption. However, this routine accommodates the geometry of a radial flow charcoal bed.

### **Subroutine ALIOH**

ALIOH simulates removal of acidic contaminants by granular lithium hydroxide and lithium carbonate. The amount of lithium hydroxide consumed per weight of contaminant is calculated from the reaction stoichiometry. This number is input with the contaminant data. Reaction of lithium hydroxide with carbon dioxide to produce lithium carbonate has no noticeable effect on the contaminant removal. The removal efficiency for this device is 100 percent unless the bed is less than 1.905-cm thick or more than 80 percent utilized. The drop in efficiency as the bed is utilized is approximated by the following sine relationship:

$$\eta_r = \sin (m_{\text{LiOH}} - m_{\text{LiOH used}}) / (0.2)m_{\text{LiOH}}, \quad (16)$$

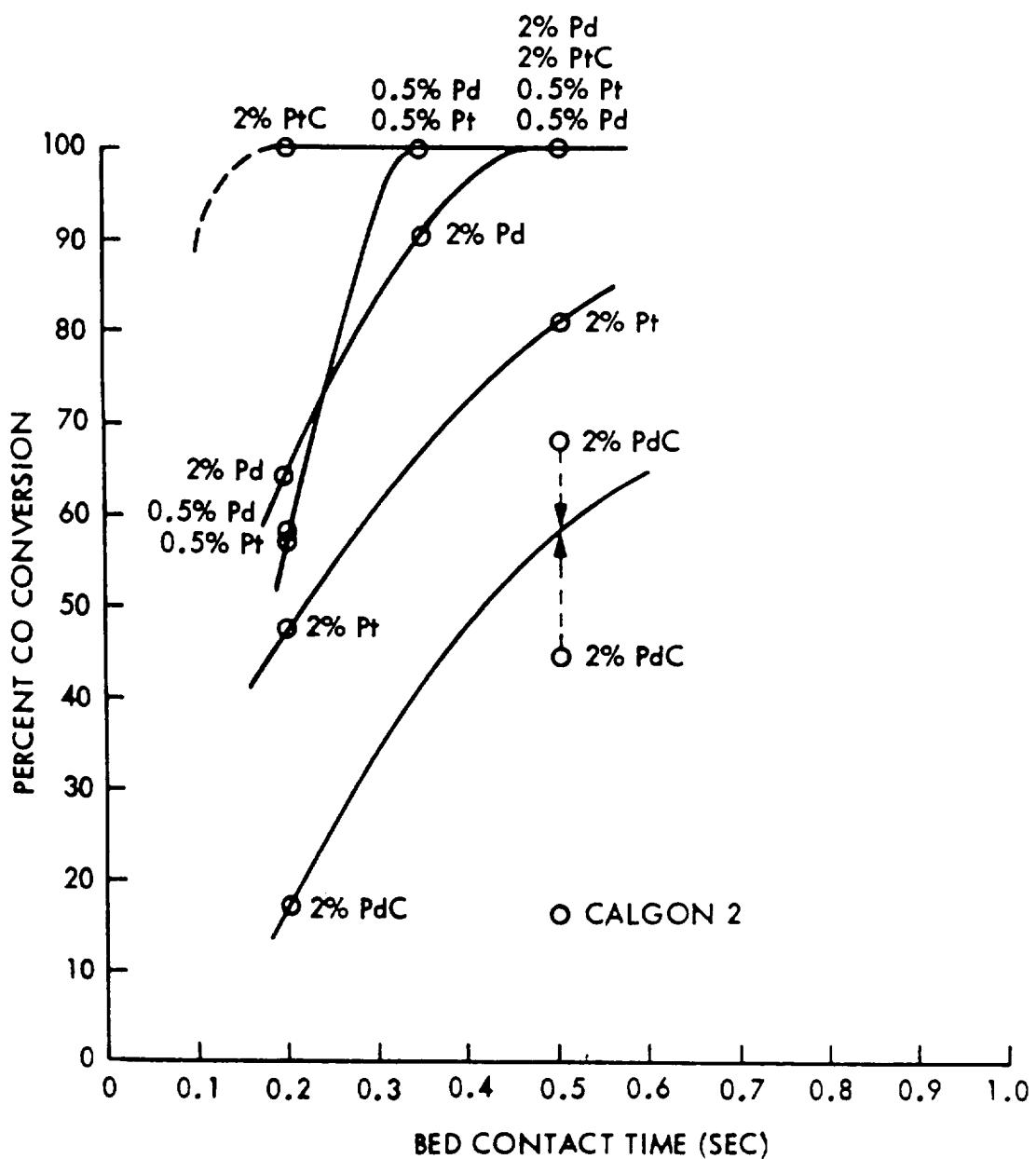
where  $m_{\text{LiOH}}$  is the mass of the lithium hydroxide bed and  $m_{\text{LiOH used}}$  is the mass of lithium hydroxide utilized. Efficiency for a bed less than 1.905-cm thick decreases linearly with thickness.

### **Subroutine COOXID**

Ambient temperature catalytic oxidation of carbon monoxide and hydrogen is simulated by the COOXID subroutine. This routine simulates ambient temperature catalytic oxidation using a granular activated charcoal with 2 weight percent platinum loading. This simulation is effective only for carbon monoxide and hydrogen. Efficiency remains constant at 100 percent per pass unless the residence time falls below 0.2 s. For residence times below 0.2 s, the efficiency decreases linearly according to figure 15.<sup>10</sup>

### **Subroutine CATBNR**

The CATBNR subroutine simulates the destruction of hydrogen, carbon monoxide, methane, and other low molecular weight organic contaminants into carbon dioxide and water vapor using high temperature catalytic oxidation. The degree of oxidation in the oxidizer must be input by the user in the



#### NOTES:

1. ALL NOBLE METALS ON ALUMINA SUBSTRATE UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED
2. 2% PtC = 2% PLATINUM ON CARBON
3. 2% PdC = 2% PALLADIUM ON CARBON

Figure 15. Noble metal CO catalyst performance.

contaminant data input file. Typically, oxidation efficiency is based on experimental oxidation performance testing. On average, operating the oxidizer at 400 °C (750 °F) provides removal efficiency of 100 percent for most contaminants.

### **Subroutine CONDHX**

The subroutine CONDHX simulates the removal of contaminants by absorption into humidity condensate in a condensing heat exchanger. Some contaminants are removed by this route not only by absorption but also by chemical reaction in the condensate. Ammonia is treated in this manner since it dissociates in water and reacts with dissolved carbon dioxide.<sup>11</sup> All other contaminant removal is simulated using Henry's Law. Using Henry's Law is justified for trace contaminants since their concentrations in the atmosphere approach infinite dilution. Henry's Law correlates the concentration of a contaminant in the atmosphere to its concentration in the liquid phase. The correlation coefficient is the Henry's Law Constant,  $H$ , which has units of atmospheres per mole fraction. Equation (17) shows the Henry's Law relationship in which  $p_c$  is the contaminant partial pressure in atmospheres,  $H$  is the Henry's Law constant in atmospheres per mole fraction, and  $x$  is the liquid phase mole fraction.

$$p_c = Hx . \quad (17)$$

The simulation assumes that the absorption process is concurrent and that equilibrium is very closely approached. A material balance on this process provides a relationship for the condensate mole fraction shown by:

$$x = y/[(C/A)+(H/P)] . \quad (18)$$

In this equation,  $x$  is the liquid phase mole fraction,  $y$  is the vapor phase mole fraction,  $C$  is the condensate mass molar flow rate in mol/h,  $A$  is the atmospheric molar flow rate in mol/h,  $H$  is the Henry's Law constant in atmospheres, and  $P$  is the total pressure in atmospheres. Figure 16 illustrates the absorption process. Based on the cabin concentration, the program calculates the inlet mole fraction based on a 1 atmosphere total pressure. The condensate flow rate and atmosphere flow rate are entered in the device definition data and converted to molar flow rates based on 1 atmosphere pressure and 294 K absolute temperature. The mole fraction of contaminant leaving in the condensate is used to determine the mass of contaminant removed. The removal efficiency is calculated from the ratio of the difference in mass of contaminant entering and mass of contaminant removed to the mass of contaminant entering.

Ammonia removal is treated separately since it reacts chemically with dissolved carbon dioxide in the humidity condensate. According to reference 22, data correlating ammonia partial pressure to liquid phase ammonia concentration for several carbon dioxide atmospheric partial pressures was used to obtain an equation relating liquid and gas phase ammonia composition. This data was obtained by sparging a gas mixture through a volume of water. Figure 17 shows a plot of the result.<sup>12</sup> The carbon dioxide curve corresponding to 666.6 Pa (5 mm Hg) was used to obtain equation (19) which relates ammonia mass per kilogram of condensate to the entering ammonia concentration.

$$m_a = 189.6C_c^{0.535} . \quad (19)$$

In this equation,  $m_a$  is the mass of ammonia in milligrams per kilogram of condensate and  $C_c$  is heat exchanger inlet ammonia concentration in mg/m<sup>3</sup>. This equation is used to determine the ammonia removal efficiency from the mass of ammonia entering and leaving the condensing heat exchanger assembly.

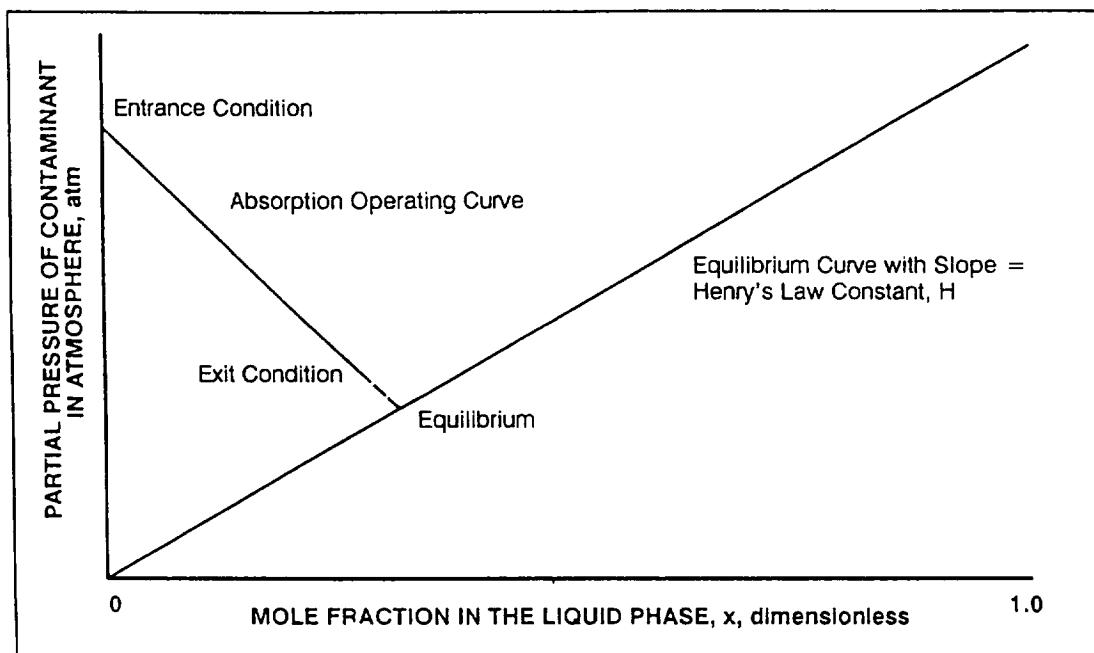


Figure 16. Absorption of contaminants by humidity condensate.

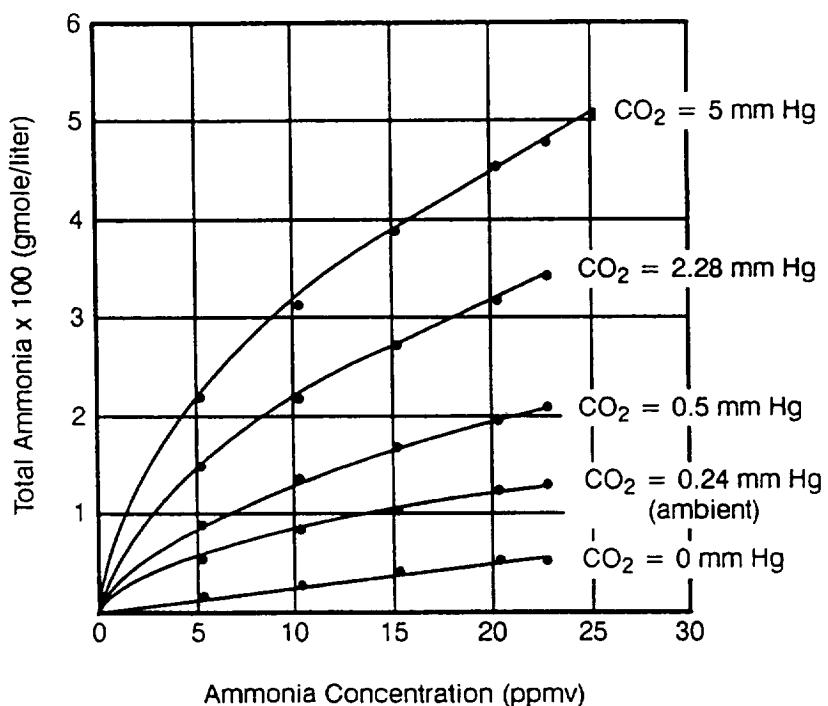


Figure 17. Ammonia solubility in water at varying carbon dioxide concentration.

## **Data Input and Output Subroutines**

The following subroutines regulate the data input and output for each computer simulation run. These subroutines have been designed to allow maximum flexibility for calculated data output to facilitate data analysis reporting.

### **Subroutine CRIN**

Subroutine CRIN is called by MAIN and reads contaminant input data into the contaminant name matrix, NN, and the main calculation matrix, CDI.

### **Subroutine RRIN**

Subroutine RRIN is called by MAIN and reads device definition data and time-dependent data into matrices DD and TT, respectively.

### **Subroutine CROUT2**

CROUT2 is called by MAIN and controls output of the contaminant input data to the printer or computer terminal screen. One row at a time without headings is written to these output devices for the user to review before entering the calculation loop.

### **Subroutine RROUT2**

Subroutine RROUT2 is called by MAIN and controls output of the device definition data and time-dependent data to the printer or computer terminal screen. One row at a time without headings is written to these output devices for the user to review before entering the calculation loop.

### **Subroutine CROUT**

CROUT is called by MAIN and regulates output of matrix CC data during each time increment for diagnostic purposes. This subroutine is called only when print switch No. 5 is set equal to 1.

### **Subroutine RROUT**

Subroutine RROUT is called by MAIN and regulates output of matrix DD for diagnostic purposes. This subroutine is called only when print switch No. 5 is set equal to 1.

### **Subroutine DATOUT**

DATOUT is called by MAIN and serves as the master output regulation routine. Routines contained within PRFANS are called from DATOUT according to the print switch designations made by the user.

### **Subroutine GROUP**

Subroutine GROUP is called by DATOUT and calculates the toxic hazard index according to appendix B. This subroutine also regulates the output for the toxic hazard index for both the standard formatted output and the plot data output.

### **Subroutine PRFANS**

PRFANS contains several subroutines that are called by DATOUT which regulate the output for contaminant concentration data, sum of contaminant masses removed data, and removal device efficiency data. This subroutine regulates output for both the standard formatted output and the plot data output.

### **Subroutine HEADGS**

Subroutines within HEADGS are called by PRFANS subroutines to regulate standard formatted data output headings. Headings are provided for contaminant concentration data, contaminant removal rate data, sum of contaminant masses removed data, and removal device efficiency data.



**APPENDIX A**

**TCCS COMPUTER PROGRAM**  
**VERSION 8.1**  
**FORTRAN CODE LISTING**

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This appendix contains listings for each major subroutine and the main TCCS computer program. The main program is listed first followed by listings of each subroutine. The subroutines listings are arranged in alphabetical order by name to provide easy reference.

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)  
Source File: C:\FORTRAN\TCC\MAIN.F Options: /C 80 /L /BIJY 03/15/94 13:23:35

```
1 C FILE:MAIN.FOR
2      PROGRAM TCCS81
3 C ****
4 C ****
5 C *      PROGRAM TO MODEL REMOVAL OF SPACECRAFT *
6 C *          GASEOUS CONTAMINANTS *
7 C *          VERSION 8.1 Alpha *
8 C *          March 15, 1994 *
9 C ****
10 C ****
11 C SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
12 C     CAFILL-FILL MATRIX WITH ZEROS
13 C     RAFILL-FILL MATRIX WITH ZEROS
14 C     CRIN-READ IN INPUT DATA
15 C     RRIN-READ IN INPUT DATA
16 C     CROUT-PRINT OUT INPUT DATA
17 C     RROUT-PRINT OUT INPUT DATA
18 C     PCSET-PRECALCULATION SET UP ROUTINE
19 C     MCALC-MAIN CALCULATION ROUTINE
20 C     DATOUT-DATA PRINTOUT ROUTINE
21 C     XXXXX-TIME DEPENDENT DATA ROUTINE
22 C     REGEN-REGENERATION OF DEVICES ROUTINE
23 C     SLIOH-SUM LIOH USED IN TIME INCREMENT
24
25 C     NOTE:SUBROUTINES USE ADJUSTABLE SIZE ARRAYS
26 C           WATCH COMPILER OPTIONS/DIMENSIONING IF
27 C           ANY ARRAY IS LARGER THAN 64K BYTES
28 C
29 C ****DIMENSION MAIN PROGRAM MATRICES*****
30 C NN=CONTAMINANT NAME MATRIX
31 C CDI=CONTAMINANT INPUT DATA MATRIX
32 C CC=CALCULATON MATRIX
33 C DD=DEVICE DEFINITION MATRIX
34 C TT=TIME DEPENDENT DATA MATRIX
35 C
36 C PRESENTLY SET TO HANDLE MAXIMUM OF 150 CONTAMINANTS IN MATRICES
37 C THIS VALUE =NROW AND IS USED IN ADDRESSING ADJUSTABLE SIZE
38 C           ARRAYS IN SUBROUTINES
39 C NTTROW IS USED FOR MATRIX TT MAXIMUM LENGTH
40 C
41 C CHARACTER NN(300)*30
42 C REAL CDI(300,23)
43 C REAL CC(300,48)
44 C REAL DD(15,21)
45 C REAL DD(15,23)
46 C REAL TT(750,7)
47
48
49 C NOTE:MUST COMPILE SUBROUTINES PROPERLY FOR ADJUSTABLE SIZE
50 C           ARRAYS IF A MAIN MATRIX EXCEEDS 65536 BYTES (REALS=4 BYTES)
51 C
52 C ***** DECLARE OTHER TERMS USED IN MAIN PROGRAM *****
```

```

53      CHARACTER FNAME*24,DES*1,FCPLOT*24,FTPLOT*24,FEPLOT*24
54      LOGICAL EX
55      INTEGER PRTSW1,PRTSW2,PRTSW3,PRTSW4,PRTSW5,PRTSW6,PRTSW7,PRTSW8,
56      + TVAL,IDEVNO,IDEVN1,IDEVN2,IDEVN3,PRTSW9
57
58 C      ***** PRINT WELCOME AND PROGRAM VERSION NUMBER *****
59      WRITE (*,9)
60      009 FORMAT (1X,'*****'//1X,'*'          WELCOME TO THE WORLD      '*',
61      +           1X,'*'          OF THE                          '*',
62      +           1X,'*'          SPACECRAFT ATMOSPHERIC TRACE CONTAMINATION   '*',
63      +           1X,'*'          CONTROL SIMULATION PROGRAM        '*',
64      +           1X,'*'          -VERSION 8.1 Alpha-                  '*',
65      +           1X,'*'          March 15, 1994                '*',
66      +           1X,'*'          *****')                                '*'
67
68 C
69 C      ***** DEFINE PROGRAM VARIABLES *****
70 C      LIN=NO. OF LINES OF DATA IN MAT NN & MAT CDI & MAT CC
71 C      LIN1=NO. LINES OF DATA IN MAT TT
72 C      LIN2=NO. LINES OF DATA IN MAT DD
73 C      TN=INCREMENT END TIME (HRS)
74 C      TN1=INCREMENT BEGINNING TIME (HRS)
75 C      TMIS=TOTAL MISSION TIME (HRS)
76 C      NINC=NUMBER OF TIME INCREMENTS ELAPSED
77 C
78 C      MAT NN,CC, AND CDI MUST HAVE SAME NO. OF ROWS
79 C      DIMENSIONS OF MAT DD
80      NROW=15
81 C      NCOL=21
82      NCOL=23
83 C      DIMENSIONS OF MAT CC & ROWS IN MAT NN
84      NROW1=300
85      NCOL1=48
86 C      DIMENSIONS OF MAT CDI
87      NROW2=NROW1
88      NCOL2=23
89 C      DIMENSIONS OF MAT TT
90      NTTROW=750
91      NTTCOL=7
92 C      DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT DATA (SET TO 6 FOR FORM FEED ON OUTPUT)
93      IDEVNO=6
94 C      DEVICE NUMBER FOR MESSAGE OUTPUT
95      IMSGDN=2
96 C      DEVICE NUMBER FOR CONTAMINANT PLOT DATA
97      IDEVN1=10
98 C      DEVICE NUMBER FOR T-VALUE PLOT DATA
99      IDEVN3=11
100 C     DEVICE NUMBER FOR EFFICIENCY PLOT DATA
101      IDEVN2=12
102 C     ***** END OF DEFINITION SECTION *****
103 C
104 C     ***** ZERO MATRICES*****
105 C     PUT BLANKS IN NAME MATRIX
106      011 CALL CAFILL(NN,1,NROW1)
107 C     PUT ZEROS IN OTHER MATRICES
108      CALL RAFILL(CDI,NROW2,NCOL2)
109      CALL RAFILL(CC,NROW1,NCOL1)
110      CALL RAFILL(DD,NROW,NCOL)
111      CALL RAFILL(TT,NTTROW,NTTCOL)
112 C

```

```

113 C      ***** READ IN DATA FROM FILES AND PRINT IT IF DESIRED *****
114 C
115 010 WRITE(*,*)' INPUT CONTAMINANT DATA FILE NAME: '
116  CALL CRIN(NN,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN)
117 012 WRITE(*,*)' PRINT CONTAMINANT INPUT DATA? (Y/N) '
118  READ(*,'(A)')DES
119  IF((DES.NE.'Y') .AND. (DES.NE.'N')) GOTO 12
120  IF (DES.EQ.'N') GOTO 20
121  CALL CROUT2(NN,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,1,NCOL2,LIN,1,LIN,IMSGDN)
122 C
123 020 WRITE(*,*)' INPUT DEVICE DEFINITION TABLE FILE NAME: '
124 C      NOTE: ONLY 16 COLUMNS ARE IN THE INPUT FILE
125  CALL RRIN(DD,NROW,NCOL,16,LIN2)
126 022 WRITE(*,*)' PRINT DEVICE DEFINITION TABLE? (Y/N) '
127  READ(*,'(A)')DES
128  IF((DES.NE.'Y') .AND. (DES.NE.'N')) GOTO 22
129  IF (DES.EQ.'N') GOTO 30
130  CALL RROUT2(DD,NROW,NCOL,1,16,LIN2,IMSGDN)
131 C
132 030 WRITE(*,*)' INPUT TIME DEPENDENT DATA FILE NAME: '
133  CALL RRIN(TT,NTTROW,NTTCOL,NTTCOL,LIN1)
134 032 WRITE(*,*)' PRINT TIME DEPENDENT DATA? (Y/N) '
135  READ(*,'(A)')DES
136  IF((DES.NE.'Y') .AND. (DES.NE.'N')) GOTO 32
137  IF (DES.EQ.'N') GOTO 40
138  CALL RROUT2(TT,NTTROW,NTTCOL,1,NTTCOL,LIN1,IMSGDN)
139 C
140 C      *****READ IN MISSION DATA VARIABLES *****
141 C      READ IN MISSION TOTAL TIME (HRS)
142 040 WRITE(*,*)' INPUT TOTAL MISSION TIME IN HOURS: '
143  READ(*,*) TMIS
144 C
145 C      ***** PRINT SWITCH DEFINITION *****
146 C      1=RESULTS FOR ONE CONTAMINANT IN PCSET
147 C      2=RESULTS FOR 1 CONT & INCR IN 1/10 INCR CONV ROUTINE (IN MCALC)
148 C      3=CONVERGENCE VALUES IN CONVRG
149 C      4=RESULTS FOR 1 CONT IN MCALC AFTER CAV CALC
150 C      5=MAT CC AND MAT DD AT END OF TIME INCREMENT
151 C      6=PRINT CONC+M.REM+SUM MASS REM+REM EFF(OTHERWISE ONLY CONC DATA)
152 C      7=PRINT OUTPUT WITH NO FORM FEEDS
153 C      8=PRINT ANSWERS DURING EACH ITERATION (IN MAIN PROGRAM) AND CONTROL
PLO
154 C      9=CONTROL PLOT FILE OUTPUT
155 C      TVAL=CONTROL OUTPUT OF GROUP CONTRIBUTION T-VALUE DATA
156  PRTSW1=NINT(DD(2,9))
157  PRTSW2=NINT(DD(2,10))
158  PRTSW3=NINT(DD(2,11))
159  PRTSW4=NINT(DD(2,12))
160  PRTSW5=NINT(DD(2,13))
161  PRTSW6=NINT(DD(2,14))
162  PRTSW7=NINT(DD(2,15))
163  PRTSW8=NINT(DD(2,16))
164 C
165 C      **** MAKE DECISION ON CONCENTRATION AND EFFICIENCY PLOT DATA ****
166  WRITE (*,*) 'DO YOU WISH TO WRITE INCREMENT DATA TO A PLOT FILE?'
167  WRITE (*,*) '      1. Concentration Data (C)'
168  WRITE (*,*) '      2. Efficiency Data (E)'
169  WRITE (*,*) '      3. Both Concentration and Efficiency Data (B)'
170  WRITE (*,*) '      4. Neither (N)'
171  WRITE (*,*) 'ENTER YOUR SELECTION:

```

```

172      READ (*,'(A)') DES
173      IF (DES.EQ.'C') THEN
174          PRTSW9=1
175      ELSEIF (DES.EQ.'E') THEN
176          PRTSW9=2
177      ELSEIF (DES.EQ.'B') THEN
178          PRTSW9=3
179      ELSE
180          PRTSW9=0
181      ENDIF
182 C
183 C      ***** MAKE DECISION ON T-VALUE OUTPUT *****
184 WRITE (*,*) 'PRINT GROUP CONTRIBUTION T-VALUE DATA?'
185 WRITE (*,*) '    1. Print to Normal Output (Y)'
186 WRITE (*,*) '    2. Print to Normal Output and Plot File (P)'
187 WRITE (*,*) '    3. Do Not Print (N)'
188 WRITE (*,*) 'ENTER YOUR SELECTION: '
189     READ (*,'(A)') DES
190     IF (DES.EQ.'Y') THEN
191         TVAL=1
192     ELSEIF (DES.EQ.'P') THEN
193         TVAL=2
194     ELSE
195         TVAL=3
196     ENDIF
197 C
198 C      CHANGE TO NO FORM FEED IF PRTSW7=1
199     IF (PRTSW7.EQ.1) THEN
200         IDEVNO=7
201     ENDIF
202
203 C      ***** MAKE DECISIONS ON DATA OUTPUT *****
204 C      THIS IS WHERE ALL PROGRAM OUTPUT DATA FILES ARE OPENED
205 C      THEY MUST BE CLOSED AT THE END OF THE PROGRAM
206
207 C      SECTION WHICH CHECKS FOR EXISTANCE OF OUTPUT FILE & OPENS IT
208 050 WRITE(*,*) ' WRITE OUTPUT TO FILE, PRINTER, SCREEN, OR END?'
209     WRITE (*,*) '(FILE NAME/LPT1/CON/END)'
210 C      ***** NOTE: LPT1 OUTPUT REQUIRES 132 COLUMNS *****
211     READ(*,'(A)') FNAME
212 C      QUIT IF FNAME=END
213     IF(FNAME.EQ.'END') GOTO 999
214     IF((FNAME.NE.'LPT1').AND.(FNAME.NE.'CON')) THEN
215         INQUIRE(FILE=FNAME,EXIST=EX)
216         IF (EX) THEN
217             WRITE(*,*) 'FILE EXISTS - OVERWRITE? (Y/N) '
218             READ(*,'(A)') DES
219             IF (DES.NE.'Y') THEN
220                 GOTO 50
221             ELSE
222                 OPEN(IDEVNO,FILE=FNAME,STATUS='OLD',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
223             ENDIF
224             ELSE
225                 OPEN (IDEVNO,FILE=FNAME,STATUS='NEW',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
226             ENDIF
227         ENDIF
228         IF ((FNAME.EQ.'LPT1').OR.(FNAME.EQ.'CON')) THEN
229             OPEN(IDEVNO,FILE=FNAME,IOSTAT=IOVAL)
230         ENDIF
231         IF(IOVAL.NE.0) THEN

```

```

232      CLOSE (IDEVNO)
233      WRITE(*,*)'IOERROR= ',IOVAL
234      GOTO 50
235      ENDIF
236 C
237 C      *** OPEN FILE FOR CONCENTRATION PLOT DATA IF PRTSW9=1 OR 3 ***
238 C
239      IF ((PRTSW9.EQ.1).OR.(PRTSW9.EQ.3)) THEN
240 052      WRITE (*,*) 'FILE NAME FOR CONCENTRATION PLOT DATA OUTPUT? '
241          READ (*,'(A)') FCPILOT
242          INQUIRE (FILE=FCPILOT,EXIST=EX)
243          IF (EX) THEN
244              WRITE (*,*) 'PLOT FILE EXISTS - OVERWRITE? (Y/N) '
245              READ (*,'(A)') DES
246              IF (DES.NE.'Y') THEN
247                  GOTO 52
248              ELSE
249                  OPEN (UNIT=10,FILE=FCPILOT,STATUS='OLD',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
250                  ENDIF
251              ENDIF
252              OPEN (UNIT=10,FILE=FCPILOT,STATUS='NEW',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
253          ENDIF
254          IF (IOVAL.NE.0) THEN
255              CLOSE (UNIT=10)
256              WRITE (*,*) 'IOERROR= ',IOVAL
257              GOTO 52
258          ENDIF
259 C
260 C      ***** OPEN FILE FOR EFFICIENCY PLOT DATA IF PRTSW9=2 OR 3 *****
261 C
262      IF ((PRTSW9.EQ.2).OR.(PRTSW9.EQ.3)) THEN
263 054      WRITE (*,*) 'FILE NAME FOR EFFICIENCY PLOT DATA OUTPUT? '
264          READ (*,'(A)') FEPLOT
265          INQUIRE (FILE=FEPLOT,EXIST=EX)
266          IF (EX) THEN
267              WRITE (*,*) 'PLOT FILE EXISTS - OVERWRITE? (Y/N) '
268              READ (*,'(A)') DES
269              IF (DES.NE.'Y') THEN
270                  GOTO 54
271              ELSE
272                  OPEN (UNIT=12,FILE=FEPLOT,STATUS='OLD',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
273                  ENDIF
274              ENDIF
275              OPEN (UNIT=12,FILE=FEPLOT,STATUS='NEW',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
276          ENDIF
277          IF (IOVAL.NE.0) THEN
278              CLOSE (UNIT=12)
279              WRITE (*,*) 'IOERROR= ',IOVAL
280              GOTO 54
281          ENDIF
282 C
283 C      ***** OPEN FILE FOR T-VALUE PLOT DATA IF TVAL=2 *****
284 C
285      IF (TVAL.EQ.2) THEN
286 056      WRITE (*,*) 'FILE NAME FOR T-VALUE PLOT DATA OUTPUT? '
287          READ (*,'(A)') FTPLOT
288          INQUIRE (FILE=FTPLOT,EXIST=EX)
289          IF (EX) THEN
290              WRITE (*,*) 'PLOT FILE EXISTS - OVERWRITE? (Y/N) '

```

```

291      READ (*, '(A)') DES
292      IF (DES.NE.'Y') THEN
293          GOTO 56
294      ELSE
295          OPEN (UNIT=11,FILE=FTPLOT,STATUS='OLD',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
296          ENDIF
297      ENDIF
298      OPEN (UNIT=11,FILE=FTPLOT,STATUS='NEW',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
299      ENDIF
300      IF (IOVAL.NE.0) THEN
301          CLOSE (UNIT=11)
302          WRITE (*,*) 'IOERROR= ', IOVAL
303          GOTO 56
304      ENDIF
305 C
306 C
307 C     CALL SYSTEM TIME AND DATE
308 C     THIS MUST BE CALLED ONLY ONCE SO THAT THE TIME AND DATE WILL
309 C     BE THE SAME ON ALL OUTPUT INFORMATION FOR ONE RUN
310     CALL DATTM(IMONTH>IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,ISECOND)
311
312 C     SET IPGCTR=COUNTER FOR SEQUENTIAL PAGE NUMBERS ON ALL OUTPUTS
313     IPGCTR=0
314
315 C     ***** CHECK BASIC TIME INCREMENT *****
316 C     ***** BASIC TIME INCREMENT (HRS)-DD(1,11) *****
317     BINC=DD(1,11)
318 C     ***** TEST FOR BINC=0 (CAUSES ENDLESS TIME LOOP) *****
319     IF (BINC.EQ.0) THEN
320         CLOSE (IDEVNO)
321         WRITE(*,*) ' ERROR-BASIC TIME INCREMENT=0'
322         GOTO 999
323     ENDIF
324
325 C     ***** ZERO INITIAL VARIABLES *****
326     TN=0
327     TN1=0
328     NINC=0
329 C
330 C     ***** PRECALCULATION SET UP ROUTINE *****
331 C     *          PRECALCULATION SET UP ROUTINE          *
332 C
333 C     FOR ALL CONTAMINANTS ONE AT A TIME AT CAV PRED=1E-20, CALC INIT
334 C     DEV EFF AND LOAD IT INTO MAT CC-ALSO CALC CAVPRD(CAV PREDICTED)
335 C     OUTPUTS TO PRECALC SET UP ROUTINE:
336 C     TN1=INCREMENT INITIAL TIME (HRS)
337 C     BINC=BASIC INCREMENT SIZE (HRS) (REF.=DD(1,11)) PASS IN???
338 C     LIN=NO. OF CONT IN MAT CC AND NN
339 C     DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & SIZE OF MAT DD
340 C     CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CC
341 C     CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CDI
342 C     LIN2=NO. DEVICES IN MAT DD
343 C     NN=NAME OF MAT NN
344 C     INPUTS FROM PRECALC SETUP ROUTINE-SUBROUTINE PCSET:
345 C     PUT IN MAT CC
346 C     CAVPRD=PRED CABIN AV CONC (MG/CU M): =CC(I,2)
347 C     CEQLIB=EQUILIBRIUM CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M):=CC(I,3)
348 C     CFINAL=FINAL CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M):=CC(I,4)
349 C     PUTS REM EFF FROM DD COL 20 IN CC(I,7-10-13-16 ETC)
350 C     PUTS M.REM IN CC(I,5-8-11-14..)

```

```

351
352     CALL PCSET(TN1,LIN,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
353     +CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN2,NN,PRTSW1,IMSGDN)
354
355 C      ***** END OF PRECALCULATION SETUP ROUTINE *****
356
357 C      ***** BEGINNING OF CALCULATION FOR EACH TIME INCREMENT *****
358 C      *
359 C
360 100 CONTINUE
361 C
362 C      ***** INCREASE INCREMENT COUNTER *****
363 NINC=NINC+1
364 C
365 C      ***** SET UP TIME INCREMENT SIZE FOR INCREMENT *****
366 C
367 IF (NINC.EQ.1) TN=BINC/24
368 IF (NINC.EQ.2) TN=BINC/2
369 IF (NINC.EQ.3) TN=BINC
370 IF (NINC.GT.3) TN=TN+BINC
371 C      CHECK FOR INCREMENT FINAL TIME > MISSION TIME
372 IF(TN.GT.TMIS) TN=TMIS
373 C
374 C      ***** CHECK FOR CHANGES IN BASIC TIME INCREMENT *****
375 BINCNEW=BINC
376 DO 105 K=1,LIN1
377 IF ((TT(K,1).GE.TN1).AND.(TT(K,1).LT.TN)) THEN
378   IF ((TT(K,4).EQ.1).AND.(TT(K,6).EQ.11)) THEN
379     BINCNEW=TT(K,7)
380   ENDIF
381 ENDIF
382 105 CONTINUE
383 IF (BINC.NE.BINCNEW) THEN
384   TN=TN-BINC+BINCNEW
385   BINC=BINCNEW
386   DD(1,11)=BINC
387 ENDIF
388 C
389 C      STORE PREVIOUS INCREMENT CABIN VOLUME
390 PREVCVOL=DD(1,9)
391 C
392 C      ***** READ TIME DEPENDENT DATA *****
393 C      CALL TIME DEPENDENT DATA SUBROUTINE-RINCDD
394 CALL RINCDD(I,TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,LIN2,
395 +CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN,TT,NTTROW,NTTCOL,LIN1)
396 C
397 C      CHECK TO SEE IF CABIN VOLUME HAS CHANGED, AND IF SO
398 C      UPDATE INITIAL CABIN CONCENTRATION FOR NEW VOLUME
399 IF(PREVCVOL.NE.DD(1,9)) THEN
400   DO 200 I=1,LIN
401     CC(I,1)=CC(I,6)/DD(1,9)
402 200 CONTINUE
403 ENDIF
404 C
405 C      ***** LIST INCREMENT NO. AND TIMES TO CONSOLE *****
406 IF((FNAME.NE.'CON').OR.(PRTSW8.NE.1))THEN
407   OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
408   WRITE(IMSGDN,65)NINC,TN1,TN
409 065   FORMAT (1X,'INCR NO.= ',I5,' BEGIN & END TIMES (hours)=',
410 + F9.3,2X,F9.3)

```

```

411      CLOSE (IMSGDN)
412      ENDIF
413
414 C      *****STORE ORIGINAL Q DEVICE IN DD COL 7 (TAKEN FROM DD COL 2)*****
415 DO 110 J=1,LIN2
416     DD(J,7)=DD(J,2)
417 110 CONTINUE
418
419 C      ***** CHECK FOR REGENERATION IN TIME INCREMENT *****
420 C      CALL REGENERATION SUBROUTINE REGEN
421 C      CALL REGEN(TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
422 +CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN,LIN2,IMSGDN)
423
424 C      ***** CALL MAIN CALCULATION SUBROUTINE *****
425 C      OUTPUTS TO MAIN CALC SUBROUTINE-MCALC:
426 C      I=CONTAMINANT NO.
427 C      TN,TN1 =INCREMENT END & BEGINNING TIME (HRS)
428 C      DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIM OF MAT DD
429 C      CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIM OF MAT CC
430 C      CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & DIM OF MAT CDI
431 C      NN=NAME OF MAT NN
432 C      LIN=NUMBER OF CONTAMINANTS IN MAT NN & CDI
433 C      LIN2=NO. DEVICES IN MAT DD
434 C      INPUTS FROM MAIN CALC ROUTINE-MCALC:
435 C      TO MAT CC
436 C      PUTS CAVCLC,CEQLIV,&CFINAL IN CC(I,2-3 &4)
437 C      PUTS REM EFF FROM DD COL20 IN CC(I,7-10-13 ETC)
438 C      PUTS M.REM FOR EACH DEV FROM DD COL21 IN CC(I,6-9-12 ETC)
439 C      PUTS SUM MASS REM FOR EACH DEV IN CC(I,8-11-14 ETC)
440
441      CALL MCALC(I,TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,
442 +CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,LIN,LIN2,
443 +PRTSW2,PRTSW3,PRTSW4,IMSGDN)
444
445 C      ***** CALCULATE LIOH USED IN INCREMENT *****
446 C      CALL LIOH REMOVAL SUBROUTINE SLIOH
447 C      CALL SLIOH(TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
448 +CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN,LIN2)
449 C
450 C      ***** RESTORE DEVICE FLOW *****
451 C      RESTORE ORIGINAL DEVICE FLOW RATE FROM DD COL 7 TO DD COL 2
452 DO 120 J=1,LIN2
453     DD(J,2)=DD(J,7)
454 120 CONTINUE
455
456 C      ***** PRINTOUT OF DATA FOR EACH TIME INCREMENT *****
457 C      IF PRTSW5=1 THEN PRINT MAT DD+MAT CC INFO FOR THIS CONTAMINANT
458 C      IF (PRTSW5.EQ.1) THEN
459 C          OPEN (IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
460 C          WRITE(IMSGDN,*)'PRINTOUT FOR MAT CC & DD AT END OF TIME INCR'
461 C          WRITE(IMSGDN,*)'INFO FROM MAT CC'
462 C          CLOSE(IMSGDN)
463 C          CALL CROUT(NN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,1,NCOL1,LIN,1,LIN,IMSGDN)
464 C          CALL CROUT(NN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,1,NCOL1,LIN,1,LIN,IMSGDN,NINC,
465 +    FNAME,IDEVNO,IOVAL)
466 C          OPEN (IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
467 C          WRITE(IMSGDN,*)'INFO FROM MAT DD'
468 C          CLOSE(IMSGDN)
469 C          CALL RROUT(DD,NROW,NCOL,1,NCOL,LIN2,IMSGDN)
470 C          CALL RROUT(DD,NROW,NCOL,1,NCOL,LIN2,IMSGDN,FNAME,IDEVNO,IOVAL)

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471      ENDIF
472
473 C      ***** REGULAR PRINTOUT OF DATA FOR EACH INCREMENT *****
474      IF (PRTSW8.EQ.1) THEN
475          CALL DATOUT(TN,TN1,LIN,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
476          + CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN2,NN,PRTSW6,PRTSW8,PRTSW9,
477          + IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH>IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR,
478          + TVAL,FCPLOT,IDEVN1,IDEVN3,IDEVN2)
479
480      IF (IOVAL.NE.0) THEN
481          CLOSE (IDEVNO)
482          WRITE(*,*)"PROGRAM DATA OUTPUT ERROR IN INCREMENT = ",NINC
483          GOTO 999
484      ENDIF
485      ENDIF
486 C      ***** CONTROLS PLOT DATA OUTPUT IF PRTSW8=0 *****
487      IF (PRTSW8.EQ.0) THEN
488          IF ((PRTSW9.GT.0).OR.(TVAL.EQ.2)) THEN
489              CALL DATOUT (TN,TN1,LIN,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
490              + CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN2,NN,PRTSW6,PRTSW8,PRTSW9,
491              + IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH>IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,
492              + IPGCTR,TVAL,FCPLOT,IDEVN1,IDEVN3,IDEVN2)
493          ENDIF
494      ENDIF
495 C      ***** CHECK FOR END OF MISSION *****
496 C      IF(TN.GE.TMIS) THEN
497          END TIME LOOP
498 C          CONTINUE
499
500      ELSE
501 C          ***** UPDATE FOR NEXT TIME INCREMENT AND REPEAT *****
502 C          SET TFINAL FOR THIS INCR = TINIT FOR NEXT INCR
503          TN1=TN
504 C          SET CFINAL FOR INCR=CINIT FOR NEXT INCR-ALL CONTAMINANTS
505          DO 130 I=1,LIN
506              CC(I,1)=CC(I,4)
507          130      CONTINUE
508          GOTO 100
509      ENDIF
510 C
511 C      ***** END OF CALCULATION FOR EACH TIME INTERVAL *****
512 C
513 C
514
515 C      ***** PRINT FINAL ANSWERS AT END OF MISSION IF DESIRED *****
516 900      CONTINUE
517      IF (PRTSW8.EQ.0) THEN
518          CALL DATOUT(TN,TN1,LIN,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
519          + CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN2,NN,PRTSW6,PRTSW8,PRTSW9,
520          + IDEVNO,-1,IMONTH>IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR,
521          + TVAL,FCPLOT,IDEVN1,IDEVN3,IDEVN2)
522
523      IF (IOVAL.NE.0) THEN
524          CLOSE (IDEVNO)
525          WRITE(*,*)"PROGRAM DATA OUTPUT ERROR - FINAL PRINTOUT"
526          GOTO 999
527      ENDIF
528      ENDIF
529 C      ***** CLOSE ALL PROGRAM OUTPUT FILES *****
530      CLOSE (IDEVNO)

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```
531      CLOSE (IDEVN1)
532      CLOSE (IDEVN3)
533      CLOSE (IDEVN2)
534 C
535 999 CONTINUE
536      WRITE(*,*)'DO YOU WISH TO RUN ANOTHER CASE? (Y/N)'
537      READ (*,'(A)')DES
538      IF (DES.EQ.'Y') THEN
539          GO TO 011
540      ENDIF
541 C ****
542 C *
543 C *           END OF MAIN PROGRAM
544 C ****
544 END
```

```
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0
NUMBER OF ERRORS    IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0
NUMBER OF ERRORS    IN COMPILATION : 0
```

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)  
Source File: C:\FORTRAN\TCC\ACHBD. Options: /C 80 /L /BIJY 03/15/94 10:38:54

```
1 C      ****  
2 C      * FILE: ACHBD.FOR  
3 C      * SUBROUTINE FOR REM EFF-AXIAL FLOW CHARCOAL BED  
4 C      * DOESNT ALLOW FOR DESORPTION  
5 C      ****  
6 C  
7 C      SUBROUTINE ACHBD (TN,TN1,CIIN,TCABIN,COEXIS,BEDQ,EMAX,BEDL,  
8 C      +BEDDIA,DENCH,TRTTYP,DCONT,VMOL,MW,VCONC,SOL,SMR,EFF,RH)  
9 C      OUTPUT:  
10 C      EFF=BED REMOVAL EFF(DEC)  
11 C      INPUTS:  
12 C      TN,TNI=INCREMENT INITIAL AND FINAL TIMES (HR)  
13 C      CIIN=BED INLET CONT CONC (MG/CU M)  
14 C      TCABIN=CABIN TEMP (DEG K)  
15 C      COEXIS=COEXISTANCE FACTOR  
16 C      BEDQ=BED FLOW RATE(CU M/HR)  
17 C      EMAX=MAXIMUM BED EFF (DEC)  
18 C      BEDL=BED LENGTH (M)  
19 C      BEDDIA=BED DIAMETER (M)  
20 C      DENCH=DENSITY OF CHARCOAL IN BED (KG/CU M)  
21 C      TRTTYP=BED TREATMENT TYPE(1=CI CHAR,2=PHOS ACID, OTHER  
22 C      #=NONE)  
23 C      DCONT=CONT LIQUID DENSITY (GM/CC)  
24 C      VMOL=CONT MOLAR VOL(GM/CC)  
25 C      MW=CONT MOLECULAR WGT  
26 C      VCONC=CONT VAPOR CONCENTRATION AT TCABIN (MG/CU M)  
27 C      SOL=HENRY'S LAW CONSTANT FOR WATER SOLUBILITY  
28 C      (ATM/MOL FRACTION)  
29 C      SMR=SUM OF CONT MASS STORED IN BED(MG)-FROM LAST INCR  
30 C  
31 C      REAL LPREV, LAVN1, LUTIL, LIMM, LAVAV, LADS,MW  
32 C      INTEGER FACID,FCI  
33 C  
34 C      SET CIN=CIIN (THIS PREVENTS CIN FROM BEING PASSED BACK UP  
35 C          TO OTHER SUBROUTINES IF IT IS SET TO 1E-20)  
36 C      CIN=CIIN  
37 C  
38 C      BED TREATMENT LOGIC  
39 C          FACID=FLAG IF BED IS TREATED WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID (Y=1  
40 C          N=0)  
41 C          FCI=FLAG FOR CI CHAR IN BED (REMOVES FORMALDAHYDE)  
42 C          IF (NINT(TRTTYP).EQ.2) THEN  
43 C              FACID=1  
44 C              FCI=0  
45 C          ELSEIF (NINT(TRTTYP).EQ.1) THEN  
46 C              FACID=0  
47 C              FCI=1  
48 C          ELSE  
49 C              FACID=0  
50 C              FCI=0  
51 C          ENDIF  
52 C  
53 C          TEST FOR NO BED FLOW (BEDQ=<0) OR  
54 C          TN-TN1<=0;BEDL,BEDDIA,DENCH=0  
55 C          IF((BEDQ.LE.0).OR.(TN-TN1.LE.0).OR.(BEDL.LE.0).OR.(BEDDIA.LE.0)  
56 C          +.OR.(DENCH.LE.0)) THEN  
57 C              EFF=0
```

```

58      GOTO 199
59      ENDIF
60 C   TEST FOR CI CHARCOAL AND FORMALDEHYDE(FCI=1 AND MW=30.03
61      IF((MW.EQ.30.03).AND.(FCI.EQ.1)) THEN
62          CALL CICH(EFF,EMAX,BEDL,BEDDIA,DENCH,SMR,BEDQ)
63          GOTO 199
64      ENDIF
65 C   TEST FOR AMMONIA AND H3PO4 ACID ON CHAR (FACID=1 AND
66 C   MW=17.0)
67      IF ((MW.EQ.17.0).AND.(FACID.EQ.1)) THEN
68          CALL ACIDCH(EFF,EMAX,BEDL,BEDDIA,DENCH,SMR)
69          GOTO 199
70      ENDIF
71 C   TEST FOR MOL VOL=0 (NO CHAR REMOVAL)
72      IF (VMOL.EQ.0) THEN
73          EFF=0
74          GOTO 199
75      ENDIF
76 C   CHARCOAL REMOVAL EFFICIENCY CALCULATION
77 C   SUPERFICIAL BED VEL(FT/MIN)
78      BEDVEL=BEDQ*.06960/BEDDIA**2
79 C   TEST FOR CIN TOO SMALL IN AVAL CALC
80      IF (CIN.LT.1E-20) CIN=1E-20
81      AVAL=(TCABIN/VMOL)*LOG10(VCONC/CIN)
82 C   ADS ZONE LENGTH FOR 90% REMOVAL (M)
83      LADS=AVAL*.000275*(BEDVEL/1.3)**.8
84 C   GET QI(CC LIQ CONT/GM CHAR)
85      CALL FQI(AVAL,QI,FACID,SOL,RH)
86 C   LENGTH OF BED PREVIOUSLY USED BY CONT AT THIS C INLET (M)
87      LPREV=SMR*1.273E-6*COEXIS/(DCONT*DENCH*BEDDIA**2*QI)
88 C   RATE OF BED USAGE (M BED/ MG CONT)
89      LIMM=1.273E-6*COEXIS/(DCONT*DENCH*BEDDIA**2*QI)
90 C   LENGTH OF BED AVAILABLE FOR ADS ZONE AT BEGINNING OF
91 C   INCREMENT (M)
92      LAVN1=BEDL-LPREV
93      IF (LAVN1.LT.0) LAVN1=0
94 C   FIX HERE IF DESORPTION IS DESIRED
95      IF (LAVN1/LADS.GT.20) THEN
96          EFAV=EMAX
97      ELSE
98          INIT INCR EFF BASED ON C IN AND BED L AVAIL AT BEG OF
99          INCR (DEC)
100         EFAVN1=EMAX*(1-EXP(-2.3025851*LAVN1/LADS))
101         LOOP FOR EFFICIENCY
102         EFAV=EFAVN1
103         DO 399 J=1,10,1
104         LENGTH OF BED UTILIZ IN INCR (M)
105         LUTIL=CIN*BEDQ*EFFAV*(TN-TN1)*LIMM
106         IF (LUTIL.GT.LAVN1) THEN
107             GOTO 299
108         ELSE
109             AVERAGE BED LENGTH AVAIL (M)
110             LAVAV=LAVN1-LUTIL/2
111             IF ((LAVAV/LADS).GE.20) THEN
112                 EFAV=EMAX
113                 GOTO 299
114             ELSE

```

```

118 C          AV EFF BASED ON AV BED L AVAIL (DEC)
119          EFFAV=EMAX*(1-EXP(-2.3025851*LAVAV/LADS))
120          ENDIF
121          ENDIF
122 399      CONTINUE
123 299      ENDIF
124 C          MAX EFF BASED ON C IN AND RATE OF BED USAGE (DEC)
125          EFFMAX=LAVN1/(CIN*BEDQ*(TN-TN1)*LIMM)
126          IF (EFFAV.GT.EFFMAX) EFFAV=EFFMAX
127          IF (EFFAV.LT.0) EFFAV=0
128          IF (EFFAV.GT.EMAX) EFFAV=EMAX
129 C          EFF=ACTUAL EFF OUTPUT FROM SUBROUTINE
130          EFF=EFFAV
131 C          REMOVE THIS CHECK IF DESORPTION IS ADDED
132 199      IF (EFF.LT.0) EFF=0
133          IF (EFF.GT.EMAX) EFF=EMAX
134          RETURN
135          END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

136 C          ****
137 C          * SUBROUTINE ACIDCH - CALCULATES REMOVAL EFF      *
138 C          * BED WITH NH3 AND 1.22 MILLIMOLE H3PO4 ON CHAR      *
139 C          ****
140          SUBROUTINE ACIDCH(EFF, EMAX, BEDL, BEDDIA, DENCH, SMR)
141          OUTPUTS
142          EFF=OUTPUT REMOVAL EFF (DEC)
143          INPUTS
144          EMAX=MAXIMUM BED REMOVAL EFF (DEC)
145          BEDL=BED LENGTH (M)
146          BEDDIA=BED DIAMETER (M)
147          DENCH=CHARCOAL DENSITY(KG/CU M)
148          SMR=SUM OF MASS OF CONT REMOVED AT BEG OF INCR (MG)
149          C
150          FOR AMMONIA CAPACITY AT SMAC
151          CHAR USED (KG)
152          CHRUSD=1.6E-4*SMR
153          CHAR BED WGT(KG)
154          BEDWGT=BEDL*BEDDIA**2*.785*DENCH
155          IF (CHRUSD.LT.0.8*BEDWGT) THEN
156              EFF=EMAX
157          ELSE
158              EFF=EMAX*SIN((BEDWGT-CHRUSD)*1.57/(BEDWGT*0.2))
159          ENDIF
160          PREVENTS NEGATIVE EFF FOR REACTION
161          IF (EFF.LT.0) EFF=0
162          IF (EFF.GT.EMAX) EFF=EMAX
163          RETURN
164          END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

165 C          ****
166 C          * SUBROUTINE CICH - CALCULATES REMOVAL EFF      *
167 C          * FOR FORMALDELYDE AND CI CHAR BED             *
168 C          ****
169          SUBROUTINE CICH(EFF, EMAX, BEDL, BEDDIA, DENCH, SMR, BEDQ)

```

```

170 C      OUTPUTS
171 C      EFF=OUTPUT REMOVAL EFF (DEC)
172 C      INPUTS
173 C      EMAX=MAXIMUM BED REMOVAL EFF (DEC)
174 C      BEDL=BED LENGTH (M)
175 C      BEDDIA=BED DIAMETER (M)
176 C      DENCH=CHARCOAL DENSITY (KG/CU M)
177 C      SMR=SUM OF MASS OF CONT REMOVED AT BEG OF INCR (MG)
178 C      BEDQ=BED FLOW RATE (CU M/HR)
179 C
180          BEDWGT=BEDL*BEDDIA**2*.785*DENCH
181 C      PERCENT OF BED WEIGHT CONSUMED (DEC)
182          PBWGT=SMR/(BEDWGT*1E6)
183          IF(PBWGT.LT..0012) THEN
184              EFF=1-PBWGT*83.3
185          ELSE
186              EFF=.9*COS(PBWGT*1.57/.05)
187          ENDIF
188 C      BED RESIDENCE TIME (SEC)
189          BREST=BEDL*BEDDIA**2*3600/(BEDQ*1.273)
190          IF(BREST.LT.0.25)THEN
191              EFF=EFF*BREST/.25
192          ENDIF
193 C      PREVENTS NEGATIVE EFF FOR REACTION
194 C      IF (EFF.LT.0) EFF=0
195          IF(EFF.GT.EMAX) EFF=EMAX
196          RETURN
197      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

198 C      ****
199 C      * SUBROUTINE FQI - FINDS QI, THE ACID TREATED *
200 C      * CHARCOAL CAPACITY FOR A CONTAMINANT AT 0 TO 75% RH *
201 C      * (CC LIQ CONT/GM CHAR) *
202 C      ****
203          SUBROUTINE FQI(AVAL,QI,FACID,SOL,RH)
204          INTEGER FACID
205 C      OUTPUTS
206 C          QI=CHARCOAL CAPACITY (CC LIQ CONT/GM CHAR)
207 C      INPUTS
208 C          AVAL= A VALUE OF CONTAMINANT
209 C          FACID= FLAG FOR ACID TREATED CHAR IN BED (Y=1 N=0)
210 C          SOL=CONTAMINANT HENRY'S LAW CONSTANT (ATM/MOL FRACTION)
211 C          RH=RELATIVE HUMIDITY (%)
212 C
213          IF (RH.LT.0) RH=0
214 C          CARBON CAPACITY DATA NOT AVAILABLE ABOVE 75% RH
215          IF (RH.GT.75) RH=75
216 C
217          IF (AVAL.LT.0) AVAL=0
218 C          A VALUE .GT. 8 AND .LT. 200
219          IF ((AVAL .GT. 8) .AND. (AVAL.LT.200)) THEN
220 C          SOLUBLE CONTAMINANTS
221              IF(SOL.GT.0.AND.SOL.LT.5) THEN
222                  QI=2.1*EXP(-0.31*AVAL)
223 C          INSOLUBLE CONTAMINANTS (IF HENRY'S LAW CONSTANT FOR A CONTAM.
224 C          IS NOT AVAILABLE A 0 VALUE IS ASSIGNED AND CONTAMINANT IS
225 C          CONSIDERED WATER INSOLUBLE)

```

```

226      ELSE
227          IF (RH.LE.50) THEN
228              QI=(0.000096*RH**2-0.0188*RH+2.11)*EXP(-0.31*AVAL)
229          ELSEIF (RH.GT.50) THEN
230              QI=(0.000096*RH**2-0.0188*RH+2.11)*
231          +          EXP(-AVAL*(0.25+0.0012*RH))
232          END IF
233      ENDIF
234 C    A VALUE .LE. 8
235      ELSEIF (AVAL.LE.8) THEN
236          IF(SOL.GT.0.AND.SOL.LT.5) THEN
237              QI=0.5-AVAL*0.0405
238          ELSE
239              QI=-0.0000128*RH**2-0.00264*RH+0.5+(0.00000112*RH**2+
240          +          0.000208*RH-0.0405)*AVAL
241          ENDIF
242 C    AVAL .GE. 200
243      ELSE
244          QI=1E-20
245      ENDIF
246      RETURN
247  END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\ALIOH.F Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:54:48

```

1 C ****
2 C *          SUBROUTINE ALIOH - AXIAL FLOW BED *
3 C *          CALCULATES REMOVAL EFFICIENCY FOR LIOH *
4 C ****
5 C
6     SUBROUTINE ALIOH(TN,TN1,EMAX,BEDL,DENLI,BEDDIA,RWUTLI,SWUTLI,
7 +REMFACT,EFF)
8 C
9 C INPUTS:
10 C TN=FINAL INCREMENT TIME (HRS)
11 C TN1=INITIAL INCREMENT TIME (HRS)
12 C EMAX=MAXIMUM POSSIBLE REMOVAL EFFICIENCY (DEC)
13 C BEDL=BED LENGTH (M)
14 C DENLI=LIOH DENSITY (KG/CU M)
15 C BEDDIA=BED DIAMETER (M)
16 C RWUTLI=RATE OF LIOH USAGE FOR ALL CONTAMINANTS FROM LAST INCR(KG/HR)
17 C SWUTLI=SUM OF WEIGHT OF LIOH UTILIZED FROM LAST INCR(KG)
18 C REMFACT=LIOH REMOVAL FACTOR (LB LIOH/LB CONTAMINANT)
19 C OUTPUTS:
20 C EFF=REMOVAL EFFICIENCY (DEC)
21 C
22 C IF CONT DOESNT REACT WITH LIOH OR BEDL<=0 OR BED DIA <=0 OR
23 C DENLI <=0 THEN REM EFF =0
24 C     IF((REMFACT.LE.0).OR.(BEDL.LE.0).OR.(BEDDIA.LE.0).OR.(DENLI.LE.0))
25 C + THEN
26 C     EFF=0
27 C ELSE
28 C     BED WEIGHT (KG)
29 C     BEDWGT=BEDL*(BEDDIA)**2*.785*DENLI
30 C     TOTAL WEIGHT OF LIOH UTILIZED AT AVERAGE TIME IN INCREMENT (KG)
31 C     TWUTLI=SWUTLI+RWUTLI*(TN-TN1)/2
32 C     IF (TWUTLI/BEDWGT.LE.0.8) THEN
33 C         EFF=EMAX
34 C     ELSE
35 C         EFF=EMAX*SIN((BEDWGT-TWUTLI)*1.57/(BEDWGT*0.2))
36 C     ENDIF
37 C     IF (BEDL.LT.0.0191) THEN
38 C         EFF=EFF*BEDL/0.0191
39 C     ENDIF
40 C ENDIF
41 C IF(EFF.LT.0) EFF=0
42 C IF(EFF.GT.EMAX) EFF=EMAX
43 C RETURN
44 C END
45 C **** END OF SUBROUTINE ALIOH ****

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

```
RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)
Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\CAFILL. Options: /C 80 /L /BY      05/21/92 12:54:53
1 C      ****
2 C      *      SUBROUTINE CAFILL
3 C      *      SUBROUTINE TO FILL ADJUSTABLE SIZE CHAR ARRAY WITH BLANKS *
4 C      ****
5      SUBROUTINE CAFILL(NN,NROW,NCOL)
6      INTEGER NROW,NCOL
7      CHARACTER NN(NROW,NCOL)*30
8
9 C      NN=ARRAY NAME-ARRAY HAS 30 CHARACTERS
10 C     NROW=NUMBER OF ROWS IN ARRAY (INTEGER)
11 C     NCOL=NUMBER OF COLUMNS IN ARRAY(INTEGER) 12
13     DO 110 I=1,NROW
14     DO 100 J=1,NCOL
15       NN(I,J)=' '
16 100  CONTINUE
17 110  CONTINUE
18  RETURN
19 C      ***** END OF SUBROUTINE CAFILL ****
20  END
```

```
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0
NUMBER OF ERRORS   IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0
NUMBER OF ERRORS   IN COMPILATION : 0
```

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\CALCM.F Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:54:56

```

1 C      ****
2 C      *          SUBROUTINE      CALCM      *
3 C      *  SUBROUTINE TO CALCULATE SUM OF MASSES REMOVED BY ALL DEVICES  *
4 C      *  USES CAV CABIN, REM EFF DD(J,20), & M.GEN DD(J,19) TO CALC   *
5 C      *  DEVICE CIN & COUT DD(J,17)& DD(J,18),M.REM CABIN+DEV DD(J,21)*
6 C      ****
7
8      SUBROUTINE CALCM(DD,NROW,NCOL,CAV,SMGEN,SMREM,TN,LIN2)
9      INTEGER NROW,NCOL,LIN2
10     REAL DD(NROW,NCOL)

11 C
12 C SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
13 C   NONE
14
15 C INPUTS:
16 C   CAV=CABIN CONT AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MG/CU M)
17 C   DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME AND SIZE OF MAT DD
18 C   TN=INCREMENT FINAL TIME (HRS)
19 C   LIN2=NO. OF DEVICES IN MAT DD
20 C   REM EFF AND DEVICE+CABIN M.GEN MUST BE LOADED INTO MAT DD
21 C   BEFORE USING THIS SUBROUTINE
22 C OUTPUTS:
23 C   M.REM (MG/HR) FOR ALL DEVICES + CABIN CALCULATED AT CAV,
24 C   ARE STORED IN MAT DD COL 21
25 C   SMREM=SUM OF MASS OF CONT REM IN DEVICES (MG/HR)
26 C   SMGEN=SUM OF MASS GENERATED BY ALL DEVICES + CABIN (MG/HR)
27 C
28 C   LOAD DEVICES 1 AND 2 WITH CIN AND COUT+M.REMOVED FOR DEV 2
29 C   DEVICE 1=CABIN
30 C     LOAD MAT DD WITH CAV CABIN
31     DD(1,17)=CAV
32     DD(1,18)=CAV
33     DD(1,21)=0
34 C   DEVICE 2
35     DD(2,17)=CAV
36     DD(2,18)=CAV
37     DD(2,21)=DD(2,2)*DD(2,18)
38 C   FOR DEV 3-15 CALC CIN COUT AND M.REMOVED BY DEVICE
39 C     IF DEVICE FLOW RATE=0 THEN SET CIN,COUT,& M.GEN=0
40     DO 100 J=3,LIN2
41     IF (DD(J,2).EQ.0) THEN
42       DD(J,17)=0
43       DD(J,18)=0
44       DD(J,21)=0
45       GOTO 100
46     ENDIF
47 C   IF UPSTREAM DEVICE=1 OR 2 THEN SET INLET=CABIN CONC+DEV M.GEN/Q
48     IF((DD(J,4).EQ.1).OR.(DD(J,4).EQ.2)) THEN
49       DD(J,17)=DD(1,18)+DD(J,19)/DD(J,2)
50     ELSE
51 C     DETERMINE FLOWS,CIN AND COUT FOR DEVICES WITH RELATIVE ADDRESSES
52       IF (DD(J,4).EQ.0) THEN
53         QNO1=0
54         CNO1=0
55       ELSE
56         QNO1=DD(NINT(DD(J,4)),2)
57         CNO1=DD(NINT(DD(J,4)),18)
58       ENDIF

```

```

59      IF (DD(J,5).EQ.0) THEN
60          QNO2=0
61          CNO2=0
62      ELSE
63          QNO2=DD(NINT(DD(J,5)),2)
64          CNO2=DD(NINT(DD(J,5)),18)
65      ENDIF
66      IF (DD(J,6).EQ.0) THEN
67          QNO3=0
68          CNO3=0
69      ELSE
70          QNO3=DD(NINT(DD(J,6)),2)
71          CNO3=DD(NINT(DD(J,6)),18)
72      ENDIF
73 C
74 C      IF ALL UPSTREAM DEVICE FLOWS=0
75      IF (QNO1+QNO2+QNO3.EQ.0) THEN
76          DD(J,17)=0
77          DD(J,18)=0
78          DD(J,21)=0
79          OPEN(2,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
80          WRITE(*,*) ' FLOW HALTED-UPSTREAM DEV TURNED OFF-
81 + INC END TIME;DEV=',TN,DD(J,1)
82          CLOSE (2)
83          GO TO 100
84      ELSE
85 C          CALCULATE CIN
86          DD(J,17)=(QNO1*CNO1+QNO2*CNO2+QNO3*CNO3) /
87          +(QNO1+QNO2+QNO3)+DD(J,19)/DD(J,2)
88      ENDIF
89 C      END OF DETERMINE FLOWS,CIN,COUT OF DEV WITH REL ADDR.
90      ENDIF
91 C      CALCULATE COUT
92          DD(J,18)=DD(J,17)*(1-DD(J,20))
93 C      CALCULATE SUM OF MASS REMOVED (CIN*Q*REM EFF)
94          DD(J,21)=DD(J,17)*DD(J,2)*DD(J,20)
95 100 CONTINUE
96 C      END OF LOADING OF MAT DD WITH DATA AND CALCULATING CIN COUT,M.REM
97 C      SUM TOTAL MASS OF CONT REMOVED BY ALL DEVICES (2-15) (MG/HR)
98          SMREM=0
99          DO 101 J=2,LIN2
100         SMREM=SMREM+DD(J,21)
101 101 CONTINUE
102 C      SUM MASS OF CONT GENERATED IN ALL DEVICES+CABIN (1-15) (MG/HR)
103          SMGEN=0
104          DO 102 J=1,LIN2
105          SMGEN=SMGEN+DD(J,19)
106 102 CONTINUE
107 C      CALC M.REM CABIN AND PUT IN DD(1,21)
108          DD(1,21)=SMGEN-SMREM
109          RETURN
110 C      ***** END OF SUBROUTINE CALCM *****
111      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)  
Source File: C:\FORTRAN\TCC\CATBNR Options: /C 80 /L /BIJY 03/15/94 10:39:12

```
1      ****  
2 C      *  
3 C      *          SUBROUTINE CATBNR  
4 C      *          CALCULATES EFFICIENCY OF CAT BURNER  
5 C      *  
6 C  
7      SUBROUTINE CATBNR(P, EMAX, OXNEW, OXID, MW, EFF)  
8 C  
9      REAL MW  
10 C     INPUTS:  
11 C     P=TOTAL POISON (CONTAMINANTS IN NHB CATEGORIES 6, 7 AND 12:  
12 C           CHLOROCARBONS, CHLOROFLUOROCARBONS AND SULFIDES) REMOVED  
13 C           BY CAT BURNER (MG)  
14 C     EMAX=MAXIMUM BED EFFICIENCY (DEC)  
15 C     OXID=DEGREE OF OXIDIZATION OF CHEMICAL (1=FULLY, 0=NONE)  
16 C     MW=MOLECULAR WEIGHT  
17 C     OUTPUTS:  
18 C     EFF=REMOVAL EFF (DEC)  
19 C  
20      IF(OXID.LT.0) OXID=0  
21      IF(OXID.GT.1) OXID=1  
22      EFF=EMAX*OXID  
23 C     EFFICIENCY FOR METHANE (MW=16.04) IS A FUNCTION OF P  
24      IF(MW.EQ.16.04) THEN  
25          OXNEW=OXID  
26          IF(P.LE.5500) THEN  
27              EFF=0.97506*10**(-0.00010507*P)*EMAX*OXID  
28          ELSEIF (P.GT.5500) THEN  
29              EFF=(31.453-1.151*1E-3*P+1.9046*1E-8*P**2  
30              + -1.0389*1E-13*P**3)*0.01*EMAX*OXID  
31          ENDIF  
32      ELSE  
33          EFF=EMAX*OXID  
34      END IF  
35      IF(EFF.LE.0) EFF=0  
36      IF(EFF.GT.EMAX) EFF=EMAX  
37      RETURN  
38      END
```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)  
Source File: C:\FORTRAN\TCC\CNRSUB Options: /C 80 /L /BIJY 03/15/94 10:39:14

```
1 C      ****  
2 C      *  
3 C      *      SUBROUTINE CNRSUB  
4 C      *      FOR 1 CONT AT A TIME AT CAV PRED, CALL EFF SUBROUTINES  
5 C      *      FOR DEVICES AND PUT EFFICIENCY IN MAT DD COL 20  
6 C      ****  
7 C      NOTE: DEVICE NUMBERS IN THIS SUBROUTINE REFER TO DEVICE TYPES,  
8 C      NOT THEIR RELATIVE POSITION IN MAT DD  
9  
10 C      SUBROUTINE CNRSUB(I,TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,  
11 C      +CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN2,KK)  
12 C      INTEGER NROW,NCOL,NROW1,NCOL1,NROW2,NCOL2,CATEG,D1,D2,D3,KK  
13 C      REAL DD(NROW,NCOL)  
14 C      REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)  
15 C      REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)  
16 C      REAL RGTM1,RGTM2,RGTM3,P,POISN,OLDP  
17 C  
18 C      SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:  
19 C      ACHBD-REMOVAL EFF OF AXIAL CHARCOAL BED  
20 C      RCHBD-REMOVAL EFF OF RADIAL CHARCOAL BED  
21 C      ALIOH-REMOVAL EFF OF AXIAL LIOH BED  
22 C      COOXID-REMOVAL EFF OF CO OXIDIZER  
23 C      CATBNR-REMOVAL EFF OF CAT BURNER  
24 C      CONDHX-REMOVAL EFF OF CONDENSING HX  
25 C  
26 C      INPUTS:  
27 C      FROM PCSET PREDCT, AND CONVRG  
28 C      I=CONT NO.  
29 C      TN,TN1=CONT INCREMENT FINAL, INIT TIME (HRS)  
30 C      CAVPRD=CABIN AVERAGE CONT CONC (MG/CU M)  
31 C      DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIMENSIONS OF MAT DD  
32 C      CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIM OF MAT CC  
33 C      CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & DIM OF MAT CDI  
34 C      LIN2=NUMBER OF DEVICES IN MAT DD  
35 C      DD(I,14)=PERCENT RELATIVE HUMIDITY  
36 C      FROM EFFICIENCY SUBROUTINES  
37 C      EFF=REMOVAL EFF (DEC)  
38 C      OUTPUTS:  
39 C      TO EFFICIENCY SUBROUTINES  
40 C      DEVICE AND CONTAMINANT INFORMATION AS REQUIRED  
41 C      DD(J,22)=DEVICE INLET CONCENTRATION  
42 C      TO PCSET, PREDCT, & CONVRG  
43 C      PUTS REMOVAL EFF FOR EACH DEVICE IN MAT DD COL 20  
44 C  
45 C      EFFICIENCY FOR DEVICES 1 AND 2  
46 C      DD(1,20)=0  
47 C      DD(2,20)=DD(2,8)  
48 C  
49 C      SET COUNTER FOR READING CHAR SMR IN MAT CC FOR DEVICE TYPE 3  
50 C      K=9  
51 C  
52 C      BEGIN LOOP FOR DEVICES 3 TO 15 OF MAT DD  
53 C      DO 100 J=3,LIN2  
54 C      INDEX COUNTER  
55 C      K=K+3  
56 C      SET REM EFF=0 AND GO TO END OF J LOOP IF DEVICE FLOW = 0  
57 C      IF (DD(J,2).LE.1E-10) THEN
```

```

58      DD(J,20)=0
59      GOTO 80
60      ENDIF
61 C DECISIONS FOR VARIOUS DEVICES
62      IF (NINT(DD(J,3)).EQ.3) THEN
63 C          GO TO SUBROUTINE FOR DEVICE TYPE 3-AXIAL CHARCOAL BED
64          CALL ACHBD(TN,TN1,DD(J,22),DD(1,10),DD(1,13),DD(J,2),DD(J,8),
65          + DD(J,9),DD(J,10),DD(J,12),DD(J,13),CDI(I,2),CDI(I,3),
66          + CDI(I,4),CDI(I,5),CDI(I,6),CC(I,K),EFF,DD(1,14))
67 C          STORE EFF IN MAT DD
68          DD(J,20)=EFF
69      ELSEIF (NINT(DD(J,3)).EQ.4) THEN
70 C          GO TO SUBROUTINE FOR DEVICE TYPE 4-RADIAL CHARCOAL BED
71          CALL RCHBD(TN,TN1,DD(J,22),DD(1,10),DD(1,13),DD(J,2),DD(J,8),
72          + DD(J,9),DD(J,10),DD(J,11),DD(J,12),DD(J,13),CDI(I,2),CDI(I,3),
73          + CDI(I,4),CDI(I,5),CDI(I,6),CC(I,K),EFF,DD(1,14))
74 C          STORE EFF IN MAT DD
75          DD(J,20)=EFF
76      ELSEIF (NINT(DD(J,3)).EQ.5) THEN
77 C          GO TO SUBROUTINE FOR DEVICE TYPE 5-LIOH BED
78          CALL ALIOH(TN,TN1,DD(J,8),DD(J,9),DD(J,10),DD(J,12),DD(J,15),
79          + DD(J,16),CDI(I,7),EFF)
80 C          STORE EFF IN MAT DD
81          DD(J,20)=EFF
82      ELSEIF (NINT(DD(J,3)).EQ.6) THEN
83 C          GO TO SUBROUTINE FOR DEVICE TYPE 6-CO OXIDIZER
84          CALL COOXID(DD(J,2),DD(J,8),DD(J,9),DD(J,10),CDI(I,4),EFF)
85 C          STORE EFF IN MAT DD
86          DD(J,20)=EFF
87      ELSEIF (NINT(DD(J,3)).EQ.7) THEN
88 C          SUM POISONS (CONTAMINANTS IN NHB CATEGORIES 6, 7 AND 12:
89 C          CHLOROCARBONS, CHLOROFLUOROCARBONS AND SULFIDES) REMOVED
90 C          BY CAT BURNER (MG)
91      P=0.0
92      POISN=0.0
93      DO 200 L=1,NROW1,1
94          CATEG=CDI(L,8)
95          IF((CATEG.EQ.6).OR.(CATEG.EQ.7).OR.(CATEG.EQ.12)) THEN
96              P=CC(L,(J+1)*3)
97              POISN=POISN+P
98          ENDIF
99      200 CONTINUE
100      RGTM1=0
101      RGTM2=0
102      RGTM3=0
103      D1=DD(J,4)
104      D2=DD(J,5)
105      D3=DD(J,6)
106      IF ((D1.NE.0).OR.(D2.NE.0).OR.(D3.NE.0)) THEN
107          IF ((DD(D1,3).EQ.3).OR.(DD(D1,3).EQ.4)) THEN
108              TRCI=DD(D1,15)
109              TRD=DD(D1,16)
110              TIR=DD(D1,14)
111              IF (TN1.EQ.0) GOTO 50
112              IF (TN1.LT.TIR) GOTO 50
113              IF (TRCI.LE.0) GOTO 50
114              IF (AINT((TN1-TIR)/TRCI).EQ.((TN1-TIR)/TRCI)) THEN
115                  RGTM1=1
116                  GOTO 55
117          ENDIF

```

```

118    050      RGTM1=0
119    055      CONTINUE
120      ENDIF
121      IF ((DD(D2,3).EQ.3).OR.(DD(D2,3).EQ.4)) THEN
122          TRCI=DD(D2,15)
123          TRD=DD(D2,16)
124          TIR=DD(D2,14)
125          IF (TN1.EQ.0) GOTO 60
126          IF (TN1.LT.TIR) GOTO 60
127          IF (TRCI.LE.0) GOTO 60
128          IF (AINT((TN1-TIR)/TRCI).EQ.((TN1-TIR) (/TRCI))) THEN
129              RGTM2=1
130              GOTO 65
131          ENDIF
132    060      RGTM2=0
133    065      CONTINUE
134      ENDIF
135      IF ((DD(D3,3).EQ.3).OR.(DD(D3,3).EQ.4)) THEN
136          TRCI=DD(D3,15)
137          TRD=DD(D3,16)
138          TIR=DD(D3,14)
139          IF (TN1.EQ.0) GOTO 70
140          IF (TN1.LT.TIR) GOTO 70
141          IF (TRCI.LE.0) GOTO 70
142          IF (AINT((TN1-TIR)/TRCI).EQ.((TN1-TIR) /TRCI))) THEN
143              RGTM3=1
144              GOTO 75
145          ENDIF
146    070      RGTM3=0
147    075      CONTINUE
148      ENDIF
149      ENDIF
150      IF((RGTM1.NE.0).OR.(RGTM2.NE.0).OR.(RGTM3.NE.0)) THEN
151          OLDP=POISN
152          REINITIALIZES METHANE OXIDATION EFFICIENCY TO 90% OF PREVIOUS
153          IF ((CDI(I,4).EQ.16.04).AND.(KK.EQ.1)) THEN
154              CDI(I,23)=0.9*CDI(I,23)
155          ENDIF
156      ENDIF
157      POISN=POISN-OLDP
158 C      GO TO SUBROUTINE FOR DEVICE TYPE 7-CAT BURNER
159      CALL CATBNR(POISN,DD(J,8),DD(J,9),CDI(I,23),CDI(I,4),EFF)
160 C      STORE EFF IN MAT DD
161      DD(J,20)=EFF
162      ELSEIF (NINT(DD(J,3)).EQ.8) THEN
163 C      GO TO SUBROUTINE FOR DEVICE TYPE 8-CONDENSING HX
164      CALL CONDHX(DD(J,2),DD(J,8),DD(J,9),CDI(I,4),CDI(I,5),CDI(I,6),
165 + DD(J,22),EFF)
166 C      STORE EFF IN MAT DD
167      DD(J,20)=EFF
168      ELSEIF (NINT(DD(J,3)).EQ.9) THEN
169 C      SUBROUTINE FOR DEVICE TYPE 9-DUMMY
170      EFF=0
171 C      STORE EFF IN MAT DD
172      DD(J,20)=EFF
173      ELSE
174 C      DEVICES >9 OR <1 (OR ANY DEVICE NOT IN ABOVE CASES)
175      DD(J,20)=0
176      ENDIF
177    080 CONTINUE
178    100 CONTINUE
179      RETURN
180 C      ***** END OF SUBROUTINE CNRSUB ****
181      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\CONDHX. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:55:36

```
1 C ****
2 C      *          SUBROUTINE CONDHX
3 C      *          CALCULATES EFFICIENCY OF CONDENSING HX
4 C ****
5 C
6     SUBROUTINE CONDHX(BEDQ, EMAX, MLIQ, MW, VCONC, SOL, CAVPRD, EFF)
7     REAL MW,MLIQ,H,PA,XA,NOUT
8 C
9 C INPUTS:
10 C    BEDQ=BED FLOW RATE (M3/HR)
11 C    EMAX=MAXIMUM POSSIBLE REMOVAL EFFICIENCY (DEC)
12 C    MLIQ=WATER FLOW RATE IN HX DUE TO CONDENSING (KG/HR)
13 C    MW=MOLECULAR WEIGHT OF CONTAMINANT
14 C    VCONT=VAPOR CONCENTRATION OF CONTAMINANT (MG/M3)
15 C    SOL=HENRY'S LAW COEFFICIENT (ATM/MOL FRACTION)
16 C OUTPUTS:
17 C    EFF=REMOVAL EFF (DEC)
18 C
19     CAIN=CAVPRD
20     IF (CAIN.LE.1E-10) THEN
21       CAIN=0.1E-10
22     ENDIF
23     IF (SOL.LE.1E-10) THEN
24       EFF=0
25     ELSE
26     IF CONTAMINANT IS AMMONIA - USES EXPERIMENTAL DATA FROM JSC-08797
27     FOR AMMONIA REMOVAL AS A FUNCTION OF CO2 CONCENTRATION (8/23/76)
28     IF (MW.EQ.17.0) THEN
29       CAOUT=((CAIN*BEDQ)-(MLIQ*189.5847418*CAIN**0.534915256))/BEDQ
30       EFF=((CAIN-CAOUT)/CAIN)*EMAX
31     ELSE
32     CONTAMINANT IS NOT AMMONIA
33     CALCULATE CONTAMINANT PARTIAL PRESSURE AND WATER MOLE FRACTION
34     PA=CAIN*1.0E-9*82.06*278/MW
35     XA=(PA/1)/((MLIQ*(1000/18))/(BEDQ*(1000/22.4))+SOL/1)
36     NOUT=MLIQ*XA*1000/18
37     CAOUT=((CAIN*BEDQ)-(NOUT*MW*1000))/BEDQ
38     EFF=((CAIN-CAOUT)/CAIN)*EMAX
39   ENDIF
40 ENDIF
41 IF(EFF.LE.0) EFF=0
42 IF(EFF.GT.EMAX) EFF=EMAX
43 RETURN
44 END
45 C **** END OF SUBROUTINE CONDHX ****
```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\CONVRG. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:55:41

```

1 C      ****
2 C      *      SUBROUTINE CONVRG
3 C      *      MAIN CONVERGENCE LOOP SUBROUTINE
4 C      * USING CAV PRED & BASED ON SUM MASS REM OF LAST INCR, CALC
5 C      * NEW REM EFF, CAV CALC, CEQULIB, CFINAL, & M. REMOVED
6 C      * PUT THEM IN MAT DD - WORKS FOR ONE CONT AT A TIME
7 C      ****
8
9      SUBROUTINE CONVRG(I,TN,TN1,CAVPRD,DD,NROW,NCOL,
10     +CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,CAVCLC,CFINAL,CEQULIB,KK,LIN,LIN2,
11     +NN,PRTSW3,IMSGDN)
12     INTEGER NROW,NCOL,NROW1,NCOL1,NROW2,NCOL2,PRTSW3,KK
13     CHARACTER NN(NROW1)*30
14     REAL DD(NROW,NCOL)
15     REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
16     REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
17     REAL X1,X2,Y1,Y2,SLOPE
18
19 C SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
20 C PRAFIL-ZERO MAT DD COL 17-21
21 C CNRSUB-USING CAV PRED CALC-REM EFF FOR ALL DEVICES-PUT IN DD COL 20
22 C MASBAL-CALC CAV CALC,CFINAL,CEQULIB,M.REM
23 C INPUTS:
24 C FROM MCALC
25 C     I=CONTAMINANT NO.
26 C     TN,TN1 =INCREMENT END & BEGINNING TIME (HRS)
27 C     DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIM OF MAT DD
28 C     CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIM OF MAT CC
29 C     CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & DIM OF MAT CDI
30 C     LIN=NO. OF CONTAMINANTS IN MAT CDI
31 C     LIN2=NO. DEVICES IN MAT DD
32 C     IMSGDN=DEVICE NO. FOR MESSAGE OUTPUT
33 C     CAVPRD=PREDICTED CABIN CONC FOR INCREMENT (MG/CU M)
34 C FROM PRAFIL
35 C     ZEROS IN MAT DD COL 17-21
36 C FROM CNRSUB
37 C     CALL REM EFF SUBROUTINE & PUTS REM EFF FOR EACH DEV IN DD COL 20
38 C FROM MASBAL
39 C     CAVCLC=CALC CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M)
40 C     CFINAL=FINAL INCR CABIN CONT CONC(MG/CUM)
41 C     CEQLIB=EQUILIBRIUM CABIN CONT CONC(MG/CU M)
42 C OUTPUTS:
43 C TO MCALC
44 C     CAVCLC=CALC CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M)
45 C     CFINAL=FINAL INCR CABIN CONT CONC(MG/CUM)
46 C     KK=COUNTER FOR CONVERGENCE
47 C     CEQLIB=EQUILIBRIUM CABIN CONT CONC(MG/CU M)
48 C     M.REM IS IN MAT DD COL 21
49 C TO PRAFIL
50 C     NAME & SIZE OF MATRIX + FIRST AND LAST COL TO BE ZEROED
51 C TO CNRSUB
52 C     I=CONT NO.
53 C     TN,TN1=CONT INCREMENT FINAL,INIT TIME (HRS)
54 C     DEVICE AVERAGE CONT CONC (MG/M3) = DD(J,22)
55 C     DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIMENSIONS OF MAT DD
56 C     CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIM OF MAT CC
57 C     CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & DIM OF MAT CDI
58 C     LIN2=NUMBER OF DEVICES IN MAT DD

```

```

59 C TO MASBAL
60 C      I
61 C      TN,TN1
62 C      CVOL=CABIN VOL (CU M)=DD(1,9)
63 C      CINIT=INCR INIT CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M)=CC(I,1)
64 C
65 C      CONVERGENCE ERROR (DEC)
66 C      CNVERR=DD(1,12)
67 C      IF(CNVERR.LT.1E-10) THEN
68 C          OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
69 C          WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'CONV ERROR<1E-10:PROGRAM TERMINATED'
70 C          CLOSE(IMSGDN)
71 C          STOP
72 C      ENDIF
73 C      KK=1
74 C      DO 100 KK=1,20
75 C          ZERO MAT DD COL 17-21
76 C          CALL PRAFIL(DD,NROW,NCOL,17,21)
77 C          USING CAVPRD FIND REM EFF OF EACH DEV & PUT IN DD COL 20
78 C          CALL CNRSUB(I,TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
79 C          + CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN2,KK)
80 C          FIND CAVCLC FOR THESE REMOVAL EFFICIENCIES
81 C          CALL MASBAL(I,TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
82 C          + CAVCLC,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,CFINAL,CEQLIB,LIN,LIN2)
83 C          IF PRTSW3=1 THEN PRINT NAME & NO + CONV VALUES
84 C          IF (PRTSW3.EQ.1) THEN
85 C              OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
86 C              WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'PRINTOUT FOR CONVERGENCE VALUES IN CONVRG'
87 C              WRITE(IMSGDN,50) I,NN(I)
88 C 050      FORMAT(1X,'CONT NO.= ',I4,2X,A)
89 C              WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'CAVPRD,CAVCLC= ',CAVPRD,CAVCLC
90 C              CLOSE(IMSGDN)
91 C          ENDIF
92 C
93 C          IF CAVCLC=CAVPRD THEN EXIT THE KK LOOP
94 C          IF(CAVCLC.EQ.CAVPRD) GOTO 101
95 C          IF CAVPRD<1E-10 THEN SKIP CONVERGENCE STEP
96 C          IF(CAVPRD.LT.1E-10) GOTO 80
97 C          IF CONVERGENCE IS REACHED EXIT THE KK LOOP
98 C          IF(ABS((CAVPRD-CAVCLC)/CAVPRD).LT.CNVERR) THEN
99 C              GOTO 101
100 C          ENDIF
101 C          CONVERGENCE CALCULATION ROUTINE
102 C          USE THE BISECTION METHOD FOR THE ITERATION WHERE KK=1
103 C 080      IF (KK.EQ.1) THEN
104 C          INITIALIZE X2 AND Y2 FOR THE NEXT ITERATION
105 C          X2=CAVPRD
106 C          Y2=CAVCLC-CAVPRD
107 C          CAVPRD=(CAVPRD+CAVCLC)/2
108 C          ELSE
109 C          USE THE NEWTON-RAPHSON METHOD FOR ITERATIONS WHERE KK>1
110 C          X1=X2
111 C          Y1=Y2
112 C          X2=CAVPRD
113 C          Y2=CAVCLC-CAVPRD
114 C          SLOPE=(Y2-Y1)/(X2-X1)
115 C          CAVPRD=X2-0.95*Y2/SLOPE
116 C          ENDIF
117 C
118 C          SET CAV IN PRED DD(I,22) = CAV IN CALC DD(I,17)

```

```
119      DO 90 J=1,LIN2
120          DD(J,22)=DD(J,17)
121  090 CONTINUE
122 C
123  100 CONTINUE
124 C      END OF KK LOOP
125  101 CONTINUE
126 C
127
128      RETURN
129 C      ***** END OF SUBROUTINE CONVRG ****
130 END
```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\COOXID. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:55:52

```
1 C      ****  
2 C      *  
3 C      * SUBROUTINE COOXID  
4 C      * CALCULATES EFFICIENCY OF CO OXIDIZER (Pt on charcoal)  
5 C      ****  
6 C      SUBROUTINE COOXID(BEDQ, EMAX, BEDL, BEDDIA, MW, EFF)  
7 C      REAL MW  
8 C  
9 C INPUTS:  
10 C     BEDQ=BED FLOW RATE (CU M/HR)  
11 C     EMAX=MAXIMUM POSSIBLE REMOVAL EFFICIENCY (DEC)  
12 C     BEDL=BED LENGTH (M)  
13 C     BEDDIA=BED DIAMETER (M)  
14 C     MW=MOLECULAR WEIGHT OF CONTAMINANT  
15 C OUTPUTS:  
16 C     EFF=REMOVAL EFF (DEC)  
17 C  
18 C     WORKS ONLY FOR CO MW=28.01 OR H2=2.02; OTHERWISE REM EFF=0  
19 C     IF ((MW.EQ.28.01).OR.(MW.EQ.2.02)) THEN  
20 C       EFF=EMAX  
21 C     IF RESIDENCE TIME <0.2 SEC THEN REM EFF DROPS LINEARLY  
22 C     BREST = BED RESIDENCE TIME (SEC)  
23 C     BREST=(3.141592654/4)*BEDL*BEDDIA**2*3600/BEDQ  
24 C     IF (BREST.LT.0.2) THEN  
25 C       EFF=EMAX*BREST/0.2  
26 C     ENDIF  
27 C     ELSE  
28 C       REM EFF FOR OTHER THAN CO OR H2 = ZERO  
29 C       EFF=0  
30 C     ENDIF  
31 C     IF(EFF.LE.0) EFF=0  
32 C     IF(EFF.GT.EMAX) EFF=EMAX  
33 C     RETURN  
34 C     END  
35 C     **** END OF SUBROUTINE COOXID ****
```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)  
 Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\CRIN.FO Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:55:55

```

1 C      ****
2 C      *      SUBROUTINE CRIN
3 C      *      SUBROUTINE TO READ STRING OF LENGTH 30 INTO MAT NN
4 C      *      AND READ REAL DATA INTO MAT XX(ROW, COL)
5 C      *      RETURNS NUMBER OF LINES OF DATA READ FROM FILE
6 C      ****
7 C      NOTE: INPUT STRING MUST HAVE SINGLE QUOTES AROUND IT
8 C      NOTE: INPUT NUMBERS MUST BE SEPARATED BY BLANKS
9       SUBROUTINE CRIN(NN,XX,NROW,NCOL,LIN)
10      INTEGER NROW,NCOL,IOVAL,LIN
11      CHARACTER NN(NROW)*30,FNAME*24
12      REAL XX(NROW,NCOL)
13 010 READ(*,'(A)') FNAME
14      OPEN(1,FILE=FNAME,STATUS='OLD',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
15      IF(IOVAL.NE.0) GOTO 900
16      LIN=0
17      DO 100 I=1,NROW
18      READ(1,* ,IOSTAT=IOVAL,END=500,ERR=900 ) NN(I),(XX(I,J),J=1,NCOL)
19      LIN=LIN+1
20 100 CONTINUE
21 500 WRITE(*,'(A)') ' DONE WITH FILE INPUT'
22      WRITE (*,*) ''
23      CLOSE (1)
24      GOTO 990
25 900 WRITE(*,*) 'IOERROR= ',IOVAL
26      CLOSE (1)
27      WRITE(*,*) 'WHAT IS THE INPUT FILE NAME? '
28      GOTO 10
29 990 RETURN
30 C      **** END OF SUBROUTINE CRIN ****
31      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\CRROUT.F Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:56:01

```
1 C      **** SUBROUTINE CRROUT ****
2 C      * SUBROUTINE TO WRITE DATA TO CONSOLE, OR PRINTER *
3 C      * WRITES STRG OF LENGTH 30 FROM MAT NN & REAL DATA FROM MAT *
4 C      * XX(ROW,COL) STARTING WITH COL FSTCOL, AND ENDING WITH LSTCOL *
5 C      * AND FROM LINE FSTLIN TO LINE LSTLIN *
6 C      ****
7 C      **** SUBROUTINE CRROUT(NN,XX,NROW,NCOL,FSTCOL,LSTCOL,LIN,FSTLIN,LSTLIN,
8 C      +IMSGDN,NINC,FNAME,IDEVNO,IOVAL)
9
10     INTEGER
NROW,NCOL,IOVAL,FSTCOL,LSTCOL,LIN,FSTLIN,LSTLIN,NINC,IDEVNO,
11   + IOVAL
12     CHARACTER FNAME*24,DES*1
13     CHARACTER NN(NROW)*30
14     REAL XX(NROW,NCOL)
15     IF (FSTCOL.GT.NCOL) FSTCOL=NCOL
16     IF (LSTCOL.GT.NCOL) LSTCOL=NCOL
17     IF (FSTCOL.GT.LSTCOL) FSTCOL=LSTCOL
18     IF (FSTLIN.GT.LIN) FSTLIN=LIN
19     IF (LSTLIN.GT.LIN) LSTLIN=LIN
20     IF (FSTLIN.GT.LSTLIN) FSTLIN=LSTLIN
21
22 C 010 OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
23 C      WRITE(IMSGDN,'(A)') ' WRITE TO LPT1 OR CON OR END '
24 C      CLOSE(IMSGDN)
25 C      READ(*,'(A)') FNAME
26 C      QUIT IF FNAME=END
27 C      IF (FNAME.EQ.'END') GO TO 990
28 C      IF((FNAME.NE.'LPT1').AND.(FNAME.NE.'CON')) GOTO 10
29 C      OPEN(1,FILE=FNAME, IOSTAT=IOVAL)
30     IF(IOVAL.NE.0) GOTO 900
31     WRITE(IDEVNO,55,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) NINC
32 055  FORMAT('INCREMENT NO. = ',I7)
33     DO 110 I=FSTLIN,LSTLIN
34 C      WRITE(1,60,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) I,NN(I)
35     WRITE(IDEVNO,60,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) I,NN(I)
36 060  FORMAT(1X,'CONT NO.= ',I4,2X,A)
37 C      WRITE(1,70,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) (XX(I,J),J=FSTCOL,LSTCOL)
38     WRITE(IDEVNO,70,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) (XX(I,J),J=FSTCOL,LSTCOL)
39 070  FORMAT(1X,7G11.4)
40 110 CONTINUE
41 C      CLOSE(1)
42     GOTO 990
43 900 OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
44     WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'IOERROR= ',IOVAL
45     CLOSE(IMSGDN)
46 C      CLOSE(1)
47     CLOSE(IDEVNO)
48 C      GOTO 10
49 990 RETURN
50 C      ***** END OF SUBROUTINE CRROUT ****
51     END
```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\CRROUT2. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:56:09

```

1 C      **** SUBROUTINE CRROUT2
2 C      *      SUBROUTINE TO WRITE DATA TO CONSOLE, OR PRINTER
3 C      *      WRITES STRG OF LENGTH 30 FROM MAT NN & REAL DATA FROM MAT
4 C      *      XX(ROW,COL) STARTING WITH COL FSTCOL, AND ENDING WITH LSTCOL
5 C      *      AND FROM LINE FSTLIN TO LINE LSTLIN
6 C      ****
7 C      **** SUBROUTINE CRROUT2 (NN, XX, NROW, NCOL, FSTCOL, LSTCOL, LIN, FSTLIN, LSTLIN,
8 C
9 +IMSGDN)
10      INTEGER NROW, NCOL, IOVAL, FSTCOL, LSTCOL, LIN, FSTLIN, LSTLIN
11      CHARACTER FNAME*24, DES*1
12      CHARACTER NN(NROW)*30
13      REAL XX(NROW, NCOL)
14      IF (FSTCOL.GT.NCOL) FSTCOL=NCOL
15      IF (LSTCOL.GT.NCOL) LSTCOL=NCOL
16      IF (FSTCOL.GT.LSTCOL) FSTCOL=LSTCOL
17      IF (FSTLIN.GT.LIN) FSTLIN=LIN
18      IF (LSTLIN.GT.LIN) LSTLIN=LIN
19      IF (FSTLIN.GT.LSTLIN) FSTLIN=LSTLIN
20
21 010 OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON', IOSTAT=IOVAL)
22      WRITE(IMSGDN,'(A)')  ' WRITE TO LPT1 OR CON OR END '
23      CLOSE (IMSGDN)
24      READ(*,'(A)') FNAME
25      QUIT IF FNAME=END
26      IF (FNAME.EQ.'END') GO TO 990
27      IF ((FNAME.NE.'LPT1').AND.(FNAME.NE.'CON')) GOTO 10
28      OPEN(1,FILE=FNAME, IOSTAT=IOVAL)
29      IF (IOVAL.NE.0) GOTO 900
30      DO 110 I=FSTLIN,LSTLIN
31          WRITE(1,70,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) (XX(I,J),J=FSTCOL,LSTCOL)
32 070 FORMAT(1X,7G11.4)
33 110 CONTINUE
34      CLOSE (1)
35      GOTO 990
36 900 OPEN (IMSGDN,FILE='CON', IOSTAT=IOVAL)
37      WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'IOERROR= ', IOVAL
38      CLOSE(IMSGDN)
39      CLOSE (1)
40      GOTO 10
41 990 RETURN
42 C      ***** END OF SUBROUTINE CRROUT ****
43      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\DATOUT. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:56:16

```

1 C      **** SUBROUTINE DATOUT ****
2 C      * SUBROUTINE TO PRINT HEADINGS AND DATA TO PRINTER, CON, OR FILE *
3 C      **** NOTES: (1) FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE CALLING THIS SUBROUTINE ****
4 C      **** (2) IDEVNO MUST BE 6 FOR FORM FEEDS TO BE PRINTED ****
5 C
6 C
7
8      SUBROUTINE DATOUT(TN,TN1,LIN,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
9      +CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN2,NN,PRTSW6,PRTSW8,PRTSW9,
10     +IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR,
11     +TVAL,FCPLOT,IDEVN1,IDEVN3,IDEVN2)
12
13      INTEGER PRTSW6,PRTSW8,PRTSW9,TVAL,NINC
14
15 C  SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
16 C      PRCDA=PRINT OUT OF CONTAMINANT DATA
17 C      PRREM1=PRINTOUT OF RATE OF CONTAMINANT REMOVAL (MG/HR)-SHEET1
18 C      PRREM2=PRINTOUT OF RATE OF CONTAMINANT REMOVAL (MG/HR)-SHEET2
19 C      PRMAS1=PRINTOUT OF SUM MASSES REMOVED BY DEVICES (MG)-SHEET1
20 C      PRMAS2=PRINTOUT OF SUM MASSES REMOVED BY DEVICES (MG)-SHEET2
21 C      PREFF=PRINTOUT OF INCREMENT END REMOVAL EFFICIENCIES
22
23 C  INPUTS FROM MAIN PROGRAM:
24 C      TN=INCREMENT FINAL TIME (HRS)
25 C      TN1=INCREMENT INITIAL TIME (HRS)
26 C      LIN=NO. OF CONT IN MAT CC A D NN
27 C      DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & SIZE OF MAT DD
28 C      CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & SIZE F MAT CC
29 C      CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CDI
30 C      LIN2=NO. DEVICES IN MAT DD
31 C      NN=NAME OF MAT NN
32 C      NINC=TIME INCREMENT NUMBER
33 C          =0 THEN PRINT HEADINGS & DATA FOR PRECALCULATION SET UP ROUTINE
34 C          =-1 THEN PRINT HEADINGS & DATA FOR FINAL ANSWERS
35 C          ELSE PRINT WITH PROPER INCREMENT NUMBER
36 C      IDEVNO=OUTPUT DEVICE NUMBER (SHOULD BE 6)
37 C      IMONTH..IHOUR=DATE AND TIME VARIABLES
38 C      IPGCTR=PAGE COUNTER FOR SEQUENTIAL PAGE NO.'S ON ALL PAGES
39
40 C  OUTPUT TO MAIN PROG:
41 C      IOVAL=STATUS OF IOERROR IN SUBROUTINES
42
43 * TEST CASE *****
44 *      LIN=120
45
46 C      PRINT OUT CONCENTRATION DATA
47      CALL PRCDA(TN,TN1,LIN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,
48      + IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR,
49      + PRTSW8,PRTSW9,FCPLOT,IDEVN1)
50 C      PRINT OUT NHB 8060.1 GROUP CONTRIBUTION VALUES (T-VALUES)
51      IF ((TVAL.EQ.1).OR.(TVAL.EQ.2)) THEN
52      CALL GROUP(TN,TN1,LIN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,
53      + IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,
54      + IPGCTR,TVAL,IDEVN3,PRTSW8)
55      ENDIF
56      IF (PRTSW6.EQ.1) THEN
57      IF ((PRTSW8.EQ.1).OR.((PRTSW8.EQ.0).AND.(NINC.EQ.-1))) THEN
58 C          PRINTOUT OF RATE OF CONTAMINANT REMOVAL BY DEVICES-SHEET1

```

```

59      CALL PRREM1(TN,TN1,LIN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,
60      + IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR)
61 C      DON'T PRINT SHEET 2 UNLESS NUMBER OF DEVICES IN MAT DD > 8
62      IF (LIN2.GT.8) THEN
63 C      PRINTOUT OF RATE OF CONTAMINANT REMOVAL BY DEVICES-SHEET2
64      CALL PRREM2(TN,TN1,LIN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,
65      + IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR)
66      ENDIF
67 C      PRINTOUT OF SUM OF MASS REMOVED BY DEVICES-SHEET1
68      CALL PRMAS1(TN,TN1,LIN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,
69      + IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR)
70 C      DON'T PRINT SHEET 2 UNLESS NUMBER OF DEVICES IN MAT DD > 8
71      IF (LIN2.GT.8) THEN
72 C      PRINTOUT OF SUM OF MASS REMOVED BY DEVICES-SHEET2
73      CALL PRMAS2(TN,TN1,LIN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,
74      + IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR)
75      ENDIF
76      ENDIF
77 C      PRINTOUT OF INCREMENT END REMOVAL EFFICIENCIES
78      CALL PREFF(TN,TN1,LIN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,
79      + IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,
80      + IPGCTR,PRTSW8,PRTSW9,IDEVN2)
81      ENDIF
82
83      RETURN
84      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)  
 Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\GROUP.F Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:56:54

```

1 C FILE GROUP
2 C **** SUBROUTINE GROUP ****
3 C * PROGRAM TO PRINT THE GROUP TOXICITY LEVELS AND T LEVEL *
4 C **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** ****
5 C **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** ****
6 C
7 C
8     SUBROUTINE GROUP(TN,TN1,LIN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,
9     +IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,
10    +IPGCTR,TVAL,IDEVNT,PRTSW8)
11 C
12 C
13     DIMENSION GL(16)
14     REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
15     REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
16     REAL TLEVL
17     INTEGER TVAL,PRTSW8,NINC,IDEVNO,IDEVNT
18 C     DETERMINE THE SUMS FOR EACH GROUP LEVEL
19     DO 25 J=1,16
20   25 GL(J)=0.
21     DO 30 I=1,LIN
22       FRACT = CC(I,4)/CDI(I,9)
23       TSTR = CDI(I,8)
24       NHB = IFIX(TSTR)
25       GL(NHB) = GL(NHB) + FRACT
26   30 CONTINUE
27 C     CALCULATE THE TLEVEL OF THE ASSOCIATED GROUP LEVELS
28     TLEVL = GL(1)+GL(2)+GL(3)+GL(4)+GL(5)+GL(9)+GL(10)+GL(11)+
29     + GL(13)+GL(14)+GL(16)
30     IF ((PRTSW8.EQ.1).OR.((PRTSW8.EQ.0).AND.(NINC.EQ.-1))) THEN
31     WRITE (IDEVNO,* ,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) '
32     WRITE (IDEVNO,* ,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) '
33     WRITE (IDEVNO,* ,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
34     +' GROUP T-VALUES AS SPECIFIED IN NHB 8060.1B APPENDIX D'
35     WRITE (IDEVNO,* ,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) '
36     WRITE (IDEVNO,* ,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
37     +' -01- -02- -03- -04- -05- -06- -07- -08- -09-
38     +-10- -11- -12- -13- -14- -15- -16-
39     WRITE (IDEVNO,'(/1X,16(F6.2,1X))',IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) GL(1),
40     + GL(2),GL(3),GL(4),GL(5),GL(6),GL(7),GL(8),GL(9),GL(10),
41     + GL(11),GL(12),GL(13),GL(14),GL(15),GL(16)
42     WRITE (IDEVNO,* ,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) ' OVERALL T-VALUE'
43     OALLT = GL(1)+GL(2)+GL(3)+GL(4)+GL(5)+GL(9)+GL(10)+GL(11)+
44     + GL(13)+GL(14)+GL(16)
45     WRITE (IDEVNO,'(T4,F7.2)',IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) OALLT
46     ENDIF
47     IF (NINC.NE.-1) THEN
48 C     ***** WRITE T-VALUE DATA TO A PLOT FILE *****
49     IF (TVAL.EQ.2) THEN
50       WRITE (IDEVNT,50,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) TN1,TN,TLEVL
51     50 FORMAT (T2,2(F8.2,1X),F7.2)
52     ENDIF
53     ENDIF
54     GOTO 999
55 C     ***** END OF SUBROUTINE *****
56 900 WRITE(*,*)"IO ERROR IN GROUP= ",IOVAL
57 999 RETURN
58 END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)  
Source File: C:\FORTRAN\TCC\HEADGS Options: /C 80 /L /BIJY 03/17/94 09:59:34

```
1 C FILE:HEADGS.FOR
2 C ****
3 C *      SUBROUTINE HDG1
4 C *  PROGRAM TO PRINT HEADING-DATE, TIME, FILE NAME, & PAGE NO. *
5 C ****
6
7 C NOTE:FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
8
9   SUBROUTINE HDG1(IMONTH, IDAY, IYEAR, IHOUR, IMINUTE,
10 +FNAME, IPGNO, IDEVNO)
11 C   IMONTH...ISECOND=TIME AND DATE NAMES
12 C   FNAME=FILE NAME
13 C   IPGNO=PAGE NUMBER
14 C   IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
15
16   CHARACTER FNAME*24
17
18
19 C   WRITE HEADING
20   IF (IPGNO .EQ. 1) THEN
21     WRITE (IDEVNO,5,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
22   005 FORMAT (2X,'PROGRAM VERSION 8.1 Alpha',5X,'March 15, 1994',/)
23   ENDIF
24   WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) IMONTH, IDAY, IYEAR,
25 +IHOUR, IMINUTE, FNAME, IPGNO
26   010 FORMAT(2X,I2,'/',I2,'/',I4,5X,I2,':',I2,5X,A,2X,'PAGE ',I4)
27
28   GO TO 999
29  900 WRITE(*,*)"IO ERROR IN HDG1= ",IOVAL
30  999 RETURN
31   END
```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```
32
33 C ****
34 C *      SUBROUTINE DATTM
35 C *  SUBROUTINE TO READ SYSTEM DATE AND TIME FOR IBM PC OR AT *
36 C ****
37
38   SUBROUTINE DATTM(IMONTH, IDAY, IYEAR, IHOUR, IMINUTE, ISECOND)
39
40 C   REQUIRED FOR IBM PROF FORTRAN
41   INTEGER*2 IMONTH, IDAY, IYEAR, IHOUR, IMINUTE, ISECOND, IHUNSEC
42
43   CALL GETDAT(IYEAR, IMONTH, IDAY)
44   CALL GETTIM(IHOUR, IMINUTE, ISECOND, IHUNSEC)
45
46   RETURN
47   END
```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

48
49 C ****
50 C *      SUBROUTINE HDG2
51 C *  PROGRAM TO PRINT HEADING-TIME INCR+INCR INIT AND FINAL TIME *
52 C *  PRINTS TIME INCREMENT NUMBER
53 C ****
54
55 C NOTE:FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
56
57 SUBROUTINE HDG2(INCRNO,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
58
59 C INPUTS:
60 C   INCRNO=TIME INCREMENT NUMBER
61 C   TN1=INCREMENT INITIAL TIME (HRS)
62 C   TN=INCREMENT FINAL TIME (HRS)
63 C   IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
64
65 C   WRITE HEADING
66   WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)INCRNO,TN1,TN
67   010 FORMAT(1X,'TIME INCR ',I5,2X,'INITIAL TIME (HRS)= ',F8.2,2X,
68   +'FINAL TIME (HRS)= ',F8.2)
69
70   GO TO 999
71 900 WRITE(*,*)"IO ERROR IN HDG2= ",IOVAL
72 999 RETURN
73 END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

74
75 C ****
76 C *      SUBROUTINE HDG3
77 C *  PROGRAM TO PRINT HEADING-TIME INCR+INCR INIT AND FINAL TIME *
78 C *  PRINTS PCALC OR FINAL INSTEAD OF TIME INCREMENT NUMBER
79 C ****
80
81 C NOTE:FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
82
83 SUBROUTINE HDG3(IFLAG,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
84
85 C INPUTS:
86 C   IFLAG=FLAG FOR TIME INCREMENT (1=PCALC, 2=FINAL)
87 C   TN1=INCREMENT INITIAL TIME (HRS)
88 C   TN=INCREMENT FINAL TIME (HRS)
89 C   IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
90
91 CHARACTER INAME*5
92
93 IF(IFLAG.EQ.1) THEN
94   INAME='PCALC'
95 ELSEIF(IFLAG.EQ.2) THEN
96   INAME='FINAL'
97 ELSE
98   INAME='ERROR'
99 ENDIF
100
101 C   WRITE HEADING
102   WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)INAME,TN1,TN
103 010 FORMAT(1X,'TIME INCR ',A,2X,'INITIAL TIME (HRS)= ',F8.2,2X,

```

```

104  +'FINAL TIME (HRS)= ',F8.2)
105
106  GO TO 999
107 900 WRITE(*,*)'IO ERROR IN HDG3= ',IOVAL
108 999 RETURN
109  END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

110
111 C ****
112 C *      SUBROUTINE HDG4
113 C *  PROGRAM TO PRINT HEADING-CONT NO., NAME, FINAL CABIN CONC
114 C *  MAC, EXCEEDS MAC
115 C ****
116
117 C NOTE:FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
118
119  SUBROUTINE HDG4 (IDEVNO)
120
121 C INPUTS:
122 C   IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
123
124 C   WRITE HEADING
125   WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
126 010 FORMAT(1X,'CONT',14X,'NAME',14X,'FINAL CABIN',5X,'MAC',5X,
127 +'EXCEEDS')
128   WRITE(IDEVNO,20,IOSTAT=IOERR,ERR=900)
129 020 FORMAT(1X,' NO.',32X,'CONC (MG/M3)',12X,' MAC ')
130
131  GO TO 999
132 900 WRITE(*,*)'IO ERROR IN HDG4= ',IOVAL
133 999 RETURN
134  END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

135
136 C ****
137 C *      SUBROUTINE HDG5
138 C *  PROGRAM TO PRINT HEADING-TOTAL CONT REMOVED BY EACH DEV (MG)
139 C *  PRINTS SHEET 1-NO,NAME,CABIN,LEAK,&DEV3..DEV8
140 C ****
141
142 C NOTE:FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
143
144  SUBROUTINE HDG5 (IDEVNO)
145
146 C INPUTS:
147 C   IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
148
149 C   WRITE HEADING
150   WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
151 010 FORMAT(1X,24X,'TOTAL CONTAMINANT MASS REMOVED BY EACH DEVICE (MG)
152 +' SHEET 1')
153   WRITE(IDEVNO,20,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
154 020 FORMAT(1X,' NO.',14X,'NAME',16X,'CABIN',9X,'LEAK',8X,'DEV3',
155 +'DEV4',8X,'DEV5',8X,'DEV6',8X,'DEV7',8X,'DEV8')

```

```

156
157      GO TO 999
158 900 WRITE(*,*)'IO ERROR IN HDG5= ',IOVAL
159 999 RETURN
160     END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

161
162 C   ****
163 C   *      SUBROUTINE HDG6
164 C   *  PROGRAM TO PRINT HEADING-TOTAL CONT REMOVED BY EACH DEV (MG)
165 C   *  PRINTS SHEET 2-NO,NAME,& DEV9..DEV15
166 C   ****
167
168 C   NOTE:FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
169
170   SUBROUTINE HDG6 (IDEVNO)
171
172 C   INPUTS:
173 C   IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
174
175 C   WRITE HEADING
176   WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
177   010 FORMAT(1X,24X,'TOTAL CONTAMINANT MASS REMOVED BY EACH DEVICE (MG)
178   + SHEET 2')
179   WRITE(IDEVNO,20,IOSTAT=IOERR,ERR=900)
180   020 FORMAT(1X,' NO.',14X,'NAME',16X,' DEV9',8X,'DEV10',7X,'DEV11',
181   +7X,'DEV12',7X,'DEV13',7X,'DEV14',7X,'DEV15')
182
183   GO TO 999
184 900 WRITE(*,*)'IO ERROR IN HDG6= ',IOVAL
185 999 RETURN
186     END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

187
188 C   ****
189 C   *      SUBROUTINE HDG7
190 C   *  PROGRAM TO PRINT HEADING-DEVICE REM EFF AT END OF TIME INCR
191 C   *  PRINTS NO.,NAME,#2..#12
192 C   ****
193
194 C   NOTE:FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
195
196   SUBROUTINE HDG7 (IDEVNO)
197
198 C   INPUTS:
199 C   IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
200
201 C   WRITE HEADING
202   WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
203   010 FORMAT(1X,24X,'DEVICE REMOVAL EFFICIENCY AT END OF TIME INCREMENT
204   + (DEC)')
205   WRITE(IDEVNO,20,IOSTAT=IOERR,ERR=900)
206   020 FORMAT(1X,' NO.',14X,'NAME',15X,'#2',4X,'#3',
207   +4X,'#4',4X,'#5',4X,'#6',4X,'#7',4X,'#8',4X,'#9',3X,'#10',

```

```

208    +3X, '#11', 3X, '#12', 3X, '#13', 3X, '#14', 3X, '#15')
209
210    GO TO 999
211 900 WRITE(*,*)'IO ERROR IN HDG7= ',IOVAL
212 999 RETURN
213 END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

214
215 C ****
216 C *      SUBROUTINE HDG8
217 C *      PROGRAM TO PRINT HEADING-RATE OF CONT REMOVAL-EACH DEV (MG) *
218 C *      PRINTS SHEET 1-NO,NAME,CABIN,LEAK,&DEV3..DEV8
219 C ****
220
221 C      NOTE:FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
222
223      SUBROUTINE HDG8 (IDEVNO)
224
225 C      INPUTS:
226 C      IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
227
228 C      WRITE HEADING
229      WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
230 010 FORMAT(1X,24X,'RATE OF CONTAMINANT REMOVAL-EACH DEVICE (MG/HR)
231      + SHEET 1')
232      WRITE(IDEVNO,20,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
233 020 FORMAT(1X, ' NO.',14X,'NAME',16X,'CABIN',9X,'LEAK',8X,'DEV3',
234      +8X,'DEV4',8X,'DEV5',8X,'DEV6',8X,'DEV7',8X,'DEV8')
235
236      GO TO 999
237 900 WRITE(*,*)'IO ERROR IN HDG8= ',IOVAL
238 999 RETURN
239 END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

240
241 C ****
242 C *      SUBROUTINE HDG9
243 C *      PROGRAM TO PRINT HEADING-RATE OF CONT REMOVAL-EACH DEV (MG/HR) *
244 C *      PRINTS SHEET 2-NO,NAME,& DEV9..DEV15
245 C ****
246
247 C      NOTE:FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
248
249      SUBROUTINE HDG9 (IDEVNO)
250
251 C      INPUTS:
252 C      IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
253
254 C      WRITE HEADING
255      WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
256 010 FORMAT(1X,24X,'RATE OF CONTAMINANT REMOVAL-EACH DEVICE (MG/HR)
257      + SHEET 2')
258      WRITE(IDEVNO,20,IOSTAT=IOERR,ERR=900)
259 020 FORMAT(1X, ' NO.',14X,'NAME',16X,' DEV9',8X,'DEV10',7X,'DEV11',

```

```

260    +7X,'DEV12',7X,'DEV13',7X,'DEV14',7X,'DEV15')
261
262      GO TO 999
263  900 WRITE(*,*)"IO ERROR IN HDG9= ",IOVAL
264  999 RETURN
265      END
266

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\LDIGEN. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:56:50

```

1 C      ****
2 C      *      SUBROUTINE LDIGEN
3 C      *      SUBROUTINE TO LOAD INTERNAL GENERATION FROM MAT CDI COL 1 & *
4 C      *      COL 10-22 INTO MAT DD COL 19
5 C      ****
6 C      SUBROUTINE LDIGEN(I,DD,NROW,NCOL,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN2)
7 C      INTEGER NROW,NCOL,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN2
8 C      REAL DD(NROW,NCOL)
9 C      REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)

10 C
11 C INPUTS:
12 C      I=CONTAMINANT NUMBER
13 C      DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME AND DIMENSIONS OF MAT DD
14 C      CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME AND DIMENSIONS OF MAT CDI
15 C      LIN2=NUMBER OF DEVICES IN MAT DD
16 C OUTPUT
17 C      LOADS INTERNAL GENERATION FROM MAT CDI INTO MAT DD COL 19
18 C
19      DD(1,19)=CDI(I,1)
20      DD(2,19)=0
21      DO 10 J=3,LIN2
22      DD(J,19)=CDI(I,J+7)
23 010 CONTINUE
24      RETURN
25 C      **** END OF SUBROUTINE LDIGEN ****
26      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\LODEFF. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:57:05

```
1 C      **** SUBROUTINE LODEFF ****
2 C      * SUBROUTINE TO LOAD LAST INCR EFF FROM MAT CC INTO MAT DD COL 20*
3 C      * USES ADJUSTABLE SIZE ARRAYS
4 C      ****
5 C      ****
6 SUBROUTINE LODEFF(I,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,LIN2)
7 INTEGER NROW,NCOL,NROW1,NCOL1
8 REAL DD(NROW,NCOL)
9 REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
10
11 C INPUTS:
12 C     I=CONTAMINANT LINE NUMBER IN MAT CC
13 C     DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIMENSIONS OF MAT DD
14 C     CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIMENSIONS OF MAT CC
15 C     LIN2=NO. OF DEVICES IN MAT DD
16
17     DD(1,20)=0
18     K=7
19     DO 100 J=2,LIN2
20         DD(J,20)=CC(I,K)
21         K=K+3
22 100 CONTINUE
23     RETURN
24 C     **** END OF SUBROUTINE LODEFF ****
25     END
```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)  
Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\MASBAL. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:57:51

```

1 C      **** MASS BALANCE SUBROUTINE-MASBAL ****
2 C      * FOR 1 CONT AT A TIME AT A GIVEN DEVICE EFFICIENCY CALCULATES *
3 C      * CAV,CFINAL,CEQ,M.REMOVED (ALL DEV+CABIN)-DATA PUT IN MAT DD *
4 C      **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** **** ****
5 C      **** NOTE: BEFORE RUNNING THIS SUBROUTINE MUST ZERO MAT DD COL 17-21 ****
6 C      (DONE BY PRAFIL) & LOAD REM EFF FOR EACH DEVICE INTO
7 C      MAT DD COL 20 (DONE BY LODEFF OR CNRSUB)
8 C
9
10     SUBROUTINE MASBAL(I,TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
11     +CAVCLC,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,CFINAL,CEQLIB,LIN,LIN2)
12     INTEGER NROW,NCOL,NROW1,NCOL1,NROW2,NCOL2
13     REAL DD(NROW,NCOL)
14     REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
15     REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
16 C
17 C SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
18 C CALCM-CALCULATE CIN,COUT,M.REM,SUM MASS REM-IN MAT DD
19 C LDIGEN-LOAD INTERNAL M.GEN FOR DEVICE + CABIN FROM CDI INTO DD COL 19
20 C PCAVCF-USING CEQ & CINIT, CALC CFINAL & CAVERAGE
21
22 C INPUTS:
23 C FROM PCSET, PREDCT, AND CONVRG
24 C I=CONTAMINANT NO.
25 C TN=INCREMENT END TIME(HRS); TNI=INCR BEGINNING TIME HRS
26 C DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME AND SIZE OF MAT DD
27 C CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME AND SIZE OF MAT CC
28 C CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME AND SIZE OF MAT CDI
29 C LIN=NO. OF CONT IN MAT CDI
30 C LIN2=NO. OF DEVICES IN MAT DD
31 C FROM CALCM
32 C SMREM=SUM OF MASS REM FOR ALL DEVICES (MG/HR)-TOTAL OF DD COL 21
33 C SMGEN=SUM OF MASS GEN IN ALL DEVICES INCL CABIN(MG/HR)-DD COL 19
34 C FROM LDIGEN
35 C IT LOADS CABIN M.GEN (MG/HR) FROM MAT CDI INTO DD(1,19)
36 C IT LOADS M.GEN DEVICES FROM MAT CDI COL 2-15,19 INTO DD COL 19
37 C FROM PCAVCF
38 C CAVCLC=CALC INCR CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M)
39 C CFINAL=FINAL INCR CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M)
40 C OUTPUTS:
41 C TO PCSET, PREDCT, AND CONVRG
42 C CAVCLC=CALCULATED CABIN AVERAGE CONC(MG/CU M)
43 C CEQLIB=CABIN EQUILIBRIUM CONCENTRATION (MG/CU M)
44 C CFINAL=INCREMENT FINAL CABIN CONCENTRATION (MG/CU M)
45 C PUTS M.REM FOR CABIN + DEVICES IN MAT DD COL 21
46 C TO CALCM
47 C CAV=CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M)
48 C DD(1,19)=50 (CABIN M.GEN)
49 C OTHER DEVICES DD(2-15,19) MUST =0 AT THIS POINT (SEE PRAFIL)
50 C TO LDIGEN
51 C I=CONTAMINANT NUMBER
52 C DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME AND DIMENSIONS OF MAT DD
53 C CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME AND DIMENSIONS OF MAT CDI
54 C LIN2=NUMBER OF DEVICES IN MAT DD
55 C TO PCAVCF
56 C TN,TN1
57 C CINIT=INITIAL INCR CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M)=CC(I,1)
58 C CEQLIB=CABIN EQULIB CONC (MG/CU M)

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59 C     SQEFFN=SUM OF Q*REM EFF NET FOR ALL DEVICES (CU M/HR)
60 C     CVOL=CABIN VOL (CU M)=DD(1,9)
61 C     SMNTC=SUM OF MASS NET TO CABIN(MG/HR)
62
63 C     CABIN VOL (CU M)
64         CVOL=DD(1,9)
65 C     CINITIAL (MG/CU M)
66         CINIT=CC(I,1)
67
68 C     EVALUATE SUM Q*REM EFF NET USING M.GEN IN DEVICES=0 (DD COL 19)
69 C     SET CABIN AVERAGE CONCENTRATION = TO ARBITRARY VALUE OF 100
70 C     AND INTERNAL GENERATION IN DEVICES =0 (NOT YET LOADED)
71 C         SET CABIN M.GEN=ARBITRARY VALUE OF 50 (DD(1,19))
72 C         SMGEN=SUM M.GEN IN ALL DEVICES +CABIN (MG/HR)
73 C         SMREM=SUM M. REMOVED BY ALL DEVICES (MG/HR)
74 C         CAV=CABIN AVERAGE CONCENTRATION (MG/CU M)
75         CAV=100
76         DD(1,19)=50
77
78         CALL CALCM(DD,NROW,NCOL,CAV,SMGEN,SMREM,TN,LIN2)
79 C     SQEFFN=SUM OF Q*REMOVAL EFF NET (MG/HR)
80     SQEFFN=SMREM/CAV
81
82 C
83 C     LOAD INTERNAL GENERATION FOR ALL DEV+CABIN FROM CDI INTO DD COL 19
84     CALL LDIGEN(I,DD,NROW,NCOL,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN2)
85 C
86 C     EVALUATE SUM OF M.NET TO CABIN=M.GEN CABIN+SUM M.GEN ALL DEVICES -
87 C         SUM M.REM ALL DEVICES
88 C         SMNTC=SUM M.NET TO CABIN=AMT GEN WHICH GETS TO THE CABIN DIRECTLY
89 C         SET C CABIN AV=0
90         CAV=0
91 C         GET SUM MASS GEN CABIN+ INTERNAL DEVICES AND SUM MASS REMOVED ALL
92 C         DEVICES FROM SUBROUTINE-SINCE CABIN C=0 NO CABIN CONT WILL BE REM
93     CALL CALCM(DD,NROW,NCOL,CAV,SMGEN,SMREM,TN,LIN2)
94     SMNTC=SMGEN-SMREM
95 C         NOTE:SMNTC IS ALSO PUT IN DD(1,21) BY CALCM
96 C
97 C     GET CALCULATED CABIN EQUILIBRIUM CONCENTRATION (CAVCLC) (MG/CU M)
98
99 C
100    IF(SQEFFN.LT.1E-10) THEN
101        IF(CVOL.EQ.0) THEN
102            CFINAL=1E10
103        ELSE
104            CFINAL=CINIT+ (TN-TN1) *SMGEN/CVOL
105        ENDIF
106        CAVCLC=(CINIT+CFINAL)/2
107        CEQLIB=1E10
108    ELSE
109        CEQLIB=SMNTC/SQEFFN
110 C        CALCULATE CAVCLC AND CFINAL FROM SUBROUTINE
111        CALL PCAVCF(TN,TN1,CEQLIB,SQEFFN,CVOL,SMNTC,CINIT,
112        + CAVCLC,CFINAL)
113        ENDIF
114 C     USING CAV CALC EVALUATE M.REM FOR CABIN + DEVICES AND PUT
115 C         IN MAT DD COL 21
116         CAV=CAVCLC
117         CALL CALCM(DD,NROW,NCOL,CAV,SMGEN,SMREM,TN,LIN2)
118 C

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```
119      RETURN
120 C END OF SUBROUTINE MASBAL
121 C ***** END OF SUBROUTINE MASBAL ****
122      END
```

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NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0
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RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\FORTRAN\TCC\MCALC. Options: /C 80 /L /BIJY 03/15/94 10:40:19

```
1 C ****  
2 C * SUBROUTINE MCALC  
3 C * MAIN CALCULATION LOOP SUBROUTINE FOR 1 TIME INCREMENT  
4 C * FOR ALL CONTAMINANTS ONE AT A TIME  
5 C * BASED ON SUM MASS REM LAST INCR, FOR EACH CONT  
6 C * CALCULATE NEW REMOVAL EFF, CAV CALC CABIN,  
7 C * CEQULIB, CFINAL, & M.REMOVED ALL DEVICES-PUT IN MAT CC  
8 C ****  
9 SUBROUTINE MCALC(I,TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,  
10 +CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,LIN,LIN2,  
11 +PRTSW2,PRTSW3,PRTSW4,IMSGDN)  
12 INTEGER NROW,NCOL,NROW1,NCOL1,NROW2,NCOL2,PRTSW2,PRTSW3,PRTSW4,KK  
13 CHARACTER NN(NROW1)*30  
14 REAL DD(NROW,NCOL)  
15 REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)  
16 REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)  
17 C SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:  
18 C PREDCT=PREDICT CAV BASED ON M.GEN OF THIS INCR & REM EFF OF LST INC  
19 C CONVRG=CALC CAV CALC,CEQ,CFINAL,M.REM,REM EFF  
20 C CROUT=PRINT TEST VALUES OF MAT CC  
21 C RROUT=PRINT TEST VALUES OF MAT DD  
22 C  
23 C INPUTS:  
24 C FROM MAIN PROG  
25 C I=CONTAMINANT NO.  
26 C TN,TN1 =INCREMENT END & BEGINNING TIME (HRS)  
27 C DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIM OF MAT DD  
28 C CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIM OF MAT CC  
29 C CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & DIM OF MAT CDI  
30 C NN=NAME OF MAT NN  
31 C LIN=NUMBER OF CONTAMINANTS IN MAT NN & CDI  
32 C LIN2=NO. DEVICES IN MAT DD  
33 C FROM PREDCT  
34 C CAVPRD=PRED CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M)  
35 C FROM CONVRG  
36 C CAVCLC=CALC CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M)  
37 C CFINAL=FINAL INCR CABIN CONT CONC(MG/CUM)  
38 C KK=COUNTER FOR CONVERGENCE  
39 C CEQLIB=EQUILIBRIUM CABIN CONT CONC(MG/CU M)  
40 C IMMSGDN=DEVICE NO FOR MESSAGE AND TEXT PRINTOUT OUTPUT  
41 C OUTPUTS:  
42 C TO PREDCT  
43 C I=CONTAMINANT NO.  
44 C TN,TN1 =INCREMENT END & BEGINNING TIME (HRS)  
45 C DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIM OF MAT DD  
46 C CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIM OF MAT CC  
47 C CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & DIM OF MAT CDI  
48 C LIN=NO. OF CONTAMINANTS IN MAT CDI  
49 C LIN2=NO. DEVICES IN MAT DD  
50 C TO CONVRG  
51 C I=CONTAMINANT NO.  
52 C TN,TN1 =INCREMENT END & BEGINNING TIME (HRS)  
53 C DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIM OF MAT DD  
54 C CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIM OF MAT CC  
55 C CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & DIM OF MAT CDI  
56 C LIN=NO. OF CONTAMINANTS IN MAT CDI  
57 C LIN2=NO. DEVICES IN MAT DD
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```

58 C   CAVPRD=PREDICTED CABIN CONC FOR INCREMENT (MG/CU M)
59 C   TO MAT CC
60 C   PUTS CAVCLC,CEQLIV,&CFINAL IN CC(I,2-3 &4)
61 C   PUTS REM EFF FROM DD COL20 IN CC(I,7-10-13 ETC)
62 C   PUTS M.REM FOR EACH DEV FROM DD COL21 IN CC(I,6-9-12 ETC)
63 C   PUTS SUM MASS REM FOR EACH DEV IN CC(I,8-11-14 ETC)
64 C
65 C
66 C   BEGIN LOOP FOR EACH CONTAMINANT FOR EACH TIME INCREMENT
67 DO 100 I=1,LIN
68 C   CALC CAV PRED CABIN FOR CONT BASED ON REM EFF OF LAST INCREMENT
69 C   AND GENERATION RATES OF THIS INCREMENT
70 CALL PREDCT(I,TN,TN1,CAVPRD,DD,NROW,NCOL,
71 +CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,CAVCLC,CFINAL,CEQLIB,LIN,LIN2,NN)
72
73 C
74 C   CONVERGE UNTIL CCALC=CPRED
75 CALL CONVRG(I,TN,TN1,CAVPRD,DD,NROW,NCOL,
76 +CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,CAVCLC,CFINAL,CEQLIB,KK,LIN,
77 +LIN2,NN,PRTSW3,IMSGDN)
78 C
79 C   IF KK>20 THEN BEGIN 1/20 TIME INCREMENT CONVERGENCE ROUTINE
80 IF (KK.GT.20) THEN
81   KK=1
82 C   BEGIN 1/20 INCREMENT CONVERGENCE ROUTINE
83 C   NEW INCREMENT INITIAL TIME (HRS)
84 TN1NEW=TN1
85 C   NEW TIME INCREMENT (HRS)
86 BINEW=(TN-TN1)/20
87 C   BEGIN LOOP FOR 1/20 INCREMENT SIZE TIME INCREMENT
88 C   NEW INCREMENT FINAL TIME (HRS)
89 200 TNNEW=TN1NEW+BINEW
90
91 C   ZERO MAT DD COL 17-21
92 CALL PRAFIL(DD,NROW,NCOL,17,21)
93 C   LOAD EFFICIENCY FROM LAST INCREMENT INTO MAT DD COL 20
94 CALL LODEFF(I,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,LIN2)
95 C   CALC CAV PRED CABIN FOR CONT BASED ON REM EFF OF LAST INCREMENT
96 C   AND GENERATION RATES OF THIS INCREMENT
97 CALL PREDCT(I,TNNEW,TN1NEW,CAVPRD,DD,NROW,NCOL,
98 + CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,CAVCLC,CFINAL,CEQLIB,LIN,
99 + LIN2,NN)
100 C
101 C   CONVERGE UNTIL CCALC=CPRED
102 CALL CONVRG(I,TNNEW,TN1NEW,CAVPRD,DD,NROW,NCOL,
103 + CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,CAVCLC,CFINAL,CEQLIB,KK,LIN,
104 + LIN2,NN,PRTSW3,IMSGDN)
105 C
106 C   IF KK>20 THEN PRINT CONVERGENCE WARNING
107 IF (KK.GT.20) THEN
108 OPEN (IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
109 WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'WARNING: CALCULATION DID NOT CONVERGE FOR'
110 WRITE(IMSGDN,*) '      FULL AND 1/20 INCREMENT ROUTINES'
111 WRITE(IMSGDN,50) I,NN(I),TN1NEW,TNNEW
112 050 FORMAT (1X,'CONT NO.= ',I4,2X,A,/,1X,
113 + 'FOR INCREMENT INIT & FINAL TIMES= ',F8.2,F8.2)
114 CLOSE(IMSGDN)
115 ENDIF
116
117 C   FILL MAT CC WITH RESULTS

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```

118 C      PUT CAVCLC,CEQLIB, AND CFINAL IN CC
119   CC(I,2)=CAVCLC
120   CC(I,3)=CEQLIB
121   CC(I,4)=CFINAL
122 C      PUT REM EFF FROM LAST ITER DD COL 20 IN CC(I,7-10-13ETC)
123   K=7
124   DO 102 J=2,LIN2
125     CC(I,K)=DD(J,20)
126     K=K+3
127 102    CONTINUE
128
129 C      TAKE CABIN M.REM(MG/HR) FROM DD(1,21) & PUT IN MAT CC(I,5)
130   CC(I,5)=DD(1,21)
131 C      TAKE M.REM FROM DD COL 21 & PUT IN CC(I,8-11-14ETC)
132   K=8
133   DO 103 J=2,LIN2
134     CC(I,K)=DD(J,21)
135     K=K+3
136 103    CONTINUE
137
138 C      CALCULATE SUM OF MASS REMOVED IN DEVICES + CABIN TO DATE AND
139 C      PUT IN CC(I,6-9-12ETC)
140   K=5
141   DO 104 J=1,LIN2
142     CC(I,K+1)=CC(I,K+1)+CC(I,K)*(TNNEW-TN1NEW)
143     K=K+3
144 104    CONTINUE
145 C
146 C      IF PRTSW2=1 THEN PRINT MAT CC INFO FOR THIS CONTAMINANT
147   IF (PRTSW2.EQ.1) THEN
148     OPEN (IMSGDN,FILE='CON', IOSTAT=IOVAL)
149     WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'NINC,TN,TN1 ',NINC,TN,TN1
150     WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'PRINTOUT FOR ONE CONT INSIDE 1/20 INCR
151 + LOOP OF MCALC'
152   WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'INFO FROM MAT CC'
153   CLOSE(IMSGDN)
154   CALL CROUT(NN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,1,NCOL1,LIN,I,I,IMSGDN)
155 ENDIF
156 C
157
158 C      REPEAT LOOP FOR 1/10 INCREMENT IF END OF 1/20 INCREMENT TIME
159 C      (TNNEW) IS < THAN END OF LARGER TIME INCR (TN)
160 C      ELSE IF TNNEW>=TN, END 1/20 ENCR CONV & PRINT ANSWERS+REPEAT
161 C      FOR ANOTHER CONTAMINANT
162
163   IF (TNNEW.LT.TN) THEN
164     RESET FOR ANOTHER 1/20 TIME INCREMENT
165     TN1NEW=TNNEW
166     CC(I,1)=CC(I,4)
167     GO TO 200
168   ELSE
169     END 1/20 INCR CONV ROUTINE-REPEAT FOR ANOTHER CONT
170     GOTO 100
171   ENDIF
172
173 C      END OF CONVERGENCE ROUTINE
174 ENDIF
175
176 C      CALC SUM MASS REMOVED & FILL MAT CC WITH RESULTS
177 C      PUT CAVCLC,CEQLIB, AND CFINAL IN CC

```

```

178      CC(I,2)=CAVCLC
179      CC(I,3)=CEQLIB
180      CC(I,4)=CFINAL
181 C     PUT REM EFF FROM LAST ITER DD COL 20 IN CC(I,7-10-13ETC)
182      K=7
183      DO 302 J=2,LIN2
184          CC(I,K)=DD(J,20)
185          K=K+3
186 302  CONTINUE
187
188 C     TAKE CABIN M.REM(MG/HR) FROM DD(1,21) & PUT IN MAT CC(I,5)
189      CC(I,5)=DD(1,21)
190 C     TAKE M.REM FROM DD COL 21 & PUT IN CC(I,8-11-14ETC)
191      K=8
192      DO 303 J=2,LIN2
193          CC(I,K)=DD(J,21)
194          K=K+3
195 303  CONTINUE
196
197 C     CALCULATE SUM OF MASS REMOVED IN DEVICES + CABIN TO DATE AND PUT
198 C     IN CC(I,6-9-12ETC)
199      K=5
200      DO 304 J=1,LIN2
201          CC(I,K+1)=CC(I,K+1)+CC(I,K)*(TN-TN1)
202          K=K+3
203 304  CONTINUE
204 C
205
206 C     IF PRTSW4=1 THEN PRINT MAT DD+MAT CC INFO FOR THIS CONTAMINANT
207      IF (PRTSW4.EQ.1) THEN
208          OPEN (IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
209          WRITE(IMSGDN,'*)'PRINTOUT FOR ONE CONT AT END OF MCALC'
210          WRITE(IMSGDN,'*)'INFO FROM MAT CC'
211          CLOSE(IMSGDN)
212          CALL CROUT(NN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,1,NCOL1,LIN,I,I,IMSGDN)
213          OPEN (IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
214          WRITE(IMSGDN,'*)'INFO FROM MAT DD'
215          CLOSE(IMSGDN)
216          CALL RROUT(DD,NROW,NCOL,1,NCOL,LIN2,IMSGDN)
217      ENDIF
218 C
219 C     END OF I LOOP FOR EACH CONTAMINANT
220 C
221 100 CONTINUE
222      RETURN
223 C     ***** END OF SUBROUTINE MCALC ****
224      END

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NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\PCAVCF. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:57:51

```
1 C      **** SUBROUTINE PCAVCF
2 C      * SUBROUTINE TO PREDICT INCREMENT CALCULATED AVERAGE EFF
3 C      * (C AV CALC), FINAL EFF (CFINAL) & CABIN CONTAMINANT
4 C      * CONCENTRATION
5 C      ****
6 C      ****
7
8      SUBROUTINE PCAVCF (TN,TN1,SCEQLIB,SQEFFFN,CVOL,SMNTC,CINIT,
9      + CAVCLC,SCFINAL)
10     DOUBLE PRECISION EXPON,CEQLIB,CFINAL
11     CEQLIB=DBLE(SCEQLIB)
12
13 C SUBROUTINES REQUIRED: NONE
14 C
15 C INPUTS:
16 C TN, TN1=INITIAL & FINAL INCREMENT TIME (HRS)
17 C SCEQLIB(CEQLIB)=EQUILIBRIUM CABIN CONC (MG/CUM)
18 C SQEFFN=SUM Q*REMOVAL EFF NET (MG/HR)
19 C CVOL=CABIN VOLUME (CU M)
20 C SMNTC=SUM MASS CONT NET TO CABIN (MG/HR)
21 C CINIT=INITIAL INCREMENT CONT CONC (MG/CU M)
22 C OUTPUTS:
23 C SCAVCLC(CAVCLC)=CALC AVERAGE CABIN CONC (MG/CU M)
24 C SCFINAL(CFINAL)=FINAL INCREMENT CONC (MG/CU M)
25 C
26     IF(CVOL.LE.0) THEN
27         CAVCLC=CEQLIB
28         CFINAL=CEQLIB
29         GOTO 99
30     ENDIF
31 C     CALCULATION FOR CFINAL
32     EXPON=(TN-TN1)*SQEFFN/CVOL
33     IF(ABS(EXPON).GT.50) THEN
34         CAVCLC=CEQLIB
35         CFINAL=CEQLIB
36         GOTO 99
37     ENDIF
38     IF(ABS(EXPON).LT.1E-6) THEN
39         CFINAL=CINIT+SMNTC*(TN-TN1)/CVOL
40         CAVCLC=(CINIT+CFINAL)/2
41         CEQLIB=1E10
42         GOTO 99
43     ELSE
44         CFINAL=CINIT+(SMNTC/SQEFFN-CINIT)*(1-EXP(-EXPON))
45     ENDIF
46 C     CALCULATION FOR C AVERAGE CALC
47     IF ((CINIT.EQ.CFINAL).OR.(CFINAL.EQ.CEQLIB)) THEN
48         CAVCLC=CFINAL
49         GOTO 99
50     ENDIF
51     IF ((CEQLIB-CINIT)/(CEQLIB-CFINAL).LT.1E-6) THEN
52         CAVCLC=(CINIT+CFINAL)/2
53     ELSE
54         CAVCLC=CEQLIB-(CFINAL-CINIT)/LOG((CEQLIB-CINIT)/
55         +(CEQLIB -CFINAL))
56     ENDIF
57 099 CONTINUE
58     SCFINAL=REAL(CFINAL)
```

```
59      RETURN
60 C    **** END OF SUBROUTINE PCAVCF ****
61      END
62 C

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0
NUMBER OF ERRORS  IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0
NUMBER OF ERRORS  IN COMPILATION : 0
```

## RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\PCSET.F Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:58:31

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1 C      **** SUBROUTINE PCSET ****
2 C      * SUBROUTINE FOR PRECALCULATION SETUP ROUTINE *
3 C      * FOR ALL CONTAMINANTS ONE AT A TIME *
4 C      * CALL EFF SUBROUTINES FOR DEVICES; GET CAV CABIN PRED, *
5 C      * CEQULIB, CFINAL, & M.REMOVED ALL DEVICES-PUT IN MAT CC *
6 C      ****
7 C      **** SUBROUTINE PCSET(TN1,LIN,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
8 C      +CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN2,NN,PRTSW1,IMSGDN)
9 C      INTEGER NROW,NCOL,NROW1,NCOL1,NROW2,NCOL2,PRTSW1,KK
10 C      CHARACTER NN(NROW1)*30
11 C      REAL DD(NROW,NCOL)
12 C      REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
13 C      REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
14 C      KK=0
15 C
16 C SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
17 C      PRAFIL-ZERO MAT DD COL 17-21
18 C      CNRSUB-USING CAV=1E-20, FIND REMOVAL EFF AND PUT IN MAT DD COL 20
19 C      MASBAL-CALC CAV CALC PRED, CEQ, CFINAL, M.REM
20 C      CROUT-TEST PRINTOUT OF CONT INFO
21 C
22 C INPUTS:
23 C FROM MAIN CALC LOOP
24 C      TN1=INCREMENT INITIAL TIME (HRS)
25 C      LIN=NO. OF CONT IN MAT CC AND NN
26 C      DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & SIZE OF MAT DD
27 C      CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CC
28 C      CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CDI
29 C      LIN2=NO. DEVICES IN MAT DD
30 C      NN=NAME OF MAT NN
31 C      PRTSW1=PRINTSWITCH WHICH CONTROLS TEST PRINTOUT
32 C      IMSGDN=DEVICE NUMBER FOR MESSAGES AND TEST PRINTOUT
33 C FROM PRAFIL
34 C      PUTS ZEROS IN MAT DD COL 17-21
35 C FROM CNRSUB
36 C      CNRSUB PUTS REM EFF(DEC) FOR EACH DEVICE IN MAT DD COL 20
37 C FROM MASBAL (PREDICTED VALUES)
38 C      CAVCLC=AVERAGE CABIN CONC (MG/CU M)
39 C      CFINAL=FINAL INCREMENT CONT CONC (MG/CU M)
40 C      CEQLIB=EQUILIBRIUM CONT CONC (MG/CU M)
41 C      M.REM FOR ALL DEVICES PLACED IN COL 21 OF MAT DD
42 C OUTPUTS
43 C TO MAIN PROGRAM
44 C      PUT IN MAT CC
45 C      CAVPRD=PRED CABIN AV CONC (MG/CU M): =CC(I,2)
46 C      CEQLIB=EQUILIBRIUM CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M):=CC(I,3)
47 C      CFINAL=FINAL CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M):=CC(I,4)
48 C      PUTS REM EFF FROM DD COL 20 IN CC(I,7-10-13-16 ETC)
49 C      PUTS M.REM IN CC(I,5-8-11-14...)
50 C TO PRAFIL
51 C      NAME AND SIZE OF MAT DD+FIRST & LAST COLUMN TO ZERO
52 C TO CNRSUB
53 C      I=CONT NO.
54 C      TN,TN1=CONT INCREMENT FINAL, INIT TIME (HRS)
55 C      CAVPRD=CABIN AVERAGE CONT CONC (MG/CU M)
56 C      DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIMENSIONS OF MAT DD
57 C      CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIM OF MAT CC
58 C      CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & DIM OF MAT CDI

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59 C LIN2=NO. ACTIVE DEVICES IN MAT DD
60 C TO MASBAL
61 C I=CONT NO.
62 C TN,TN1=CONT INCREMENT FINAL, INIT TIME (HRS)
63 C DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIMENSIONS OF MAT DD
64 C CALCLC=CALC CABIN AV CONC (MG/CU M)
65 C CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIM OF MAT CC
66 C CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & DIM OF MAT CDI
67 C CFINAL=CABIN FINAL CONCENTRATION (MG/CU M)
68 C CEQLIB=CABIN EQUILIBRIUM CONCENTRATION (MG/CU M)
69 C LIN=NO. OF CONTAMINANTS IN MAT CDI
70 C LIN2=NO. ACTIVE DEVICES IN MAT DD
71 C TO RROUT
72 C MATRIX NAME,#ROWS,#COLS,FIRST & LAST COL TO PRINT,#LINES TO PRINT
73
74 C BASIC TIME INCREMENT (HRS)
75     BINC=DD(1,11)
76 C SET FINAL INCREMENT TIME (HRS)
77     TN=0.1*BINC/24
78 C BEGIN LOOP FOR EACH CONTAMINANT - ONE AT A TIME
79 C     CALCULATE REM EFF FOR EACH DEVICE, GET M.REM, CAV CABIN CALC
80 C     CEQLIB, CFINAL-PUT IN MAT CC
81 DO 100 I=1,LIN
82 C     ZERO MAT DD COL 17 TO 21
83     CALL PRAFIL(DD,NROW,NCOL,17,21)
84 C     SET CAVPRD = MINIMUM VALUE TO ALLOW COMPUTATION
85     CAVPRD=1E-20
86     DD(J,22)=CAVPRD
87 C     CALC REMOVAL EFFICIENCIES (THROUGH EFF CALLING SUBROUTINE)
88 C     THIS STORES REM EFF IN MAT DD COL 20 FOR EACH DEVICE
89     CALL CNRSUB(I,TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
90 +     CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN2,KK)
91 C     CALL MASS BALANCE-GET CAVPRD (=CAVCLC IN MASBAL),CEQ,CFINAL,M.REM
92     CALL MASBAL(I,TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
93 +     CAVCLC,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,CFINAL,CEQLIB,LIN,LIN2)
94     CAVPRD=CAVCLC
95 C     PUT CAVPRD,CEQLIB,& CFINAL IN MAT CC
96     CC(I,2)=CAVPRD
97     CC(I,3)=CEQLIB
98     CC(I,4)=CFINAL
99 C     GET REM EFF FROM DD COL 20 AND PUT IN CC(I,7-10-13 ETC)
100    K=7
101    DO 101 J=2,LIN2
102        CC(I,K)=DD(J,20)
103        K=K+3
104 101    CONTINUE
105 C     TAKE M.REMOVED FROM MAT DD COL 21 AND PUT IN MAT CC(I,5-8-...)
106 C     CABIN REMOVAL RATE
107     CC(I,5)=DD(1,21)
108 C     DEVICE 2-15 REMOVAL RATE
109     K=8
110    DO 102 J=2,LIN2
111        CC(I,K)=DD(J,21)
112        K=K+3
113 102    CONTINUE
114 C     IF PRTSW1=1 THEN PRINT MAT DD+MAT CC INFO FOR THIS CONTAMINANT
115     IF (PRTSW1.EQ.1) THEN
116         OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
117         WRITE(IMSGDN,'*)'PRINTOUT FOR ONE CONT AT END OF PCSET'
118         WRITE(IMSGDN,'*)'INFO FROM MAT CC'

```

```
119      CLOSE (IMSGDN)
120      CALL CROUT(NN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,1,NCOL1,LIN,I,I,IMSGDN)
121      OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
122      WRITE(IMSGDN,*)'INFO FROM MAT DD'
123      CLOSE (IMSGDN)
124      CALL RROUT(DD,NROW,NCOL,1,NCOL,LIN2,IMSGDN)
125      ENDIF
126 C
127 100 CONTINUE
128 C
129      RETURN
130 C      ***** END OF SUBROUTINE PCSET *****
131      END
```

```
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0
```

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\PRAFIL. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:58:44

```
1 C      ****  
2 C      *      SUBROUTINE PRAFIL  
3 C      *      SUBROUTINE TO FILL ADJUSTABLE SIZE REAL ARRAY WITH ZEROS  
4 C      *      PARTIAL FILL-FROM COL FSTCOL TO COL LSTCOL  
5 C      ****  
6 SUBROUTINE PRAFIL(X,NROW,NCOL,FSTCOL,LSTCOL)  
7 INTEGER NCOL,NROW,FSTCOL,LSTCOL  
8 REAL X(NROW,NCOL)  
9  
10 C INPUTS:  
11 C      X,NROW,NCOL=NAME AND DIMENSIONS OF MATRIX X  
12 C      FSTCOL,LSTCOL=FIRST AND LAST COLUMN TO FILL WITH ZEROS  
13  
14      IF(FSTCOL.GT.NCOL) FSTCOL=NCOL  
15      IF(LSTCOL.GT.NCOL) LSTCOL=NCOL  
16      IF(FSTCOL.GT.LSTCOL) FSTCOL=LSTCOL  
17      DO 110 I=1,NROW  
18      DO 100 J=FSTCOL,LSTCOL  
19      X(I,J)=0.0  
20 100 CONTINUE  
21 110 CONTINUE  
22      RETURN  
23 C      ***** END OF SUBROUTINE PRAFIL *****  
24      END
```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)  
 Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\PRFANS. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:58:58

```

1 C FILE PRFANS
2 C ****
3 C      *      SUBROUTINE PRCDA
4 C      *      PROGRAM TO PRINT ANSWERS FOR CONCENTRATION DATA
5 C ****
6
7 C      NOTES: (1) FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
8 C      (2) IDEVNO MUST BE 6 FOR FORM FEEDS TO BE PRINTED
9
10     SUBROUTINE PRCDA(TN,TN1,LIN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,
11 +IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR,
12 +PRTSW8,PRTSW9,FCPLOT,IDEVN1)
13 C      SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
14 C          HDG1,HDG2,HDG3,HDG4
15
16 C      TN, TN1=FINAL AND INITIAL INCREMENT TIME (HRS)
17 C      LIN=TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAMINANTS
18 C      CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CC
19 C      CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CDI
20 C      NN=NAME OF MAT NN
21 C      IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
22 C      NINC=TIME INCREMENT NUMBER
23 C          =0 THEN PRINT HDG3 WITH PCALC
24 C          =-1 THEN PRINT HDG3 WITH FINAL
25 C          ELSE PRINT HDG2 WITH INCREMENT NUMBER
26 C      IMONTH..IMINUTE=TIME AND DATE INFO
27 C      FNAME=FILE NAME OUTPUT DATA IS STORED ON
28 C      IPGCTR=COUNTER FOR SEQUENTIAL PAGE NUMBERS ON ALL OUTPUT
29
30      REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
31      REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
32      CHARACTER CNAME*30,FNAME*24,ECHR*1,FCPLOT*24
33      CHARACTER NN(NROW1)*30
34      INTEGER PRTSW8,PRTSW9,NINC
35 C      ECHR=EXCEEDS MAC CHARACTER (Y OR N)
36      IF ((PRTSW8.EQ.1).OR.((PRTSW8.EQ.0).AND.(NINC.EQ.-1))) THEN
37 C      INCREMENT PAGE COUNTER BY ONE
38      IPGCTR=IPGCTR+1
39
40 C      START FIRST PAGE
41 C      PRINT FORM FEED
42      WRITE(IDEVNO,20,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
43 020  FORMAT('1')
44 C      PRINT BLANK LINE FOLLOWED BY HEADINGS 1, 3 &4
45      WRITE(IDEVNO,40,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
46 040  FORMAT(1X,'')
47      CALL HDG1(IMONTH, IDAY, IYEAR, IHOUR, IMINUTE, FNAME, IPGCTR, IDEVNO)
48      IF(NINC.EQ.0) THEN
49          CALL HDG3(1,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
50      ELSEIF(NINC.EQ.-1) THEN
51          CALL HDG3(2,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
52      ELSE
53          CALL HDG2(NINC,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
54      ENDIF
55      CALL HDG4(IDEVNO)
56 C      PRINT ANOTHER BLANK LINE
57      WRITE(IDEVNO,40,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
58

```

```

59 C      BEGIN LOOP FOR EACH CONTAMINANT 1 TO LIN
60 DO 100 I=1,LIN
61
62 C      CNAME=CONTAMINANT NAME
63 C      CNAME=NN(I)
64 C      FCONC=FINAL CONT CONCENTRATION (MG CU M)
65 C      FCONC=CC(I,4)
66 C      RMAC=MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CONCENTRATIION (MG/CU M)
67 C      RMAC=CDI(I,9)
68
69 C      IF CABIN CONC>MAC PRINT 'Y' OTHERWISE PRINT 'N'
70 IF(FCONC.GT.RMAC) THEN
71   ECHR='Y'
72 ELSE
73   ECHR='N'
74 ENDIF
75 C
76 C      PRINT 56 LINES OF DATA AND THEN START NEW PAGE
77 WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) I,CNAME,FCONC, RMAC,ECHR
78 010 FORMAT(1X,I4,1X,A,1X,G11.4,1X,G11.4,5X,A)
79
80 C      CHECK FOR 56 LINES-IF SO, INCREMENT PAGE NUMBER+START NEW PAGE
81 IF(INT(REAL(I)/56).EQ.REAL(I)/56) THEN
82   IPGCTR=IPGCTR+1
83 C      START SUBSEQUENT PAGES
84 C      PRINT FORM FEED
85 WRITE(IDEVNO,50,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
86 050 FORMAT('1')
87 C      PRINT BLANK LINE FOLLOWED BY HEADINGS 1, 3 &4
88 WRITE(IDEVNO,30,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
89 030 FORMAT(1X,'')
90 CALL
91 HDG1(IMONTH, IDAY, IYEAR, IHOUR, IMINUTE, FNAME, IPGCTR, IDEVNO)
92 IF(NINC.EQ.0) THEN
93   CALL HDG3(1,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
94 ELSEIF(NINC.EQ.-1) THEN
95   CALL HDG3(2,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
96 ELSE
97   CALL HDG2(NINC,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
98 ENDIF
99 C      PRINT ANOTHER BLANK LINE
100 WRITE(IDEVNO,30,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
101
102 ENDIF
103 100 CONTINUE
104 ENDIF
105 C ***** WRITE CONCENTRATION DATA TO A PLOT FILE *****
106 C      IF (NINC.NE.-1) THEN
107 IF ((PRTSW9.EQ.1).OR.(PRTSW9.EQ.3)) THEN
108   DO 120 I=1,LIN,300
109     IS=I
110     IE=I+299
111     IF (IE.GT.LIN) IE=LIN
112     WRITE (IDEVN1,110,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) TN1,TN,
113     (CC(J,4),J=IS,IE)
114   +
115 110   FORMAT (T2,2(F8.3,1X),300(G11.4,:,1X))
116 120 CONTINUE
117 ENDIF

```

```

118      ENDIF
119      GO TO 999
120 900 WRITE(*,*)'IO ERROR IN PRCDA= ',IOVAL
121 999 RETURN
122      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

123
124 C      ****
125 C      *      SUBROUTINE PRREM1
126 C      *      PROGRAM TO PRINT ANSWERS-RATE OF CONTAMINANT REMOVAL (MG/HR) *
127 C      *      SHEET 1
128 C      ****
129
130 C      NOTES: (1) FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
131 C              (2) IDEVNO MUST BE 6 FOR FORM FEEDS TO BE PRINTED
132
133      SUBROUTINE PRREM1(TN,TN1,LIN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,
134 +IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH>IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR)
135
136 C      SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
137 C          HDG1,HDG2,HDG3,HDG8
138
139 C      TN,TN1=FINAL AND INITIAL INCREMENT TIME (HRS)
140 C      LIN=TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAMINANTS
141 C      CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CC
142 C      CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CDI
143 C      NN=NAME OF MAT NN
144 C      IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
145 C      NINC=TIME INCREMENT NUMBER
146 C          =0 THEN PRINT HDG3 WITH PCALC
147 C          =-1 THEN PRINT HDG3 WITH FINAL
148 C          ELSE PRINT HDG2 WITH INCREMENT NUMBER
149 C          IMONTH..IMINUTE=TIME AND DATE INFO
150 C          FNAME=FILE NAME OUTPUT DATA IS STORED ON
151 C          IPGCTR=COUNTER FOR SEQUENTIAL PAGE NUMBERS ON ALL OUTPUT
152
153      REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
154      REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
155      CHARACTER CNAME*30,FNAME*24
156      CHARACTER NN(NROW1)*30
157
158 C      INCREMENT PAGE COUNTER BY ONE
159      IPGCTR=IPGCTR+1
160
161 C      START FIRST PAGE
162 C      PRINT FORM FEED
163      WRITE(IDEVNO,20,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
164 020 FORMAT('1')
165 C      PRINT BLANK LINE FOLLOWED BY HEADINGS 1, 3 & 8
166      WRITE(IDEVNO,40,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
167 040 FORMAT(1X,'')
168      CALL HDG1(IMONTH>IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IPGCTR,IDEVNO)
169      IF(NINC.EQ.0) THEN
170          CALL HDG3(1,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
171      ELSEIF(NINC.EQ.-1) THEN
172          CALL HDG3(2,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)

```

```

173      ELSE
174          CALL HDG2(NINC,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
175      ENDIF
176      CALL HDG8(IDEVNO)
177 C      PRINT ANOTHER BLANK LINE
178          WRITE(IDEVNO,40,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
179
180 C      BEGIN LOOP FOR EACH CONTAMINANT 1 TO LIN
181          DO 100 I=1,LIN
182
183 C      PRINT 56 LINES OF DATA AND THEN START NEW PAGE
184          WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) I,NN(I),
185          +CC(I,5),CC(I,8),CC(I,11),CC(I,14),CC(I,17),CC(I,20),CC(I,23),
186          +CC(I,26)
187          010 FORMAT(1X,I4,1X,A,8(1X,G11.4))
188
189 C      CHECK FOR 56 LINES-IF SO, INCREMENT PAGE NUMBER+START NEW PAGE
190          IF(INT(REAL(I)/56).EQ.REAL(I)/56) THEN
191              IPGCTR=IPGCTR+1
192 C      START SUBSEQUENT PAGES
193 C      PRINT FORM FEED
194          WRITE(IDEVNO,50,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
195          050 FORMAT('1')
196 C      PRINT BLANK LINE FOLLOWED BY HEADINGS 1, 3 &8
197          WRITE(IDEVNO,30,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
198          030 FORMAT(1X,'')
199          CALL HDG1(IMONTH, IDAY, IYEAR, IHOUR, IMINUTE, FNAME, IPGCTR, IDEVNO)
200          IF(NINC.EQ.0) THEN
201              CALL HDG3(1,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
202          ELSEIF(NINC.EQ.-1) THEN
203              CALL HDG3(2,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
204          ELSE
205              CALL HDG2(NINC,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
206          ENDIF
207          CALL HDG8(IDEVNO)
208 C      PRINT ANOTHER BLANK LINE
209          WRITE(IDEVNO,30,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
210
211          ENDIF
212          100 CONTINUE
213
214          GO TO 999
215 900 WRITE(*,*)"IO ERROR IN PRREM1= ',IOVAL
216 999 RETURN
217          END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```
218 *****  
219 C *  
220 C * SUBROUTINE PRREM2  
221 C * PROGRAM TO PRINT ANSWERS-RATE OF CONTAMINANT REMOVAL (MG/HR)  
222 C * SHEET 2  
223 C *****  
224  
225 C NOTES: (1) FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE  
226 C (2) IDEVNO MUST BE 6 FOR FORM FEEDS TO BE PRINTED  
227  
228 SUBROUTINE PRREM2 (TN, TN1, LIN, CC, NROW1, NCOL1, CDI, NROW2, NCOL2, NN,
```

```

229      +IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR) 230
231 C   SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
232 C     HDG1,HDG2,HDG3,HDG9
233
234 C     TN,TN1=FINAL AND INITIAL INCREMENT TIME (HRS)
235 C     LIN=TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAMINANTS
236 C     CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CC
237 C     CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CDI
238 C     NN=NAME OF MAT NN
239 C     IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
240 C     NINC=TIME INCREMENT NUMBER
241 C       =0 THEN PRINT HDG3 WITH PCALC
242 C       =-1 THEN PRINT HDG3 WITH FINAL
243 C       ELSE PRINT HDG2 WITH INCREMENT NUMBER
244 C     IMONTH..IMINUTE=TIME AND DATE INFO
245 C     FNAME=FILE NAME OUTPUT DATA IS STORED ON
246 C     IPGCTR=COUNTER FOR SEQUENTIAL PAGE NUMBERS ON ALL OUTPUT
247
248     REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
249     REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
250     CHARACTER CNAME*30,FNAME*24
251     CHARACTER NN(NROW1)*30
252
253 C     INCREMENT PAGE COUNTER BY ONE
254     IPGCTR=IPGCTR+1
255
256 C     START FIRST PAGE
257 C     DON'T PRINT FORM FEED UNLESS NO. CONT > 20
258     IF(LIN.GT.20) THEN
259     C       PRINT FORM FEED
260       WRITE(IDEVNO,20,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
261 020 FORMAT('1')
262     ENDIF
263 C     PRINT BLANK LINE FOLLOWED BY HEADINGS 1, 3 &9
264     WRITE(IDEVNO,40,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
265 040 FORMAT(1X,'')
266     CALL HDG1(IMONTH, IDAY, IYEAR, IHOUR, IMINUTE, FNAME, IPGCTR, IDEVNO)
267     IF(NINC.EQ.0) THEN
268       CALL HDG3(1,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
269     ELSEIF(NINC.EQ.-1) THEN
270       CALL HDG3(2,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
271     ELSE
272       CALL HDG2(NINC,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
273     ENDIF
274     CALL HDG9(IDEVNO)
275 C     PRINT ANOTHER BLANK LINE
276     WRITE(IDEVNO,40,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
277
278 C     BEGIN LOOP FOR EACH CONTAMINANT 1 TO LIN
279     DO 100 I=1,LIN
280
281 C     PRINT 56 LINES OF DATA AND THEN START NEW PAGE
282     WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) I,NN(I),
283     +CC(I,29),CC(I,32),CC(I,35),CC(I,38),CC(I,41),CC(I,44),CC(I,47)
284 010 FORMAT(1X,I4,1X,A,7(1X,G11.4))
285
286 C     CHECK FOR 56 LINES-IF SO, INCREMENT PAGE NUMBER+START NEW PAGE
287     IF(INT(REAL(I)/56).EQ.REAL(I)/56) THEN
288       IPGCTR=IPGCTR+1
289 C     START SUBSEQUENT PAGES

```

```

290 C      PRINT FORM FEED
291       WRITE(IDEVNO,50,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
292   050     FORMAT('1')
293 C      PRINT BLANK LINE FOLLOWED BY HEADINGS 1, 3 & 8
294       WRITE(IDEVNO,30,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
295   030     FORMAT(1X,'')
296       CALL HDG1(IMONTH>IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IPGCTR,IDEVNO)
297       IF(NINC.EQ.0) THEN
298         CALL HDG3(1,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
299       ELSEIF(NINC.EQ.-1) THEN
300         CALL HDG3(2,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
301       ELSE
302         CALL HDG2(NINC,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
303       ENDIF
304       CALL HDG9(IDEVNO)
305 C      PRINT ANOTHER BLANK LINE
306       WRITE(IDEVNO,30,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
307
308       ENDIF
309   100 CONTINUE
310
311       GO TO 999
312   900 WRITE(*,*)"IO ERROR IN PRREM2= ',IOVAL
313   999 RETURN
314       END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

315
316 C      ****
317 C      *      SUBROUTINE PRMAS1
318 C      *      PROGRAM TO PRINT ANSWERS-SUM OF CONT REMOVED BY DEVICE (MG)
319 C      *      SHEET 1
320 C      ****
321
322 C      NOTES: (1) FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
323 C              (2) IDEVNO MUST BE 6 FOR FORM FEEDS TO BE PRINTED
324
325      SUBROUTINE PRMAS1(TN,TN1,LIN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,
326 +IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH>IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR)
327
328 C      SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
329 C          HDG1,HDG2,HDG3,HDG5
330
331 C      TN,TN1=FINAL AND INITIAL INCREMENT TIME (HRS)
332 C      LIN=TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAMINANTS
333 C      CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CC
334 C      CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CDI
335 C      NN=NAME OF MAT NN
336 C      IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
337 C      NINC=TIME INCREMENT NUMBER
338 C          =0 THEN PRINT HDG3 WITH PCALC
339 C          =-1 THEN PRINT HDG3 WITH FINAL
340 C          ELSE PRINT HDG2 WITH INCREMENT NUMBER
341 C          IMONTH..IMINUTE=TIME AND DATE INFO
342 C          FNAME=FILE NAME OUTPUT DATA IS STORED ON
343 C          IPGCTR=COUNTER FOR SEQUENTIAL PAGE NUMBERS ON ALL OUTPUT
344
345      REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)

```

```

346      REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
347      CHARACTER CNAME*30,FNAME*24
348      CHARACTER NN(NROW1)*30
349
350 C     INCREMENT PAGE COUNTER BY ONE
351      IPGCTR=IPGCTR+1
352
353 C     START FIRST PAGE
354 C     PRINT FORM FEED
355      WRITE(IDEVNO,20,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
356      020 FORMAT('1')
357 C     PRINT BLANK LINE FOLLOWED BY HEADINGS 1, 3 &5
358      WRITE(IDEVNO,40,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
359      040 FORMAT(1X,'')
360      CALL HDG1(IMONTH, IDAY, IYEAR, IHOUR, IMINUTE, FNAME, IPGCTR, IDEVNO)
361      IF(NINC.EQ.0) THEN .
362          CALL HDG3(1,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
363      ELSEIF(NINC.EQ.-1) THEN
364          CALL HDG3(2,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
365      ELSE
366          CALL HDG2(NINC,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
367      ENDIF
368      CALL HDG5(IDEVNO)
369 C     PRINT ANOTHER BLANK LINE
370      WRITE(IDEVNO,40,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
371
372 C     BEGIN LOOP FOR EACH CONTAMINANT 1 TO LIN
373      DO 100 I=1,LIN
374
375 C     PRINT 56 LINES OF DATA AND THEN START NEW PAGE
376      WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) I,NN(I),
377      +CC(I,6),CC(I,9),CC(I,12),CC(I,15),CC(I,18),CC(I,21),CC(I,24),
378      +CC(I,27)
379      010 FORMAT(1X,I4,1X,A,8(1X,G11.4))
380
381 C     CHECK FOR 56 LINES-IF SO, INCREMENT PAGE NUMBER+START NEW PAGE
382      IF(INT(REAL(I)/56).EQ.REAL(I)/56) THEN
383          IPGCTR=IPGCTR+1
384 C     START SUBSEQUENT PAGES
385 C     PRINT FORM FEED
386      WRITE(IDEVNO,50,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
387      050 FORMAT('1')
388 C     PRINT BLANK LINE FOLLOWED BY HEADINGS 1, 3 &8
389      WRITE(IDEVNO,30,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
390      030 FORMAT(1X,'')
391      CALL HDG1(IMONTH, IDAY, IYEAR, IHOUR, IMINUTE, FNAME, IPGCTR, IDEVNO)
392      IF(NINC.EQ.0) THEN .
393          CALL HDG3(1,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
394      ELSEIF(NINC.EQ.-1) THEN
395          CALL HDG3(2,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
396      ELSE
397          CALL HDG2(NINC,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
398      ENDIF
399      CALL HDG5(IDEVNO)
400 C     PRINT ANOTHER BLANK LINE
401      WRITE(IDEVNO,30,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
402
403      ENDIF
404      100 CONTINUE
405

```

```

406      GO TO 999
407      900 WRITE(*,*)'IO ERROR IN PRMAS1= ',IOVAL
408      999 RETURN
409      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

410
411 C      ****
412 C      *      SUBROUTINE PRMAS2
413 C      *      PROGRAM TO PRINT ANSWERS-SUM OF CONT REMOVED BY DEVICE (MG)
414 C      *      SHEET 2
415 C      ****
416
417 C      NOTES: (1)FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
418 C              (2)IDEVNO MUST BE 6 FOR FORM FEEDS TO BE PRINTED
419
420      SUBROUTINE PRMAS2 (TN,TN1,LIN,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,NN,
421      +IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR)
422
423 C      SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
424 C          HDG1,HDG2,HDG3,HDG6
425
426 C      TN,TN1=FINAL AND INITIAL INCREMENT TIME (HRS)
427 C      LIN=TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAMINANTS
428 C      CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CC
429 C      CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CDI
430 C      NN=NAME OF MAT NN
431 C      IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
432 C      NINC=TIME INCREMENT NUMBER
433 C          =0 THEN PRINT HDG3 WITH PCALC
434 C          =-1 THEN PRINT HDG3 WITH FINAL
435 C          ELSE PRINT HDG2 WITH INCREMENT NUMBER
436 C          IMONTH..IMINUTE=TIME AND DATE INFO
437 C          FNAME=FILE NAME OUTPUT DATA IS STORED ON
438 C          IPGCTR=COUNTER FOR SEQUENTIAL PAGE NUMBERS ON ALL OUTPUT
439
440      REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
441      REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
442      CHARACTER CNAME*30,FNAME*24
443      CHARACTER NN(NROW1)*30
444
445 C      INCREMENT PAGE COUNTER BY ONE
446      IPGCTR=IPGCTR+1
447
448 C      START FIRST PAGE
449 C      DON'T PRINT FORM FEED UNLESS NO. CONT > 20
450      IF(LIN.GT.20) THEN
451 C          PRINT FORM FEED
452          WRITE(IDEVNO,20,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
453 020  FORMAT('1')
454      ENDIF
455 C      PRINT BLANK LINE FOLLOWED BY HEADINGS 1, 3 &9
456      WRITE(IDEVNO,40,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
457 040  FORMAT(1X,'')
458      CALL HDG1(IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IPGCTR,IDEVNO)
459      IF(NINC.EQ.0) THEN
460          CALL HDG3(1,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
461      ELSEIF(NINC.EQ.-1) THEN

```

```

462      CALL HDG3 (2 ,TN1 ,TN ,IDEVNO)
463      ELSE
464          CALL HDG2 (NINC ,TN1 ,TN ,IDEVNO)
465      ENDIF
466      CALL HDG6 (IDEVNO)
467 C     PRINT ANOTHER BLANK LINE
468      WRITE (IDEVNO ,40 ,IOSTAT=IOVAL ,ERR=900)
469
470 C     BEGIN LOOP FOR EACH CONTAMINANT 1 TO LIN
471      DO 100 I=1 ,LIN
472
473 C     PRINT 56 LINES OF DATA AND THEN START NEW PAGE
474      WRITE (IDEVNO ,10 ,IOSTAT=IOVAL ,ERR=900) I ,NN (I) ,
475      +CC (I ,30) ,CC (I ,33) ,CC (I ,36) ,CC (I ,39) ,CC (I ,42) ,CC (I ,45) ,CC (I ,48)
476      010 FORMAT (1X ,I4 ,1X ,A ,7 (1X ,G11.4))
477
478 C     CHECK FOR 56 LINES-IF SO, INCREMENT PAGE NUMBER+START NEW PAGE
479      IF (INT (REAL (I) /56) .EQ. REAL (I) /56) THEN
480          IPGCTR=IPGCTR+1
481 C     START SUBSEQUENT PAGES
482 C     PRINT FORM FEED
483      WRITE (IDEVNO ,50 ,IOSTAT=IOVAL ,ERR=900)
484      050 FORMAT ('1')
485 C     PRINT BLANK LINE FOLLOWED BY HEADINGS 1, 3 &8
486      WRITE (IDEVNO ,30 ,IOSTAT=IOVAL ,ERR=900)
487      030 FORMAT (1X , '')
488      CALL HDG1 (IMONTH ,IDAY ,IYEAR ,IHOUR ,IMINUTE ,FNAME ,IPGCTR ,IDEVNO)
489      IF (NINC .EQ. 0) THEN
490          CALL HDG3 (1 ,TN1 ,TN ,IDEVNO)
491      ELSEIF (NINC .EQ. -1) THEN
492          CALL HDG3 (2 ,TN1 ,TN ,IDEVNO)
493      ELSE
494          CALL HDG2 (NINC ,TN1 ,TN ,IDEVNO)
495      ENDIF
496      CALL HDG6 (IDEVNO)
497 C     PRINT ANOTHER BLANK LINE
498      WRITE (IDEVNO ,30 ,IOSTAT=IOVAL ,ERR=900)
499
500      ENDIF
501      100 CONTINUE
502
503      GO TO 999
504      900 WRITE (* ,*) 'IO ERROR IN PRMAS2= ' ,IOVAL
505      999 RETURN
506      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

507
508 C *****SUBROUTINE PREFF*****
509 C *           SUBROUTINE PREFF
510 C *           PROGRAM TO PRINT ANSWERS-END OF INCREMENT REMOVAL EFF (DEC) *
511 C *
512 C ****
513
514 C NOTES:(1)FILE MUST BE OPEN BEFORE STARTING THIS SUBROUTINE
515 C           (2)IDEVNO MUST BE 6 FOR FORM FEEDS TO BE PRINTED
516
517      SUBROUTINE PREFF (TN ,TN1 ,LIN ,CC ,NROW1 ,NCOL1 ,CDI ,NROW2 ,NCOL2 ,NN ,

```

```

518     +IDEVNO,NINC,IMONTH,IDAY,IYEAR,IHOUR,IMINUTE,FNAME,IOVAL,IPGCTR,
519     +PRTSW8,PRTSW9,IDEVN2)
520
521 C   SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
522 C       HDG1,HDG2,HDG3,HDG7
523
524 C   TN,TN1=FINAL AND INITIAL INCREMENT TIME (HRS)
525 C   LIN=TOTAL NUMBER OF CONTAMINANTS
526 C   CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CC
527 C   CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & SIZE OF MAT CDI
528 C   NN=NAME OF MAT NN
529 C   IDEVNO=DEVICE NUMBER FOR OUTPUT
530 C   NINC=TIME INCREMENT NUMBER
531 C       =0 THEN PRINT HDG3 WITH PCALC
532 C       =-1 THEN PRINT HDG3 WITH FINAL
533 C   ELSE PRINT HDG2 WITH INCREMENT NUMBER
534 C   IMONTH..IMINUTE=TIME AND DATE INFO
535 C   FNAME=FILE NAME OUTPUT DATA IS STORED ON
536 C   IPGCTR=COUNTER FOR SEQUENTIAL PAGE NUMBERS ON ALL OUTPUT
537
538     REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
539     REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
540     CHARACTER CNAME*30,FNAME*24
541     CHARACTER NN(NROW1)*30
542     INTEGER PRTSW8,PRTSW9,IDEVN2,IDEVNO,I,J,K,H,NINC
543     IF ((PRTSW8.EQ.1).OR.((PRTSW8.EQ.0).AND.(NINC.EQ.-1))) THEN
544 C   INCREMENT PAGE COUNTER BY ONE
545     IPGCTR=IPGCTR+1
546
547 C   START FIRST PAGE
548 C   PRINT FORM FEED
549     WRITE(IDEVNO,20,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
550 020 FORMAT('1')
551 C   PRINT BLANK LINE FOLLOWED BY HEADINGS 1, 3 &9
552     WRITE(IDEVNO,40,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
553 040 FORMAT(1X,'')
554     CALL HDG1(IMONTH, IDAY, IYEAR, IHOUR, IMINUTE, FNAME, IPGCTR, IDEVNO)
555     IF(NINC.EQ.0) THEN
556         CALL HDG3(1,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
557     ELSEIF(NINC.EQ.-1) THEN
558         CALL HDG3(2,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
559     ELSE
560         CALL HDG2(NINC,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
561     ENDIF
562     CALL HDG7(IDEVNO)
563 C   PRINT ANOTHER BLANK LINE
564     WRITE(IDEVNO,40,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
565
566 C   BEGIN LOOP FOR EACH CONTAMINANT 1 TO LIN
567   DO 100 I=1,LIN
568
569 C   PRINT 56 LINES OF DATA AND THEN START NEW PAGE
570     WRITE(IDEVNO,10,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) I,NN(I),
571     +CC(I,7),CC(I,10),CC(I,13),CC(I,16),CC(I,19),CC(I,22),CC(I,25),
572     +CC(I,28),CC(I,31),CC(I,34),CC(I,37),CC(I,40),CC(I,43),CC(I,46)
573 010 FORMAT(1X,I4,1X,A,14(1X,F5.3))
574
575 C   CHECK FOR 56 LINES-IF SO, INCREMENT PAGE NUMBER+START NEW PAGE
576     IF(INT(REAL(I)/56).EQ.REAL(I)/56) THEN
577         IPGCTR=IPGCTR+1

```

```

578 C      START SUBSEQUENT PAGES
579 C      PRINT FORM FEED
580          WRITE(IDEVNO,50,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
581 050      FORMAT('1')
582 C      PRINT BLANK LINE FOLLOWED BY HEADINGS 1, 3 &8
583          WRITE(IDEVNO,30,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
584 030      FORMAT(1X,'')
585          CALL HDG1(IMONTH, IDAY, IYEAR, IHOUR, IMINUTE, FNAME, IPGCTR, IDEVNO)
586          IF(NINC.EQ.0) THEN
587              CALL HDG3(1,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
588          ELSEIF(NINC.EQ.-1) THEN
589              CALL HDG3(2,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
590          ELSE
591              CALL HDG2(NINC,TN1,TN,IDEVNO)
592          ENDIF
593          CALL HDG7(IDEVNO)
594 C      PRINT ANOTHER BLANK LINE
595          WRITE(IDEVNO,30,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
596
597          ENDIF
598 100 CONTINUE
599          ENDIF
600 C      ***** WRITE DATA TO A FILE FOR PLOTTING *****
601          IF (NINC.NE.-1) THEN
602              IF ((PRTSW9.EQ.2).OR.(PRTSW9.EQ.3)) THEN
603                  DO 70 I=1,LIN,300
604                      IS=I
605                      IE=I+299
606                      IF (IE.GT.LIN) IE=LIN
607                      K=7
608                      DO 60 H=2,15
609                          WRITE (IDEVN2,55,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) TN1,TN,H,
610                          +(CC(J,K),J=IS,IE)
611 055          FORMAT (T2,2(F8.2,1X),I2,1X,300(F5.3,:,1X))
612          K=K+3
613 060          CONTINUE
614 070          CONTINUE
615          ENDIF
616          ENDIF
617          GO TO 999
618 900 WRITE(*,*)"IO ERROR IN PREFF= ',IOVAL
619 999 RETURN
620          END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\PREDCT. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:58:48

```
1 C ****
2 C      *          SUBROUTINE PREDCT
3 C      *          BASED ON REMOVAL EFF & SUM MASS REMOVED OF LAST INCREMENT,
4 C      *          AND M.GEN OF THIS INCREMENT, PREDICT CAV PRED
5 C      *          (CEQULIB, CFINAL, M.REM ARE ALSO CALC, BUT NOT NEEDED)
6 C      *          WORKS FOR ONE CONT AT A TIME
7 C ****
8
9      SUBROUTINE PREDCT(I,TN,TN1,CAVPRD,DD,NROW,NCOL,
10     +CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,CAVCLC,CFINAL,CEQLIB,LIN,LIN2,NN)
11
12     INTEGER NROW,NCOL,NROW1,NCOL1,NROW2,NCOL2
13     CHARACTER NN(NROW1)*30
14     REAL DD(NROW,NCOL)
15     REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
16     REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
17 C
18 C SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
19 C PRAFIL-ZERO MAT DD COL 17-21
20 C LODEFF-LOAD REM EFF FOR LAST INCR FROM MAT CC INTO MAT DD COL 20
21 C MASBAL-CALC CAV PRED BASED ON REM EFF OF LAST INC & M.GEN OF THIS INC
22 C
23 C INPUTS:
24 C FROM MCALC
25 C     I=CONTAMINANT NO.
26 C     TN,TN1 =INCREMENT END & BEGINNING TIME (HRS)
27 C     DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIM OF MAT DD
28 C     CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIM OF MAT CC
29 C     CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & DIM OF MAT CDI
30 C     LIN=NO. OF CONTAMINANTS IN MAT CDI
31 C     LIN2=NO. DEVICES IN MAT DD
32 C     NN=NAME OF MAT NN
33 C FROM LODEFF
34 C     TAKES REM EFF FOR LAST INCR (IN MAT CC) AND PUTS IT IN
35 C         MAT DD COL 20 (FOR ALL DEVICES)
36 C FROM MASBAL
37 C     CAVCLC=CALC CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M)
38 C OUTPUTS:
39 C TO LODEFF
40 C     I=CONTAMINANT LINE NUMBER IN MAT CC
41 C     DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIMENSIONS OF MAT DD
42 C     CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIMENSIONS OF MAT CC
43 C     LIN2=NO. OF DEVICES IN MAT DD
44 C TO MASBAL
45 C     TN,TN1 =INCREMENT END & BEGINNING TIME (HRS)
46 C     CNVERR=CONVERGENCE ERROR
47 C     DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME & DIM OF MAT DD
48 C     CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIM OF MAT CC
49 C     CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME & DIM OF MAT CDI
50 C     LIN=NO. OF CONTAMINANTS IN MAT CDI
51 C     LIN2=NO. DEVICES IN MAT DD
52 C     CVOL=CABIN VOLUME (CU M)
53 C     TCABIN=CABIN TEMP (DEG K)
54 C     CINIT=INCR INIT CABIN CONT CONC (MG/CU M)=CC(I,1)
55 C TO MCALC
56 C     CAVCLC
57 C
58 C     ZERO MAT DD COL 17-21
```

```

59      CALL PRAFIL(DD,NROW,NCOL,17,21)
60
61 C     LOAD REM EFF FROM LAST TIME INCR FROM MAT CC INTO MAT DD COL 20
62     CALL LODEFF(I,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,LIN2)
63
64 C     FIND CAV PRED FOR THESE REMOVAL EFFICIENCIES
65     CALL MASBAL(I,TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
66 +   CAVPRD,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,CFINAL,CEQLIB,LIN,LIN2)
67 C
68 C     SET CAV IN PRED DD(I,22)=CAV IN CALC DD(I,17)
69     DO 100 J=1,LIN2
70       DD(J,22)=DD(J,17)
71 100 CONTINUE
72 C
73     RETURN
74 C     ***** END OF SUBROUTINE PREDCT ****
75 END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\RAFILL. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 12:58:55

```
1 C      ****  
2 C      *      SUBROUTINE RAFILL  
3 C      *      SUBROUTINE TO FILL ADJUSTABLE SIZE REAL ARRAY WITH ZEROS  
4 C      ****  
5      SUBROUTINE RAFILL(XX,NROW,NCOL)  
6      INTEGER NROW,NCOL  
7      REAL XX(NROW,NCOL)  
8  
9 C      XX=ARRAY NAME  
10 C     NCOL= COLUMNS IN MATRIX  
11 C     NROW= ROWS IN MATRIX  
12  
13      DO 110 I=1,NROW  
14      DO 100 J=1,NCOL  
15      XX(I,J)=0.0  
16 100 CONTINUE  
17 110 CONTINUE  
18      RETURN  
19 C      ***** END OF SUBROUTINE RAFILL *****  
20      END
```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)  
Source File: C:\FORTRAN\TCC\RCHBD. Options: /C 80 /L /BIJY 03/15/94 10:41:07

```
1 C ****  
2 C * FILE:RCHBD.FOR *  
3 C * SUBROUTINE FOR REM EFF-RADIAL FLOW CHARCOAL BED *  
4 C * DOESNT ALLOW FOR DESORPTION *  
5 C * ASSUMES RELATIVELY THIN BED (OD CLOSE TO ID) *  
6 C ****  
7 C  
8 SUBROUTINE RCHBD (TN,TN1,CIIN,TCABIN,COEXIS,BEDQ,EMAX,CARTL,  
9 +BEDOD,BEDID,DENCH,TRTTYP,DCONT,VMOL,MW,VCONC,SOL,SMR,EFF,RH)  
10 C OUTPUT:  
11 C EFF=BED REMOVAL EFF(DEC)  
12 C INPUTS:  
13 C TN,TNI=INCREMENT INITIAL AND FINAL TIMES(HR)  
14 C CIIN=BED INLET CONT CONC (MG/CU M)  
15 C TCABIN=CABIN TEMP (DEG K)  
16 C COEXIS=COEXISTANCE FACTOR  
17 C BEDQ=BED FLOW RATE(CU M/HR)  
18 C EMAX=MAXIMUM BED EFF (DEC)  
19 C CARTL=CARTRIDGE LENGTH (M)  
20 C BEDOD=BED OUTSIDE DIAMETER (M)  
21 C BEDID=BED INSIDE DIAMETER (M)  
22 C DENCH=DENSITY OF CHARCOAL IN BED (KG/CU M)  
23 C TRTTYP=BED TREATMENT TYPE(1=CI CHAR,2=PHOS ACID, OTHER #NONE)  
24 C DCONT=CONT LIQUID DENSITY (GM/CC)  
25 C VMOL=CONT MOLAR VOL(GM/CC)  
26 C MW=CONT MOLECULAR WGT  
27 C VCONC=CONT VAPOR CONCENTRATION AT TCABIN (MG/CU M)  
28 C SOL=HENRY'S LAW CONSTANT FOR WATER SOLUBILITY  
29 C (ATM/MOL FRACTION)  
30 C SMR=SUM OF CONT MASS STORED IN BED(MG)-FROM LAST INCR  
31 C  
32 REAL LPREV, LAVN1, LUTIL, LIMM, LAVAV, LADS,MW  
33 INTEGER FACID,FCI  
34 C  
35 C SET CIN=CIIN (THIS PREVENTS CIN FROM BEING PASSED BACK UP  
36 C TO OTHER SUBROUTINES IF IT IS SET TO 1E-20)  
37 CIN=CIIN  
38  
39 C BED TREATMENT LOGIC  
40 C FACID=FLAG IF BED IS TREATED WITH PHOSPHORIC ACID (Y=1 N=0)  
41 C FCI=FLAG FOR CI CHAR IN BED (REMOVES FORMALDAHYDE)  
42 IF (NINT(TRTTYP).EQ.2) THEN  
43   FACID=1  
44   FCI=0  
45 ELSEIF (NINT(TRTTYP).EQ.1) THEN  
46   FACID=0  
47   FCI=1  
48 ELSE  
49   FACID=0  
50   FCI=0  
51 ENDIF  
52 C TEST FOR NO BED FLOW(BEDQ=<0) OR TN-TN1<=0;BEDL,BEDDIA,DENCH=0  
53 C IF((BEDQ.LE.0).OR.(TN-TN1.LE.0).OR.(CARTL.LE.0).OR.(BEDOD.LE.0)  
54 +.OR.(DENCH.LE.0)) THEN  
55   EFF=0  
56   GOTO 199
```

```

58      ENDIF
59 C      TEST FOR CI CHARCOAL AND FORMALDEHYDE(FCI=1 AND MW=30.03)
60 IF((MW.EQ.30.03).AND.(FCI.EQ.1)) THEN
61   CALL RCICH(EFF,EMAX,CARTL,BEDOD,BEDID,DENCH,SMR,BEDQ)
62   GOTO 199
63 ENDIF
64 C
65 C      TEST FOR AMMONIA AND PHOS ACID ON CHAR(FACID=1 AND MW=17.0 )
66 IF ((MW.EQ.17.0).AND.(FACID.EQ.1)) THEN
67   CALL RACCH(EFF,EMAX,CARTL,BEDOD,BEDID,DENCH,SMR)
68   GOTO 199
69 ENDIF
70 C
71 C      TEST FOR MOL VOL=0 (NO CHAR REMOVAL)
72 IF (VMOL.EQ.0) THEN
73   EFF=0
74   GOTO 199
75 ENDIF
76 C
77 C      CHARCOAL REMOVAL EFFICIENCY CALCULATION
78 C      BED LENGTH (M)-ASSUMES THIN BED
79 BEDL=(BEDOD-BEDID)/2
80 IF (BEDL.LT.0) BEDL=0
81 C      BED WGT (KG)
82 BEDWGT=DENCH*.785*(BEDOD**2-BEDID**2)*CARTL
83 C      SUPERFICIAL BED VEL(FT/MIN)
84 BEDVEL=BEDQ*.0348/((BEDOD+BEDID)*CARTL)
85 C      TEST FOR CIN TOO SMALL IN AVAL CALC
86 IF (CIN.LT.1E-20) CIN=1E-20
87 AVAL=(TCABIN/VMOL)*LOG10(VCONC/CIN)
88 C      ADS ZONE LENGTH FOR 90% REMOVAL (M)
89 LADS=AVAL*.000275*(BEDVEL/1.3)**.8
90 C      GET QI(CC LIQ CONT/GM CHAR)
91 CALL FQI(AVAL,QI,FACID,SOL,RH)
92 C      LENGTH OF BED PREVIOUSLY USED BY CONT AT THIS C INLET (M)
93 LPREV=SMR*1.0E-6*COEXIS*BEDL/(DCONT*BEDWGT*QI)
94 C      RATE OF BED USAGE (M BED/ MG CONT)
95 LIMM=1.0E-6*COEXIS*BEDL/(DCONT*BEDWGT*QI)
96 C      LENGTH OF BED AVAILABLE FOR ADS ZONE AT BEGINNING OF INCR (M)
97 LAVN1=BEDL-LPREV
98 IF (LAVN1.LT.0) LAVN1=0
99 C      FIX HERE IF DESORPTION IS DESIRED
100 IF (LAVN1/LADS.GT.20) THEN
101   EFFAV=EMAX
102 ELSE
103 C      INIT INCR EFF BASED ON C IN AND BED L AVAIL AT BEG OF INCR(DEC)
104   EFAVN1=EMAX*(1-EXP(-2.3025851*LAVN1/LADS))
105 C      LOOP FOR EFFICIENCY
106   EFFAV=EFVN1
107 DO 399 J=1,10,1
108 C      LENGTH OF BED UTILIZ IN INCR (M)
109   LUTIL=CIN*BEDQ*EFFAV*(TN-TN1)*LIMM
110 IF (LUTIL.GT.LAVN1) THEN
111   GOTO 299
112 ELSE
113 C      AVERAGE BED LENGTH AVAIL (M)
114   LAVAV=LAVN1-LUTIL/2
115 IF ((LAVAV/LADS).GE.20) THEN
116   EFFAV=EMAX
117   GOTO 299

```

```

118      ELSE
119 C       AV EFF BASED ON AV BED L AVAIL (DEC)
120       EFFAV=EMAX*(1-EXP(-2.3025851*LAVAV/LADS))
121     ENDIF
122   ENDIF
123   399  CONTINUE
124 299 ENDIF
125 C   MAX EFF BASED ON C IN AND RATE OF BED USAGE (DEC)
126   EFFMAX=LAVN1/(CIN*BEDQ*(TN-TN1)*LIMM)
127   IF (EFFAV.GT.EFFMAX) EFFAV=EFFMAX
128   IF (EFFAV.LT.0) EFFAV=0
129   IF (EFFAV.GT.EMAX) EFFAV=EMAX
130 C   EFF=ACTUAL EFF OUTPUT FROM SUBROUTINE
131   EFF=EFFAV
132 C   REMOVE THIS CHECK IF DESORPTION IS ADDED
133 199 IF (EFF.LT.0) EFF=0
134   IF (EFF.GT.EMAX) EFF=EMAX
135   RETURN
136 END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

137 C   ****
138 C   * SUBROUTINE RACCH - CALCULATES REMOVAL EFF *
139 C   * BED WITH NH3 AND 1.22 MILLIMOLE H3PO4 ON CHAR *
140 C   ****
141 SUBROUTINE RACCH(EFF,EMAX,CARTL,BEDOD,BEDID,DENCH,SMR)
142 C   OUTPUTS
143 C   EFF=OUTPUT REMOVAL EFF (DEC)
144 C   INPUTS
145 C   EMAX=MAXIMUM BED REMOVAL EFF (DEC)
146 C   CARTL=CARTRIDGE LENGTH (M)
147 C   BEDOD=BED OUTSIDE DIAMETER (M)
148 C   BEDID=BED INSIDE DIAMETER (M)
149 C   DENCH=CHARCOAL DENSITY(KG/CU M)
150 C   SMR=SUM OF MASS OF CONT REMOVED AT BEG OF INCR (MG)
151 C
152 C   FOR AMMONIA CAPACITY AT SMAC
153 C   CHAR USED (KG)
154 C   CHRUSD=1.6E-4*SMR
155 C   CHAR BED WGT(KG)
156 BEDWGT=CARTL*(BEDOD**2-BEDID**2)*.785*DENCH
157 IF (CHRUSD.LT.0.8*BEDWGT) THEN
158   EFF=EMAX
159 ELSE
160   EFF=EMAX*SIN((BEDWGT-CHRUSD)*1.57/(BEDWGT*0.2))
161 ENDIF
162 C   PREVENTS NEGATIVE EFF FOR REACTION
163 C   IF (EFF.LT.0) EFF=0
164   IF (EFF.GT.EMAX) EFF=EMAX
165   RETURN
166 END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

167 C ****
168 C * SUBROUTINE RCICH - CALCULATES REMOVAL EFF *
169 C * FOR FORMALDELYDE AND CI CHAR BED *
170 C ****
171 SUBROUTINE RCICH(EFF, EMAX, CARTL, BEDOD, BEDID, DENCH, SMR, BEDQ)
172 C OUTPUTS
173 C   EFF=OUTPUT REMOVAL EFF (DEC)
174 C INPUTS
175 C   EMAX=MAXIMUM BED REMOVAL EFF (DEC)
176 C   CARTL=CARTRIDGE LENGTH (M)
177 C   BEDOD=BED OUTSIDE DIAMETER (M)
178 C   BEDID=BED INSIDE DIAMETER (M)
179 C   DENCH=CHARCOAL DENSITY (KG/CU M)
180 C   SMR=SUM OF MASS OF CONT REMOVED AT BEG OF INCR (MG)
181 C   BEDQ=BED FLOW RATE (CU M/HR)
182 C
183   BEDWGT=CARTL*(BEDOD**2-BEDID**2)*.785*DENCH
184 C   PERCENT OF BED WEIGHT CONSUMED (DEC)
185   PBWGT=SMR/(BEDWGT*1E6)
186   IF(PBWGT.LT..0012) THEN
187     EFF=1-PBWGT*83.3
188   ELSE
189     EFF=.9*COS(PBWGT*1.57/.05)
190   ENDIF
191 C   BED RESIDENCE TIME (SEC)
192   BREST=(BEDOD-BEDID)*CARTL*(BEDOD+BEDID)*3600/(BEDQ*1.273)
193   IF(BREST.LT.0.25)THEN
194     EFF=EFF*BREST/.25
195   ENDIF
196 C   PREVENTS NEGATIVE EFF FOR REACTION
197 C   IF (EFF.LT.0) EFF=0
198   IF(EFF.GT.EMAX) EFF=EMAX
199   RETURN
200 END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\REGEN.F Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 13:00:29

```
1 C      **** REGENERATION SUBROUTINE-REGEN ****
2 C      * FOR ALL BEDS (3-15) DETERMINES IF BED IS TO BE REGENERATED *
3 C      * AT BEGINNING OF TIME INCREMENT, AND IF REGENERATION IS TO *
4 C      * DURING THE ENTIRE TIME INCREMENT- IF THE BED IS TO BE *
5 C      * REGENERATED THE MASSES STORED ARE SET TO ZERO, AND IF *
6 C      * REGENERATION IS TO OCCUR THROUGHOUT THE TIME INCREMENT THE *
7 C      * BED FLOW RATE IS SET TO ZERO; OTHERWISE IT IS SET TO THE *
8 C      * ORIGINAL VALUE *
9 C      ****
10 C
11      SUBROUTINE REGEN(TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
12 +CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN,LIN2,IMSGDN)
13      INTEGER NROW,NCOL,NROW1,NCOL1,NROW2,NCOL2
14      REAL DD(NROW,NCOL)
15      REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
16      REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
17
18 C NOTE: BEFORE RUNNING THIS SUBROUTINE THE ORIGINAL FLOW RATES FROM 19 C
19 C TIME INCREMENT THEY MUST BE RESTORED TO COL 2
20 C DIRECT INPUTS:
21 C   TN=INCREMENT END TIME(HRS); TN1=INCR BEGINNING TIME HRS
22 C   DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME AND SIZE OF MAT DD
23 C   CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME AND SIZE OF MAT CC
24 C   CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME AND SIZE OF MAT CDI
25 C   LIN=NO. OF CONT IN MAT CDI
26 C   LIN2=NO. OF DEVICES IN MAT DD
27 C
28
29 C OTHER INPUTS FROM MAT DD
30 C   TIR=INITIAL (FIRST) REGENERATION TIME (HRS)
31 C   TRCI=REGEN/CHANGEOUT INTERVAL (HRS)
32 C   TRD=REGENERATION DURATION (HRS)
33 C   DEVICE NO., TYPE, FLOW RATE, ETC
34
35 C OUTPUTS:
36 C   A) IF REGENERATION OCCURS AT THE BEGINNING OF ANY TIME INCREMENT
37 C      1) FOR ANY DEVICE WHICH IS A CHARCOAL BED
38 C         FOR ALL CONT 1 TO LIN IT PUTS SUM MASS REM=0 IN MAT CC
39 C         COL 12,15,18....48 AS APPROPRIATE FOR THAT DEVICE
40 C      2) FOR ANY DEVICE WHICH IS A LIOH BED
41 C         IT DOES 1) ABOVE, AND IN ADDITION PUTS SUM MASS REM=0 IN
42 C         MAT DD COL 16 FOR THAT DEVICE
43 C   B) IF REGENERATION IS OCCURRING THROUGHOUT THE WHOLE INTERVAL
44 C      IT SETS Q OF DEVICE=0; IF REGENERATION IS NOT OCCURRING, IT
45 C      SETS Q=THE ORIGINAL VALUE
46 C
47 C   SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
48 C     REGCHG
49 C
50 C   START LOOP FOR ALL DEVICES 3 TO 15
51 DO 100 J=3,LIN2
52 C     IF DEVICE DOES NOT EQUAL CHARCOAL OR LIOH THEN GO TO END OF LOOP
53     IF(DD(J,3).NE.3.AND.DD(J,3).NE.4.AND.DD(J,3).NE.5) GOTO 100
54
55 C   ASSIGN PROPER VARIABLES FOR DEVICE
56 C     DEVICE = CHARCOAL
57     IF(DD(J,3).EQ.3.OR.DD(J,3).EQ.4) THEN
58 C       REGENERATION/CHANGEOUT INTERVAL (HRS)
59     TRCI=DD(J,15)
```

```

60 C           REGENERATION DURATION (HRS)
61           TRD=DD(J,16)
62 C           INITIAL(FIRST) REGENERATION
63           TIR=DD(J,14)
64       ENDIF
65
66 C           DEVICE = LIOH
67           IF(DD(J,3).EQ.5) THEN
68 C               REGENERATION/CHANGEOUT INTERVAL (HRS)
69           TRCI=DD(J,14)
70 C               REGENERATION DURATION (HRS)
71           TRD=0
72 C               INITIAL(FIRST) REGENERATION
73           TIR=DD(J,13)
74       ENDIF
75
76 C           CHECK AND FIX INPUT AS REQ + PRINT WARNINGS
77 C               TIME INCREMENT (HRS)
78           TINC=DD(1,11)
79 C               INITIAL TIME NOT EQUAL TO MULTIPLE OF TIME INCREMENT
80           IF(AINT(TIR/TINC).NE.(TIR/TINC)) THEN
81               TIR=AINT(TIR/TINC)*TINC
82               OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON', IOSTAT=IOVAL)
83               WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'INCREMENT BEGINNING TIME ',TN1,
84           +'DEV NO.', (J)
85               WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'INITIAL TIME NOT = MULTIPLE OF TIME
86           + INCREMENT'
87               WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'TRUNCATED TO ',TIR
88               CLOSE(IMSGDN)
89       ENDIF
90
91 C           REGEN/CHGOUT INTERVAL < TIME INCR OR NOT= MULTIPLE OF TIME INCR
92           IF(AINT(TRCI/TINC).NE.(TRCI/TINC)) THEN
93               TRCI=AINT(TRCI/TINC)*TINC
94               OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON', IOSTAT=IOVAL)
95               WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'INCREMENT BEGINNING TIME ',TN1,
96           +'DEV NO.', (J)
97               WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'REGEN/CHG TIME NOT = MULTIPLE OF TIME
98           + INCREMENT'
99               WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'TRUNCATED TO ',TRCI
100              CLOSE(IMSGDN)
101      ENDIF
102
103 C           IF REGEN/CHGOUT INTERVAL <= 0 THEN GOTO END OF LOOP FOR CONT
104           IF (TRCI.LE.0) THEN
105               GOTO 100
106       ENDIF
107
108 C           REGEN DURATION < OR NOT = MULTIPLE OF TIME INCREMENT
109           IF(AINT(TRD/TINC).NE.(TRD/TINC)) THEN
110               TRD=AINT(TRD/TINC)*TINC
111               OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON', IOSTAT=IOVAL)
112               WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'INCREMENT BEGINNING TIME ',TN1,
113           +'DEV NO.', (J)
114               WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'REG DURATION NOT = MULTIPLE OF TIME
115           + INCREMENT'
116               WRITE(IMSGDN,*) 'TRUNCATED TO ',TRD
117               CLOSE(IMSGDN)
118       ENDIF
119

```

```

120 C      REGENERATION DURATION > REGEN/CHG INTERVAL
121      IF(TRD.GT.TRCI) THEN
122          TRD=TRCI
123          OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
124          WRITE(IMSGDN,'') INCREMENT BEGINNING TIME ',TN1,
125      +' DEV NO.',(J)
126      WRITE(IMSGDN,'') 'REGEN DURATION > REGEN/CHG INTERVAL'
127          WRITE(IMSGDN,'') 'TRUNCATED TO ',TRD
128          CLOSE(IMSGDN)
129      ENDIF
130
131 C      CHECK TO SEE IF REGENERATION OCCURS AT BEGINNING OF TIME INCR,
132 C      AND IF REGEN OCCURS THROUGHOUT WHOLE TIME INCREMENT
133
134      CALL REGCHG(TN1,TRCI,TRD,TIR,TINC,IRBFLG,IRTFLG)
135 C      REGENERATION OCCURS AT BEGINNING OF INCREMENT
136          IF (IRBFLG.EQ.1) THEN
137 C          PUT SUM MASS REM =0 IN MAT CC FOR THIS DEVICE
138 C          START LOOP FOR ALL CONT FOR THIS DEVICE
139          K=J*3+3
140          DO 101 I=1,LIN
141          CC(I,K)=0
142      101      CONTINUE
143
144 C      IF DEVICE = LIOH BED PUT SUM MASS=0 IN DD(J,16)
145          IF (DD(J,3).EQ.5) THEN
146              DD(J,16)=0
147          ENDIF
148      ENDIF
149
150 C      REGENERATION OCCURS THROUGHOUT ENTIRE INCREMENT
151          IF (IRTFLG.EQ.1) THEN
152 C          SET DEVICE Q=0
153          DD(J,2)=0
154      ELSE
155 C          SET DEVICE Q= ORIGINAL VALUE
156          DD(J,2)=DD(J,7)
157      ENDIF
158
159 C      END OF J LOOP FOR EACH DEVICE
160      100 CONTINUE
161
162      RETURN
163      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

```

164
165
166 C      ****
167 C      *      AUXILIARY REGENERATION SUBROUTINE-REGCHG      *
168 C      *      DETERMINES IF REGEN/CHANGEOUT IS TO OCCUR AT BEGINNING OF      *
169 C      *      TIME INCREMENT-ALSO DETERMINES IF REGENERATION IS OCCURRING      *
170 C      *      THROUGHOUT THE TIME INCREMENT      *
171 C      ****
172          SUBROUTINE REGCHG(TN1,TRCI,TRD,TIR,TINC,IRBFLG,IRTFLG)
173 C
174 C      INPUTS:
175 C          TN1=INCREMENT INITIAL TIME (HRS)

```

```

176 C      TRCI=CHANGEOUT/REGENERATION INTERVAL (HRS)
177 C      TRD=REGENERATION DURATION (HRS)
178 C      TIR=INITIAL (FIRST) REGENERATION TIME (HRS)
179 C      TINC=TIME INCREMENT (HRS)
180 C
181 C  OUTPUTS:
182 C      REGENERATION OCCURS AT BEGINNING OF TIME INCREMENT (Y OR N)
183 C          (IRBFLG=1 FOR Y & 0 FOR N)
184 C      REGENERATION IS OCCURRING THROUGHOUT THE WHOLE INCREMENT (Y OR N)
185 C          (IRTFLG=1 FOR Y & 0 FOR N)
186 C
187
188 C      REGENERATION OCCURS AT BEGINNING OF TIME INCREMENT
189
190          IF (TN1.EQ.0) GOTO 10
191          IF(TN1.LT.TIR) GOTO 10
192          IF(TRCI.LE.0) GOTO 10
193          IF(AINT((TN1-TIR)/TRCI).EQ.((TN1-TIR)/TRCI)) THEN
194 C              REGENERATION OCCURS
195              IRBFLG=1
196              GO TO 20
197          ENDIF
198 C      NO REGENERATION OCCURS
199 010 IRBFLG=0
200 020 CONTINUE
201
202 C      REGENERATION OCCURRING THROUGHOUT ENTIRE TIME INCREMENT
203
204          IF(TRCI.LE.0) GOTO 30
205          IF((TRD.LE.0).OR.(TN1.LT.TIR)) GOTO 30
206          IF(TN1.GE.AINT((TN1-TIR)/TRCI)*TRCI+TIR+TRD) THEN
207              GOTO 30
208          ELSE
209 C              REGENERATION OCCURS
210              IRTFLG=1
211              GOTO 40
212          ENDIF
213
214 C      REGEN DOESN'T OCCUR
215 030 IRTFLG=0
216
217 040 CONTINUE
218      RETURN
219      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\RINCDD. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 13:00:48

```

1 C      **** SUBROUTINE RINCDD
2 C      *      SUBROUTINE TO OPERATE ON INCREMENT DEPENDENT DATA
3 C      *      READS DATA FROM MAT TT AND PUT IT IN THE PROPER PLACES IN
4 C      *      MAT CDI OR MAT DD - USED AT THE BEGINNING OF EACH TIME INCR
5 C      *      ****
6 C      ****
7
8      SUBROUTINE RINCDD(I,TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,LIN2,
9      +CC,NROW1,NCOL1,CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN,TT,NTTROW,NTTCOL,LIN1)
10     INTEGER NROW,NCOL,NROW1,NCOL1,NROW2,NCOL2,NTTROW,NTTCOL
11     REAL DD(NROW,NCOL)
12     REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
13     REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
14     REAL TT(NTTROW,NTTCOL)
15
16 C SUBROUTINES REQUIRED:
17 C   NONE
18 C   DD,NROW,NCOL,LIN2=NAME,DIM & NO DEV IN MAT DD
19 C   CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME & DIM OF MAT CC
20 C   CDI,NROW2,NCOL,LIN=NAME,DIM & NO CONT IN MAT CDI
21 C   TT,NTTROW,NTTCOL,LIN1=NAME,DIM & NO ITEMS IN MAT TT
22
23     IF (LIN1.EQ.0) GOTO 999
24 C BEGIN LOOP FOR ALL LINES IN MAT TT
25     DO 100 K=1,LIN1
26
27 C   CHECK FOR TIME >= TN1 AND < TN
28     IF((TT(K,1).LT.TN1).OR.(TT(K,1).GE.TN)) THEN
29       GO TO 100
30     ENDIF
31
32 C   IDENTIFY VARIABLES
33     ICINTN=NINT(TT(K,2))
34     GENRT=TT(K,3)
35     IDEVNO=NINT(TT(K,4))
36     DEVQ=TT(K,5)
37     ICOLNO=TT(K,6)
38     VAL=TT(K,7)
39
40 C   ICINTN=INTEGER CONTAMINANT NO. - TT(K,2)
41 C   GENRT=CONT GENERATION RATE (MG/HR) - TT(K,3)
42 C   IDEVNO=INTEGER DEVICE NUMBER - TT(K,4)
43 C   DEVQ=DEVICE FLOW RATE (CU M/HR) - TT(K,5)
44 C   ICOLNO=INTEGER COLUMN NUMBER IN MAT DD - TT(K,6)
45 C   VAL=NEW VALUE IN MAT DD - TT(K,7)
46
47 C CASE NO. 1 - CHANGE CONTAMINANT GENERATION RATE
48
49     IF((ICINTN.GT.0).AND.(ICINTN.LE.LIN)) THEN
50       IF(IDEVNO.EQ.1) THEN
51         CDI(ICINTN,1)=GENRT
52       ELSEIF ((IDEVNO.GE.3).AND.(IDEVNO.LE.LIN2)) THEN
53         CDI(ICINTN,(7+IDEVNO))=GENRT
54       ENDIF
55       GOTO 100
56     ENDIF
57
58 C CASE 2 - CHANGE DEVICE FLOW OR OTHER DD DATA

```

```
59 C      THIS CASE WORKS ONLY IF ANY CONT NO. <=0
60 C      MUST USE -1 FOR ANY Q OR NEW VALUE NOT TO BE CHANGED
61 C      MAT DD COL NO. <0 ALSO STOPS NEW VALUE FROM BEING CHANGED
62
63      IF(ICONTN.LE.0) THEN
64          IF((IDEVNO.GE.1).AND.(IDEVNO.LE.LIN2)) THEN
65              IF(DEVQ.GE.0) THEN
66 C                  CHANGE DEVICE FLOW IN MAT DD
67                  DD(IDEVNO,2)=DEVQ
68              ENDIF
69              IF((ICOLNO.GE.1).AND.(ICOLNO.LE.16)) THEN
70                  IF (VAL.GE.0) THEN
71 C                      CHANGE VALUE IN MAT DD
72                      DD(IDEVNO,ICOLNO)=VAL
73                  ENDIF
74              ENDIF
75          ENDIF
76      ENDIF
77      100 CONTINUE
78      999 RETURN
79      END
```

```
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0
```

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)  
Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\RRIN.FO Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 13:00:57

```

1 C      **** SUBROUTINE RRIN
2 C      *      SUBROUTINE TO READ REAL DATA INTO MAT XX(ROW,COL)
3 C      *      RETURNS NUMBER OF LINES OF DATA READ FROM FILE
4 C      *      READS FROM COL 1 TO COL LSTCOL
5 C      *      ****
6 C      **** NOTE: INPUT NUMBERS MUST BE SEPARATED BY BLANKS
7 C      ****
8 C      SUBROUTINE RRIN(XX,NROW,NCOL,LSTCOL,LIN)
9 C      INTEGER NROW,NCOL,IOVAL,LSTCOL,LIN
10 C     CHARACTER FNAME*24
11 C     REAL XX(NROW,NCOL)
12 C     IF(LSTCOL.GT.NCOL) LSTCOL=NCOL
13 C 010 READ(*,'(A)') FNAME
14 C     OPEN(1,FILE=FNAME,STATUS='OLD',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
15 C     IF(IOVAL.NE.0) GOTO 900
16 C     LIN=0
17 C     DO 100 I=1,NROW
18 C       READ(1,*,IOSTAT=IOVAL,END=500,ERR=900) (XX(I,J),J=1,LSTCOL)
19 C     LIN=LIN+1
20 C 100 CONTINUE
21 C 500 WRITE(*,'(A)') ' DONE WITH FILE INPUT'
22 C     WRITE(*,*) ''
23 C     CLOSE(1)
24 C     GOTO 990
25 C 900 WRITE(*,*)" IOERROR= ",IOVAL
26 C     CLOSE(1)
27 C     WRITE(*,*)" WHAT IS THE INPUT FILE NAME? "
28 C     GOTO 10
29 C 990 RETURN
30 C      **** END OF SUBROUTINE RRIN ****
31 C      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\RROUT.F Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 13:01:03

```

1 C      **** SUBROUTINE RROUT ****
2 C      *      SUBROUTINE TO WRITE DATA TO CONSOLE, OR PRINTER      *
3 C      *      WRITES REAL DATA FROM MAT XX(ROW,COL)                  *
4 C      *      WRITES FROM FSTCOL TO LSTCOL                         *
5 C      ****
6 C      **** SUBROUTINE RROUT(XX,NROW,NCOL,FSTCOL,LSTCOL,LIN,IMSGDN,FNAME,
7 + IDEVNO,IOVAL)
8      INTEGER NROW,NCOL,IOVAL,FSTCOL,LSTCOL,LIN,IDEVNO
9      CHARACTER FNAME*24,DES*1
10     REAL XX(NROW,NCOL)
11     IF (FSTCOL.GT.NCOL) FSTCOL=NCOL
12     IF (LSTCOL.GT.NCOL) LSTCOL=NCOL
13     IF (FSTCOL.GT.LSTCOL) FSTCOL=LSTCOL
14
15 C 010 OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
16 C      WRITE(IMSGDN,'(A)') ' WRITE TO LPT1 OR CON OR END '
17 C      CLOSE(IMSGDN)
18 C      READ(*,'(A)') FNAME
19 C      QUIT IF FNAME=END
20 C      IF(FNAME.EQ.'END') GOTO 990
21 C      IF((FNAME.NE.'LPT1').AND.(FNAME.NE.'CON')) GOTO 10
22 C      OPEN(1,FILE=FNAME, IOSTAT=IOVAL)
23 C      IF(IOVAL.NE.0) GOTO 900
24 C      DO 110 I=1,LIN
25 C          WRITE(1,70,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) (XX(I,J),J=FSTCOL,LSTCOL)
26 C          WRITE(IDEVNO,70,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) (XX(I,J),J=FSTCOL,LSTCOL)
27 C 070 FORMAT(1X,7G11.4)
28 C          WRITE(1,*,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
29 C          WRITE(IDEVNO,*,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
30 C 110 CONTINUE
31 C      CLOSE (1)
32 C      GOTO 990
33 C 900 OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
34 C      WRITE(IMSGDN,'*)'IOERROR= ',IOVAL
35 C      CLOSE(IMSGDN)
36 C      CLOSE (1)
37 C      CLOSE (IDEVNO)
38 C      GOTO 10
39 C 990 RETURN
40 C      ***** END OF SUBROUTINE RROUT ****
41 C      END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)

Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\RROUT2. Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 13:01:08

```
1 C      **** SUBROUTINE RROUT2
2 C      * SUBROUTINE TO WRITE DATA TO CONSOLE, OR PRINTER
3 C      * WRITES REAL DATA FROM MAT XX(ROW,COL)
4 C      * WRITES FROM FSTCOL TO LSTCOL
5 C      ****
6 C      ****
7      SUBROUTINE RROUT2 (XX,NROW,NCOL,FSTCOL,LSTCOL,LIN,IMSGDN)
8      INTEGER NROW,NCOL,IOVAL,FSTCOL,LSTCOL,LIN,IDEVNO
9      CHARACTER FNAME*24,DES*1
10     REAL XX(NROW,NCOL)
11     IF (FSTCOL.GT.NCOL) FSTCOL=NCOL
12     IF (LSTCOL.GT.NCOL) LSTCOL=NCOL
13     IF (FSTCOL.GT.LSTCOL) FSTCOL=LSTCOL
14 010 OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
15     WRITE(IMSGDN,'(A)') ' WRITE TO LPT1 OR CON OR END '
16     CLOSE(IMSGDN)
17     READ(*,'(A)') FNAME
18     QUIT IF FNAME=END
19     IF(FNAME.EQ.'END') GOTO 990
20     IF((FNAME.NE.'LPT1').AND.(FNAME.NE.'CON')) GOTO 10
21     OPEN(1,FILE=FNAME, IOSTAT=IOVAL)
22     IF(IOVAL.NE.0) GOTO 900
23     DO 110 I=1,LIN
24       WRITE(1,70,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900) (XX(I,J),J=FSTCOL,LSTCOL)
25 070  FORMAT(1X,7G11.4)
26       WRITE(1,*,IOSTAT=IOVAL,ERR=900)
27 110 CONTINUE
28     CLOSE (1)
29     GOTO 990
30 900 OPEN(IMSGDN,FILE='CON',IOSTAT=IOVAL)
31     WRITE(IMSGDN,'*) IOERROR= ',IOVAL
32     CLOSE(IMSGDN)
33     CLOSE (1)
34     GOTO 10
35 990 RETURN
36 C      **** END OF SUBROUTINE RROUT ****
37     END
```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

RM/FORTRAN Compiler (V2.42)  
 Source File: C:\RMFORT\TCC\SLIOH.F Options: /C 80 /L /BY 05/21/92 13:01:15

```

1 C      ****
2 C      *      SUBROUTINE-SLIOH
3 C      *  SUM LIOH USED IN TIME INCREMENT FOR EACH BED ONE AT A TIME   *
4 C      * AND FOR ALL CONTAMINANTS FOR EACH BED
5 C      ****
6
7      SUBROUTINE SLIOH(TN,TN1,DD,NROW,NCOL,CC,NROW1,NCOL1,
8      +CDI,NROW2,NCOL2,LIN,LIN2)
9      INTEGER NROW,NCOL,NROW1,NCOL1,NROW2,NCOL2
10     REAL DD(NROW,NCOL)
11     REAL CC(NROW1,NCOL1)
12     REAL CDI(NROW2,NCOL2)
13 C
14 C SUBROUTINES REQUIRED: NONE
15 C DIRECT INPUTS:
16 C     TN=INCREMENT END TIME(HRS); TN1=INCR BEGINNING TIME HRS
17 C     DD,NROW,NCOL=NAME AND SIZE OF MAT DD
18 C     CC,NROW1,NCOL1=NAME AND SIZE OF MAT CC
19 C     CDI,NROW2,NCOL2=NAME AND SIZE OF MAT CDI
20 C     LIN=NO. OF CONT IN MAT CDI
21 C     LIN2=NO. OF DEVICES IN MAT DD
22
23 C OTHER INPUTS FROM MAT DD
24 C     DD(J,3)=DEVICE NUMBER
25 C     DD(J,16)=AMT OF LIOH PREVIOUSLY USED BY DEVICE
26 C     CDI(I,17)=LB LIOH UTIL/LB CONT ADSORBED IN BED (FOR ONE CONT)
27
28 C OUTPUTS (STORED IN MAT DD):
29 C     DD(J,16)=AMOUNT OF LIOH UTILIZED BY DEVICE THROUGH THE END OF
30 C     THIS TIME INCREMENT
31 C     DD(J,15)=RATE OF LIOH USAGE FOR DEVICE
32 C
33     K=11
34
35 C     START LOOP FOR ALL DEVICES 3 TO 15
36     DO 100 J=3,LIN2
37 C     CHECK FOR DEVICE = LIOH BED
38     IF (DD(J,3).EQ.5) THEN
39 C     RATE OF LIOH UTILIZATION (KG/HR)
40     RWUTLI=0
41 C     BEGIN LOOP FOR ALL CONTAMINANTS
42     DO 110 I=1,LIN
43     RWUTLI=RWUTLI+CC(I,K)*CDI(I,7)*1E-6
44 110    CONTINUE
45 C     STORE RATE OF LIOH UTILIZATION IN MAT DD FOR THIS DEVICE
46     DD(J,15)=RWUTLI
47 C     UPDATE AMOUNT OF LIOH UTIL THROUGH THE END OF TIME INCR(KG)
48     DD(J,16)=DD(J,16)+RWUTLI*(TN-TN1)
49     ENDIF
50     K=K+3
51 C     END J LOOP
52 100    CONTINUE
53     RETURN
54     END

```

NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF ERRORS IN PROGRAM UNIT: 0  
 NUMBER OF WARNINGS IN COMPILATION : 0

NUMBER OF ERRORS IN COMPILATION : 0

**APPENDIX B**  
**TOXIC HAZARD INDEX DESCRIPTION**

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The toxic hazard index, or T-value, is the method used by toxicologists to assess the acceptability of an atmosphere containing a mixture of contaminants. This approach is derived from the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists guidelines for setting threshold limit values for contaminant mixtures. Since the effects on humans of many atmospheric contaminants are considered to be additive, this mixture approach is applied to 16 contaminant groups. The groups considered in the T-value calculation used in the TCCS computer program are the following:

1. Alcohols
2. Aldehydes
3. Aromatic hydrocarbons
4. Esters
5. Ethers
6. Chlorocarbons
7. Chlorofluorocarbons
8. Fluorocarbons
9. Hydrocarbons
10. Inorganic acids
11. Ketones
12. Mercaptans and sulfides
13. Nitrogen oxides
14. Organic acids
15. Organic nitrogens
16. Miscellaneous

The group numbers used in the computer program output correspond to the above group listing.

The T-value is calculated for each group by calculating the sum of the ratios of the contaminants' concentrations to their maximum allowable concentration, while the overall T-value is the sum of the group T-values for the alcohols, aldehydes, aromatic hydrocarbons, esters, ethers, hydrocarbons, inorganic acids, ketones, nitrogen oxides, organic acids, and miscellaneous groups. These calculations are conducted according to the following equations:

$$T_{\text{group}} = \sum C_c/C_m , \quad (\text{B1})$$

$$T_{\text{overall}} = \sum T_{\text{group}} , \quad (\text{B2})$$



where  $C_c$  is the contaminant concentration in the atmosphere in mg/m<sup>3</sup> and  $C_m$  is the maximum allowable concentration in the atmosphere in mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

The criteria for acceptability are the following:

1. The T-value for each group must be less than one
2. The overall T-value must be less than one.

If either of these criteria are exceeded, the atmosphere is considered unacceptable.

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## **APPROVAL**

### **TRACE CONTAMINANT CONTROL SIMULATION COMPUTER PROGRAM—VERSION 8.1**

By J.L. Perry

The information in this report has been reviewed for technical content. Review of any information concerning Department of Defense or nuclear energy activities or programs has been made by the MSFC Security Classification Officer. This report, in its entirety, has been determined to be unclassified.



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